AMENDMENT NO	Calendar No
Purpose: To improve laws beneficial ownership i	s relating to money laundering and reporting.
IN THE SENATE OF THE U	NITED STATES—116th Cong., 2d Sess.
	S. 4049
activities of the Deconstruction, and forment of Energy,	ns for fiscal year 2021 for military partment of Defense, for military r defense activities of the Departto prescribe military personnel iscal year, and for other purposes.
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Ordered to lie on	the table and to be printed
AMENDMENT intended to	be proposed by
Viz:	
1 At the end, add the	ne following:
2 DIVISION	E—ANTI-MONEY
3 LA	UNDERING
4 SEC. 5001. SHORT TITLE	Е.
5 This division may	be cited as the "Anti-Money Laun-
6 dering Act of 2020".	
7 SEC. 5002. PURPOSES.	
8 The purposes of t	his division are—
9 (1) to impro	ve coordination among the agencies
10 tasked with add	ministering anti-money laundering

1	and countering the financing of terrorism require-
2	ments, the agencies that examine financial institu-
3	tions for compliance with those requirements, Fed-
4	eral law enforcement agencies, the intelligence com-
5	munity, and financial institutions;
6	(2) to modernize anti-money laundering and
7	countering the financing of terrorism laws to adapt
8	the government and private sector response to new
9	and emerging threats;
10	(3) to encourage technological innovation and
11	the adoption of new technology by financial institu-
12	tions to more effectively counter money laundering
13	and the financing of terrorism;
14	(4) to reinforce that the anti-money laundering
15	and countering the financing of terrorism policies,
16	procedures, and controls of financial institutions
17	shall be risk based;
18	(5) to establish uniform beneficial ownership in-
19	formation reporting requirements to—
20	(A) improve transparency for national se-
21	curity, intelligence, and law enforcement agen-
22	cies concerning corporate structures and insight
23	into the flow of illicit funds through those
24	structures;

1	(B) discourage the use of shell corpora-
2	tions as a tool to disguise illicit funds;
3	(C) assist national security, intelligence,
4	and law enforcement agencies with the pursuit
5	of crimes; and
6	(D) protect the national security of the
7	United States; and
8	(6) to establish a secure, nonpublic database at
9	FinCEN for beneficial ownership information.
10	SEC. 5003. DEFINITIONS.
11	In this division:
12	(1) Bank secrecy act.—The term "Bank Se-
13	crecy Act" means—
14	(A) section 21 of the Federal Deposit In-
15	surance Act (12 U.S.C. 1829b);
16	(B) chapter 2 of title I of Public Law 91–
17	508 (12 U.S.C. 1951 et seq.); and
18	(C) subchapter II of chapter 53 of title 31,
19	United States Code.
20	(2) Electronic fund transfer.—The term
21	"electronic fund transfer" has the meaning given the
22	term in section 903 of the Electronic Fund Transfer
23	Act (15 U.S.C. 1693a).
24	(3) Federal functional regulator.—The
25	term "Federal functional regulator"—

1	(A) has the meaning given the term in sec-
2	tion 509 of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act (15
3	U.S.C. 6809); and
4	(B) includes any Federal regulator that ex-
5	amines a financial institution for compliance
6	with the Bank Secrecy Act.
7	(4) Financial agency.—The term "financial
8	agency" has the meaning given the term in section
9	5312(a) of title 31, United States Code, as amended
10	by section 5102 of this division.
11	(5) FINANCIAL INSTITUTION.—The term "fi-
12	nancial institution"—
13	(A) has the meaning given the term in sec-
14	tion 5312 of title 31, United States Code; and
15	(B) includes—
16	(i) an electronic fund transfer net-
17	work;
18	(ii) a clearing and settlement system;
19	(iii) a Federal Reserve bank—
20	(I) operating as an administrator
21	of a clearing and settlement system;
22	and
23	(II) acting as a financial agency.

1	(6) FINCEN.—The term "FinCEN" means the
2	Financial Crimes Enforcement Network of the De-
3	partment of the Treasury.
4	(7) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
5	the Secretary of the Treasury.
6	(8) STATE BANK SUPERVISOR.—The term
7	"State bank supervisor" has the meaning given the
8	term in section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance
9	Act (12 U.S.C. 1813).
10	(9) STATE CREDIT UNION SUPERVISOR.—The
11	term "State credit union supervisor" means a State
12	official described in section 107A(e) of the Federal
13	Credit Union Act (12 U.S.C. 1757a(e)).
14	TITLE LI—STRENGTHENING
15	TREASURY FINANCIAL INTEL-
16	LIGENCE, ANTI-MONEY LAUN-
17	DERING, AND COUNTERING
18	THE FINANCING OF TER-
19	RORISM PROGRAMS
20	SEC. 5101. ESTABLISHMENT OF NATIONAL EXAM AND SU-
21	PERVISION PRIORITIES.
22	(a) Declaration of Purpose.—Subchapter II of
23	chapter 53 of title 31, United States Code, is amended
24	by striking section 5311 and inserting the following:

1	"8 5311 .	Declaration	of nurnose
1	X OOTT.	Deciaration	or parpose

2	"It is the purpose of this subchapter (except section
3	5315) to—
4	"(1) require certain reports or records that are
5	highly useful in—
6	"(A) criminal, tax, or regulatory investiga-
7	tions, risk assessments, or proceedings; or
8	"(B) intelligence or counterintelligence ac-
9	tivities, including analysis, to protect against
10	terrorism;
11	"(2) prevent the laundering of money and the
12	financing of terrorism through the establishment by
13	financial institutions of reasonably designed risk-
14	based programs to combat money laundering and
15	the financing of terrorism;
16	"(3) facilitate the tracking of money that has
17	been sourced through criminal activity or is intended
18	to promote criminal or terrorist activity;
19	"(4) assess the money laundering, terrorism fi-
20	nance, tax evasion, and fraud risks to financial insti-
21	tutions, products, or services to—
22	"(A) protect the financial system of the
23	United States from criminal abuse; and
24	"(B) safeguard the national security of the
25	United States; and

1	"(5) establish appropriate frameworks for infor-
2	mation sharing among financial institutions, their
3	agents and service providers, their regulatory au-
4	thorities, associations of financial institutions, the
5	Department of the Treasury, and law enforcement
6	authorities to identify, stop, and apprehend money
7	launderers and those who finance terrorists.".
8	(b) Anti-money Laundering Programs.—Section
9	5318 of title 31, United States Code, is amended—
10	(1) in subsection (a)(1), by striking "subsection
11	(b)(2)" and inserting "subsections $(b)(2)$ and
12	(h)(4)"; and
13	(2) in subsection (h)—
14	(A) in paragraph (1), in the matter pre-
15	ceding subparagraph (A)—
16	(i) by inserting "and the financing of
17	terrorism" after "money laundering"; and
18	(ii) by inserting "and countering the
19	financing of terrorism" after "anti-money
20	laundering";
21	(B) in paragraph (2)—
22	(i) by striking "The Secretary" and
23	inserting the following:
24	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary"; and

1	(ii) by adding at the end the fol-
2	lowing:
3	"(B) Factors.—In prescribing the min-
4	imum standards under subparagraph (A), and
5	in supervising and examining compliance with
6	those standards, the Secretary of the Treasury,
7	and the appropriate Federal functional regu-
8	lator (as defined in section 509 of the Gramm-
9	Leach-Bliley Act (12 U.S.C. 6809)) shall take
10	into account the following:
11	"(i) Financial institutions are spend-
12	ing private compliance funds for a public
13	and private benefit, including protecting
14	the United States financial system from il-
15	licit finance risks.
16	"(ii) The extension of financial serv-
17	ices to the underbanked and remittances
18	coming from the United States and abroad
19	in ways that simultaneously prevent crimi-
20	nal underbanked persons from abusing for-
21	mal or informal financial services networks
22	are key policy goals of the United States.
23	"(iii) Effective anti-money laundering
24	and countering the financing of terrorism
25	programs safeguard national security and

1	generate significant public benefits by pre-
2	venting the flow of illicit funds in the fi-
3	nancial system and by assisting law en-
4	forcement agencies with the identification
5	and prosecution of persons attempting to
6	launder money and undertake other illicit
7	activity through the financial system.
8	"(iv) Anti-money laundering and
9	countering the financing of terrorism pro-
10	grams described in paragraph (1) should
11	be—
12	"(I) reasonably designed to as-
13	sure and monitor compliance with the
14	requirements of this subchapter and
15	regulations promulgated under this
16	subchapter; and
17	"(II) risk based, including ensur-
18	ing that more attention and resources
19	of financial institutions should be di-
20	rected toward higher risk customers
21	and activities, consistent with the risk
22	profile of a financial institution, rath-
23	er than toward lower risk customers
24	and activities."; and
25	(C) by adding at the end the following:

"(4) Priorities.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this paragraph, the Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Attorney General, Federal functional regulators (as defined in section 509 of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act (15 U.S.C. 6809)), relevant State financial regulators, national security agencies, and the Secretary of Homeland Security, shall establish and make public priorities for anti-money laundering and countering the financing of terrorism policy.

"(B) UPDATES.—Not less frequently than once every 4 years, the Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Attorney General, Federal functional regulators (as defined in section 509 of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act (15 U.S.C. 6809)), relevant State financial regulators, national security agencies, and the Secretary of Homeland Security, shall update the priorities established under subparagraph (A).

"(C) RELATION TO NATIONAL STRAT-EGY.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall ensure that the priorities established under subparagraph (A) are consistent with the national

1	strategy for countering the financing of ter-
2	rorism and related forms of illicit finance devel-
3	oped under section 261 of the Countering Rus-
4	sian Influence in Europe and Eurasia Act of
5	2017 (Public Law 115–44; 131 Stat. 934).
6	"(D) Rulemaking.—Not later than 180
7	days after the date on which the Secretary of
8	the Treasury establishes the priorities under
9	subparagraph (A), the Secretary of the Treas-
10	ury, acting through the Director of the Finan-
11	cial Crimes Enforcement Network and in con-
12	sultation with the Federal functional regulators
13	(as defined in section 509 of the Gramm-Leach-
14	Bliley Act (15 U.S.C. 6809)) and relevant State
15	financial regulators, shall, as appropriate, pro-
16	mulgate regulations to carry out this para-
17	graph.
18	"(E) Supervision and examination.—
19	The review by a financial institution of the pri-
20	orities established under subparagraph (A) and
21	the incorporation of those priorities, as appro-
22	priate, into the risk-based programs established
23	by the financial institution to meet obligations
24	under this subchapter, the USA PATRIOT Act
25	(Public Law 107–56; 115 Stat. 272), and other

1	anti-money laundering and countering the fi-
2	nancing of terrorism laws and regulations shall
3	be included as a measure on which a financial
4	institution is supervised and examined for com-
5	pliance with those obligations.
6	"(5) Duty.—The duty to establish, maintain
7	and enforce an anti-money laundering and coun-
8	tering the financing of terrorism program as re-
9	quired by this subsection shall remain the responsi-
10	bility of, and be performed by, persons in the United
11	States who are accessible to, and subject to over-
12	sight and supervision by, the Secretary of the Treas-
13	ury and the appropriate Federal functional regulator
14	(as defined in section 509 of the Gramm-Leach-Bli-
15	ley Act (15 U.S.C. 6809)).".
16	(e) Financial Crimes Enforcement Network.—
17	Section 310(b)(2) of title 31, United States Code, is
18	amended—
19	(1) by redesignating subparagraph (J) as sub-
20	paragraph (O); and
21	(2) by inserting after subparagraph (I) the fol-
22	lowing:
23	"(J) Promulgate regulations under section
24	5318(h)(4)(D), as appropriate, to implement
25	the government-wide anti-money laundering and

1 countering the financing of terrorism examina-2 tion and supervision priorities established by 3 the Secretary of the Treasury under section 4 5318(h)(4)(A). "(K) Communicate regularly with financial 5 6 institutions and Federal functional regulators 7 that examine financial institutions for compli-8 ance with subchapter II of chapter 53 and reg-9 ulations promulgated under that subchapter 10 and law enforcement authorities to explain the 11 United States Government's anti-money laun-12 dering and countering the financing of ter-13 rorism examination and supervision priorities. 14 "(L) Give and receive feedback to and 15 from financial institutions, State bank super-16 visors, and State credit union supervisors (as 17 those terms are defined in section 5003 of the 18 Anti-Money Laundering Act of 2020) regarding 19 the matters addressed in subchapter II of chap-20 ter 53 and regulations promulgated under that 21 subchapter. 22 "(M) Maintain money laundering and ter-23 rorist financing investigation financial experts 24 capable of identifying, tracking, and tracing fi-25 nancial crime networks and identifying emerg-

1	ing threats to support Federal civil and crimi-
2	nal investigations.
3	"(N) Maintain emerging technology ex-
4	perts to encourage the development of and iden-
5	tify emerging technologies that can assist the
6	United States Government or financial institu-
7	tions in countering money laundering and the
8	financing of terrorism.".
9	SEC. 5102. STRENGTHENING FINCEN.
10	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
11	(1) The mission of FinCEN is to safeguard the
12	financial system from illicit use, counter money
13	laundering and the financing of terrorism, and pro-
14	mote national security through strategic use of fi-
15	nancial authorities and the collection, analysis, and
16	dissemination of financial intelligence.
17	(2) In its mission to safeguard the financial
18	system from the abuses of financial crime, including
19	the financing of terrorism, money laundering, and
20	other illicit activity, the United States should
21	prioritize working with partners in Federal, State,
22	local, Tribal, and foreign law enforcement authori-
23	ties.
24	(3) Although the use and trading of virtual cur-
25	rencies are legal practices, some terrorists and crimi-

1	nals, including international criminal organizations,
2	seek to exploit vulnerabilities in the global financial
3	system and increasingly rely on substitutes for cur-
4	rency, including emerging payment methods (such as
5	virtual currencies), to move illicit funds.
6	(4) In carrying out its mission, FinCEN should
7	ensure that its efforts fully support countering the
8	financing of terrorism efforts, including making sure
9	that steps to address emerging methods of such il-
10	licit financing are high priorities.
11	(b) Expanding Information Sharing With Trib-
12	AL AUTHORITIES.—Section 310(b)(2) of title 31, United
13	States Code, is amended—
14	(1) in subparagraphs (C), (E), and (F), by in-
15	serting "Tribal," after "local," each place that term
16	appears; and
17	(2) in subparagraph (C)(vi), by striking "inter-
18	national".
19	(e) Expansion of Reporting Authorities to
20	Combat Money Laundering.—Section 5318(a)(2) of
21	title 31, United States Code, is amended—
22	(1) by inserting ", including the collection and
23	reporting of certain information as the Secretary of
24	the Treasury may prescribe by regulation," after
25	"appropriate procedures"; and

1	(2) by inserting ", the financing of terrorism,
2	or other forms of illicit finance" after "money laun-
3	dering".
4	(d) Value That Substitutes for Currency.—
5	(1) Definitions.—Section 5312(a) of title 31,
6	United States Code, is amended—
7	(A) in paragraph (1), by striking ", or a
8	transaction in money, credit, securities, or
9	gold" and inserting ", a transaction in money,
10	credit, securities or gold, or a service provided
11	with respect to money, securities, futures, pre-
12	cious metals, stones and jewels, or value that
13	substitutes for money";
14	(B) in paragraph (2)—
15	(i) in subparagraph (J), by inserting
16	", or a business engaged in the exchange
17	of currency, funds, or value that sub-
18	stitutes for currency or funds" before the
19	semicolon at the end; and
20	(ii) in subparagraph (R), by striking
21	"funds," and inserting "currency, funds,
22	or value that substitutes for currency,";
23	and
24	(C) in paragraph (3)—

1	(i) in subparagraph (B), by striking
2	"and" at the end;
3	(ii) in subparagraph (C), by striking
4	the period at the end and inserting ";
5	and"; and
6	(iii) by adding at the end the fol-
7	lowing:
8	"(D) as the Secretary shall provide by reg-
9	ulation, value that substitutes for any monetary
10	instrument described in subparagraph (A), (B),
11	or (C).".
12	(2) Registration of money transmitting
13	Businesses.—Section 5330(d) of title 31, United
14	States Code, is amended—
15	(A) in paragraph (1)(A)—
16	(i) by striking "funds," and inserting
17	"currency, funds, or value that substitutes
18	for currency,"; and
19	(ii) by striking "system;;" and insert-
20	ing "system;"; and
21	(B) in paragraph (2)—
22	(i) by striking "currency or funds de-
23	nominated in the currency of any country"
24	and inserting "currency, funds, or value
25	that substitutes for currency";

1	(ii) by striking "currency or funds, or
2	the value of the currency or funds," and
3	inserting "currency, funds, or value that
4	substitutes for currency"; and
5	(iii) by inserting ", including" after
6	"means".
7	SEC. 5103. FINCEN EXCHANGE.
8	Section 310 of title 31, United States Code, is
9	amended—
10	(1) by redesignating subsection (d) as sub-
11	section (l); and
12	(2) by inserting after subsection (c) the fol-
13	lowing:
14	"(d) FINCEN EXCHANGE.—
15	"(1) Definitions.—In this subsection—
16	"(A) the term 'Bank Secrecy Act' has the
17	meaning given the term in section 5003 of the
18	Anti-Money Laundering Act of 2020; and
19	"(B) the term 'financial institution' has
20	the meaning given the term in section 5312.
21	"(2) ESTABLISHMENT.—The FinCEN Ex-
22	change is hereby established within FinCEN.
23	"(3) Purpose.—The FinCEN Exchange shall
24	facilitate a voluntary public-private information

1	sharing partnership among law enforcement agen-
2	cies, financial institutions, and FinCEN to—
3	"(A) effectively and efficiently combat
4	money laundering, terrorism financing, orga-
5	nized crime, and other financial crimes, includ-
6	ing by promoting innovation and technical ad-
7	vances in reporting—
8	"(i) under subchapter II of chapter 53
9	and the regulations promulgated under
10	that subchapter; and
11	"(ii) with respect to other anti-money
12	laundering requirements;
13	"(B) protect the financial system from il-
14	licit use; and
15	"(C) promote national security.
16	"(4) Report.—
17	"(A) In general.—Not later than 1 year
18	after the date of enactment of this subsection,
19	and once every 2 years thereafter for the next
20	5 years, the Secretary of the Treasury shall
21	submit to the Committee on Banking, Housing,
22	and Urban Affairs of the Senate and the Com-
23	mittee on Financial Services of the House of
24	Representatives a report containing—

1	"(i) an analysis of the efforts under-
2	taken by the FinCEN Exchange, which
3	shall include an analysis of—
4	"(I) the results of those efforts;
5	and
6	"(II) the extent and effectiveness
7	of those efforts, including any benefits
8	realized by law enforcement agencies
9	from partnering with financial institu-
10	tions, which shall be consistent with
11	standards protecting sensitive infor-
12	mation; and
13	"(ii) any legislative, administrative, or
14	other recommendations the Secretary may
15	have to strengthen the efforts of the
16	FinCEN Exchange.
17	"(B) Classified annex.—Each report
18	under subparagraph (A) may include a classi-
19	fied annex.
20	"(5) Information sharing requirement.—
21	Information shared under this subsection shall be
22	shared—
23	"(A) in compliance with all other applica-
24	ble Federal laws and regulations;

1	"(B) in such a manner as to ensure the
2	appropriate confidentiality of personal informa-
3	tion; and
4	"(C) at the discretion of the Director, with
5	the appropriate Federal functional regulator, as
6	defined in section 5003 of the Anti-Money
7	Laundering Act of 2020.
8	"(6) Protection of shared information.—
9	"(A) REGULATIONS.—FinCEN shall, as
10	appropriate, promulgate regulations that estab-
11	lish procedures for the protection of information
12	shared and exchanged by FinCEN with the pri-
13	vate sector in accordance with this section, con-
14	sistent with the capacity, size, and nature of the
15	financial institution to which the particular pro-
16	cedures apply.
17	"(B) Use of information.—Information
18	received by a financial institution pursuant to
19	this section shall not be used for any purpose
20	other than identifying and reporting on activi-
21	ties that may involve terrorist acts, money laun-
22	dering activities, proliferation financing activi-
23	ties, or other financial crimes.
24	"(7) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in
25	this subsection may be construed to create new in-

1	formation sharing authorities relating to the Bank
2	Secrecy Act.".
3	SEC. 5104. INTERAGENCY ANTI-MONEY LAUNDERING AND
4	COUNTERING THE FINANCING OF TER-
5	RORISM PERSONNEL ROTATION PROGRAM.
6	To promote greater effectiveness and efficiency in
7	combating money laundering, terrorism financing, orga-
8	nized crime, and other financial crimes, the Secretary shall
9	maintain and accelerate efforts to strengthen anti-money
10	laundering and countering the financing of terrorism ef-
11	forts through a personnel rotation program among the
12	Federal functional regulators, the Department of Justice,
13	the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Department of
14	Homeland Security, the Department of Defense, and such
15	other agencies as the Secretary determines are appro-
16	priate.
17	SEC. 5105. TERRORISM AND FINANCIAL INTELLIGENCE
18	SPECIAL HIRING AUTHORITY.
19	(a) FINCEN.—Section 310 of title 31, United States
20	Code, as amended by section 5103 of this division, is
21	amended by inserting after subsection (d) the following:
22	"(e) Special Hiring Authority.—
23	"(1) In General.—The Secretary of the
24	Treasury may appoint, without regard to the provi-
25	sions of sections 3309 through 3318 of title 5, can-

- 1 didates directly to positions in the competitive serv-2 ice, as defined in section 2102 of that title, in 3 FinCEN. 4 Primary responsibilities.—The 5 mary responsibility of candidates appointed under 6 paragraph (1) shall be to provide substantive sup-7 port in support of the duties described in subpara-8 graphs (A) through (O) of subsection (b)(2).". 9 (b) Office of Terrorism and Financial Intel-10 LIGENCE.—Section 312 of title 31, United States Code, 11 is amended by adding at the end the following: 12 "(g) Special Hiring Authority.— "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the 13 14 Treasury may appoint, without regard to the provi-15 sions of sections 3309 through 3318 of title 5, can-16 didates directly to positions in the competitive serv-17 ice (as defined in section 2102 of that title) in the 18 OTFI. 19 Primary responsibilities.—The pri-20 mary responsibility of candidates appointed under 21 paragraph (1) shall be to provide substantive sup-22 port in support of the duties described in subpara-23 graphs (A) through (G) of subsection (a)(4). 24 "(h) Deployment of Staff.—The Secretary of the
- 25 Treasury may detail, without regard to the provisions of

- 1 section 300.301 of title 5, Code of Federal Regulations,
- 2 any employee in the OTFI to any position in the OTFI
- 3 for which the Secretary has determined there is a need.".
- 4 (c) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date
- 5 of enactment of this Act, and every 2 years thereafter for
- 6 5 years, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on
- 7 Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate and
- 8 the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Rep-
- 9 resentatives a report that includes the number of new em-
- 10 ployees hired during the previous year under the authori-
- 11 ties described in sections 310 and 312 of title 31, United
- 12 States Code, along with position titles and associated pay
- 13 grades for such hires.
- 14 SEC. 5106. TREASURY ATTACHÉ PROGRAM.
- 15 (a) In General.—Subchapter I of chapter 3 of title
- 16 31, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end
- 17 the following:
- 18 "§ 316. Treasury Attaché Program
- 19 "(a) In General.—There is established the Treas-
- 20 ury Financial Attaché Program, under which the Sec-
- 21 retary of the Treasury shall appoint employees of the De-
- 22 partment of the Treasury as a Treasury Financial
- 23 Attaché, who shall—
- 24 "(1) further the work of the Department of the
- Treasury in developing and executing the financial

1	and economic policy of the United States Govern-
2	ment and the international fight against terrorism,
3	money laundering, and other illicit finance;
4	"(2) be co-located in a United States Embassy,
5	a similar United States Government facility, or a
6	foreign government facility, as the Secretary deter-
7	mines is appropriate;
8	"(3) establish and maintain relationships with
9	foreign counterparts, including employees of min-
10	istries of finance, central banks, international finan-
11	cial institutions, and other relevant official entities;
12	"(4) conduct outreach to local and foreign fi-
13	nancial institutions and other commercial actors;
14	"(5) as appropriate, coordinate with representa-
15	tives of the Department of Justice at United States
16	Embassies who perform similar functions on behalf
17	of the United States Government; and
18	"(6) perform such other actions as the Sec-
19	retary determines are appropriate.
20	"(b) Number of Attachés.—
21	"(1) In general.—The number of Treasury
22	Financial Attachés appointed under this section at
23	any one time shall be not fewer than 6 more employ-
24	ees than the number of employees of the Depart-

1	ment of the Treasury serving as Treasury attachés
2	on the date of enactment of this section.
3	"(2) Additional Posts.—The Secretary of the
4	Treasury may establish additional posts subject to
5	the availability of appropriations.
6	"(c) Compensation.—
7	"(1) In General.—Each Treasury Financial
8	Attaché appointed under this section and located at
9	a United States Embassy shall receive compensation,
10	including allowances, at the higher of—
11	"(A) the rate of compensation, including
12	allowances, provided to a Foreign Service offi-
13	cer serving at the same embassy; and
14	"(B) the rate of compensation, including
15	allowances, the Treasury attaché would other-
16	wise have received, absent the application of
17	this subsection.
18	"(2) Phase in.—The compensation described
19	in paragraph (1) shall be phased in over 2 years.".
20	(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
21	for chapter 3 of title 31, United States Code, is amended
22	by inserting after the item relating to section 315 the fol-
23	lowing:
	"316. Treasury Attaché Program.".

1	SEC. 5107. ESTABLISHMENT OF FINCEN DOMESTIC LIAI-
2	SONS.
3	Section 310 of title 31, United States Code, as
4	amended by sections 5103 and 5105 of this division, is
5	amended by inserting after subsection (e) the following:
6	"(f) FINCEN DOMESTIC LIAISONS.—
7	"(1) Establishment of office.—There is
8	established in FinCEN an Office of Domestic Liai-
9	son, which shall be headed by the Chief Domestic
10	Liaison.
11	"(2) Location.—The Office of the Domestic
12	Liaison shall be located in the District of Columbia.
13	"(g) Chief Domestic Liaison.—
14	"(1) In General.—The Chief Domestic Liai-
15	son, shall—
16	"(A) report directly to the Director; and
17	"(B) be appointed by the Director, from
18	among individuals with experience or familiarity
19	with anti-money laundering program examina-
20	tions, supervision, and enforcement.
21	"(2) Compensation.—The annual rate of pay
22	for the Chief Domestic Liaison shall be equal to the
23	highest rate of annual pay for other senior execu-
24	tives who report to the Director.
25	"(3) Staff of Office.—The Chief Domestic
26	Liaison, with the concurrence of the Director, may

1	retain or employ counsel, research staff, and service
2	staff, as the Liaison determines necessary to carry
3	out the functions, powers, and duties under this sub-
4	section.
5	"(4) Domestic Liaisons.—The Chief Domestic
6	Liaison, with the concurrence of the Director, shall
7	appoint not fewer than 6 senior FinCEN employees
8	as FinCEN Domestic Liaisons, who shall—
9	"(A) report to the Chief Domestic Liaison;
10	"(B) each be assigned to focus on a spe-
11	cific region of the United States; and
12	"(C) be located at an office in such region
13	or co-located at an office of the Board of Gov-
14	ernors of the Federal Reserve System in such
15	region.
16	"(5) Functions of the domestic liai-
17	SONS.—
18	"(A) In General.—Each Domestic Liai-
19	son shall—
20	"(i) in coordination with relevant Fed-
21	eral functional regulators, perform out-
22	reach to BSA officers at financial institu-
23	tions, including nonbank financial institu-
24	tions, and persons that are not financial
25	institutions, especially with respect to ac-

I	tions taken by FinCEN that require spe-
2	cific actions by, or have specific effects on
3	such institutions or persons, as determined
4	by the Director;
5	"(ii) in accordance with applicable
6	agreements, receive feedback from finan-
7	cial institutions and examiners of Federa
8	functional regulators regarding their ex-
9	aminations under the Bank Secrecy Ac
10	and communicate that feedback to
11	FinCEN, the Federal functional regu-
12	lators, and State bank supervisors;
13	"(iii) promote coordination and con-
14	sistency of supervisory guidance from
15	FinCEN, the Federal functional regu-
16	lators, State bank supervisors, and State
17	credit union supervisors regarding the
18	Bank Secrecy Act;
19	"(iv) act as a liaison between financia
20	institutions and their Federal functiona
21	regulators, State bank supervisors, and
22	State credit union supervisors with respect
23	to information sharing matters involving
24	the Bank Secrecy Act and regulations pro-
25	mulgated thereunder;

1	"(v) establish safeguards to maintain
2	the confidentiality of communications be-
3	tween the persons described in clause (ii)
4	and the Office of Domestic Liaison;
5	"(vi) to the extent practicable, periodi-
6	cally propose to the Director changes in
7	the regulations, guidance, or orders of
8	FinCEN, including any legislative or ad-
9	ministrative changes that may be appro-
10	priate to ensure improved coordination and
11	expand information sharing under this
12	paragraph.
13	"(B) Rule of construction.—Nothing
14	in this paragraph may be construed to permit
15	the Domestic Liaisons to have authority over
16	supervision, examination, or enforcement proc-
17	esses.
18	"(6) Access to documents.—FinCEN, to the
19	extent practicable and consistent with appropriate
20	safeguards for sensitive enforcement-related, pre-
21	decisional, or deliberative information, shall ensure
22	that the Domestic Liaisons have full access to the
23	documents of FinCEN, as necessary to carry out the
24	functions of the Office of Domestic Liaison.
25	"(7) Annial Reports —

1	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year
2	after the date of enactment of this subsection
3	and every 2 years thereafter for 5 years, the
4	Director shall submit to the Committee on
5	Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the
6	Senate and the Committee on Financial Serv-
7	ices of the House of Representatives a report on
8	the objectives of the Office of Domestic Liaison
9	for the following fiscal year and the activities of
10	the Office during the immediately preceding fis-
11	cal year.
12	"(B) Contents.—Each report required
13	under subparagraph (A) shall include—
14	"(i) appropriate statistical information
15	and full and substantive analysis;
16	"(ii) information on steps that the Of-
17	fice of Domestic Liaison has taken during
18	the reporting period to address feedback
19	received by financial institutions and exam-
20	iners of Federal functional regulators re-
21	lating to examinations under the Bank Se-
22	crecy Act;
23	"(iii) recommendations to the Director
24	for such administrative and legislative ac-
25	tions as may be appropriate to address in-

1	formation sharing and coordination issues
2	encountered by financial institutions or ex-
3	aminers of Federal functional regulators;
4	and
5	"(iv) any other information, as deter-
6	mined appropriate by the Director.
7	"(C) Sensitive information.—Notwith-
8	standing subparagraph (D), FinCEN shall re-
9	view each report required under subparagraph
10	(A) before the report is submitted to ensure the
11	report does not disclose sensitive information.
12	"(D) Independence.—
13	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Each report re-
14	quired under subparagraph (A) shall be
15	provided directly to the committees listed
16	in that subparagraph, except that a Fed-
17	eral functional regulator, a State bank su-
18	pervisor, the Office of Management and
19	Budget, and a State credit union super-
20	visor shall have the opportunity for review
21	or comment before the submission of the
22	report.
23	"(ii) Rule of construction.—
24	Nothing in clause (i) may be construed to
25	preclude FinCEN or any other department

1	or agency from reviewing a report required
2	under subparagraph (A) for the sole pur-
3	pose of protecting—
4	"(I) sensitive information ob-
5	tained by a law enforcement agency
6	and
7	"(II) classified information.
8	"(E) Classified information.—No re-
9	port required under subparagraph (A) may con-
10	tain classified information.
11	"(8) Definitions.—In this subsection:
12	"(A) BANK SECRECY ACT.—The term
13	'Bank Secrecy Act' has the meaning given the
14	term in section 5003 of the Anti-Money Laun-
15	dering Act of 2020.
16	"(B) BSA officer.—The term 'BSA offi-
17	cer' means an employee of a financial institu-
18	tion whose primary job responsibility involves
19	compliance with subchapter II of chapter 53.
20	"(C) FEDERAL FUNCTIONAL REGU-
21	LATOR.—The term 'Federal functional regu-
22	lator' has the meaning given the term in section
23	5003 of the Anti-Money Laundering Act of
24	2020.

1	"(D) FINANCIAL INSTITUTION.—The term
2	'financial institution' has the meaning given
3	that term under section 5312.
4	"(E) STATE BANK SUPERVISOR; STATE
5	CREDIT UNION SUPERVISOR.—The terms 'State
6	bank supervisor' and 'State credit union super-
7	visor' have the meanings given the terms in sec-
8	tion 5003 of the Anti-Money Laundering Act of
9	2020.''.
10	SEC. 5108. FOREIGN FINANCIAL INTELLIGENCE UNIT LIAI-
11	SONS.
12	Section 310 of title 31, United States Code, as
13	amended by sections 5103, 5105, and 5107 of this divi-
14	sion, is amended by inserting after subsection (g) the fol-
15	lowing:
16	"(h) FINCEN FOREIGN FINANCIAL INTELLIGENCE
17	Unit Liaisons.—
18	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director of FinCEN
19	shall appoint not more than 6 Foreign Financial In-
20	telligence Unit Liaisons, who shall—
21	"(A) be knowledgeable about domestic and
22	international anti-money laundering or coun-
23	tering the financing of terrorism laws and regu-
24	
4 7	lations;

1	"(B) possess a technical understanding of
2	the Bank Secrecy Act (as defined in section
3	5003 of the Anti-Money Laundering Act of
4	2020), the protocols of the Egmont Group of
5	Financial Intelligence Units, and the Financial
6	Action Task Force and the recommendations
7	issued by that Task Force;
8	"(C) be co-located in a United States em-
9	bassy, a similar United States Government fa-
10	cility, or a foreign government facility, as ap-
11	propriate;
12	"(D) facilitate capacity building and per-
13	form outreach with respect to anti-money laun-
14	dering and countering the financing of ter-
15	rorism regulatory and analytical frameworks;
16	"(E) establish and maintain relationships
17	with officials from foreign intelligence units,
18	regulatory authorities, ministries of finance,
19	central banks, law enforcement agencies, and
20	other competent authorities;
21	"(F) participate in industry outreach en-
22	gagements with foreign financial institutions
23	and other commercial actors on anti-money
24	laundering and countering the financing of ter-
25	rorism issues;

1	"(G) as appropriate, coordinate with rep-
2	resentatives of the Department of Justice at
3	United States Embassies who perform similar
4	functions on behalf of the United States Gov-
5	ernment; and
6	"(H) perform such other duties as the Di-
7	rector determines to be appropriate.
8	"(2) Compensation.—Each Foreign Financial
9	Intelligence Unit Liaison appointed under paragraph
10	(1) shall receive compensation at the higher of—
11	"(A) the rate of compensation paid to a
12	Foreign Service officer at a comparable career
13	level serving at the same embassy or facility, as
14	applicable; or
15	"(B) the rate of compensation that the Li-
16	aison would have otherwise received.".
17	SEC. 5109. PROTECTION OF INFORMATION EXCHANGED
18	WITH FOREIGN LAW ENFORCEMENT AND FI
19	NANCIAL INTELLIGENCE UNITS.
20	(a) In General.—Section 310 of title 31, United
21	States Code, as amended by sections 5103, 5105, 5107
22	and 5108 of this division, is amended by inserting after
23	subsection (h) the following:

1	"(1) PROTECTION OF INFORMATION OBTAINED BY
2	FOREIGN LAW ENFORCEMENT AND FINANCIAL INTEL-
3	LIGENCE UNITS; FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT.—
4	"(1) Definitions.—In this subsection:
5	"(A) FOREIGN ANTI-MONEY LAUNDERING
6	AND COUNTERING THE FINANCING OF TER-
7	RORISM AUTHORITY.—The term 'foreign anti-
8	money laundering and countering the financing
9	of terrorism authority' means any foreign agen-
10	cy or authority that is empowered under foreign
11	law to regulate or supervise foreign financial in-
12	stitutions (or designated non-financial busi-
13	nesses and professions) with respect to laws
14	concerning anti-money laundering and coun-
15	tering the financing of terrorism and prolifera-
16	tion.
17	"(B) Foreign financial intelligence
18	UNIT.—The term 'foreign financial intelligence
19	unit' means any foreign agency or authority, in-
20	cluding a foreign financial intelligence unit that
21	is a member of the Egmont Group of Financial
22	Intelligence Units, that is empowered under for-
23	eign law as a jurisdiction's national center
24	for—

1	(1) receipt and analysis of suspicious
2	transaction reports and other information
3	relevant to money laundering, associate
4	predicate offenses, and financing of ter-
5	rorism; and
6	"(ii) the dissemination of the results
7	of the analysis described in clause (i).
8	"(C) Foreign law enforcement au-
9	THORITY.—The term 'foreign law enforcement
10	authority' means any foreign agency or author-
11	ity that is empowered under foreign law to de-
12	tect, investigate, or prosecute potential viola-
13	tions of law.
14	"(2) Information exchanged with foreign
15	LAW ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITIES, FOREIGN FINAN-
16	CIAL INTELLIGENCE UNITS, AND FOREIGN ANTI-
17	MONEY LAUNDERING AND COUNTERING THE FI-
18	NANCING OF TERRORISM AUTHORITIES.—
19	"(A) In General.—The Department of
20	the Treasury may not be compelled to search
21	for or disclose information exchanged with a
22	foreign law enforcement authority, foreign fi-
23	nancial intelligence unit, or foreign anti-money
24	laundering and countering the financing of ter-
25	rorism authority.

1	"(B) Inapplicability of freedom of
2	INFORMATION ACT.—
3	"(i) In general.—Section 552(a)(3)
4	of title 5 (commonly referred to as the
5	'Freedom of Information Act') shall not
6	apply to any request for records or infor-
7	mation exchanged between the Department
8	of the Treasury and a foreign law enforce-
9	ment authority, foreign financial intel-
10	ligence unit, or foreign anti-money laun-
11	dering and countering the financing of ter-
12	rorism authority.
13	"(ii) Specifically exempted by
14	STATUTE.—For purposes of section 552 of
15	title 5, this paragraph shall be considered
16	a statute described in subsection (b)(3)(B)
17	of that section.
18	"(3) SAVINGS PROVISION.—Nothing in this sec-
19	tion shall authorize the Department of the Treasury
20	to withhold information from Congress or prevent
21	the Department of the Treasury from complying
22	with an order of a court of the United States in an
23	action commenced by the United States.".

1	(b) Availability of Reports.—Section 5319 of
2	title 31, United States Code, is amended, in the fourth
3	sentence, by inserting "search and" before "disclosure".
4	SEC. 5110. ASSESSMENT OF BANK SECRECY ACT APPLICA
5	TION TO DEALERS IN ARTS AND ANTIQ
6	UITIES.
7	(a) STUDY ON THE FACILITATION OF MONEY LAUN-
8	DERING AND TERROR FINANCE THROUGH THE TRADE OF
9	Works of Art or Antiquities.—The Secretary, in co-
10	ordination with the Director of the Federal Bureau of In-
11	vestigation, the Attorney General, and the Secretary of
12	Homeland Security, shall perform a study on the facilita-
13	tion of money laundering and the financing of terrorism
14	through the trade of works of art or antiquities, including
15	an analysis of—
16	(1) the extent to which the facilitation of money
17	laundering and the financing of terrorism through
18	the trade of works of art or antiquities may enter
19	or affect the financial system of the United States
20	including any qualitative data or statistics;
21	(2) an evaluation of which markets, by size, do-
22	mestic or international geographical locations, or
23	otherwise, should be subject to any regulations de-
24	scribed in paragraph (3);

1	(3) whether thresholds should apply in deter-
2	mining which entities, if any, to regulate;
3	(4) an evaluation of whether certain exemptions
4	should apply to any regulations described in para-
5	graph (3); and
6	(5) any other matter the Secretary determines
7	is appropriate.
8	(b) Report and Rulemakings.—Not later than
9	180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
10	retary, in coordination with the Director of the Federal
11	Bureau of Investigation, the Attorney General, and the
12	Secretary of Homeland Security, shall—
13	(1) submit to the Committee on Banking,
14	Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate and the
15	Committee on Financial Services of the House of
16	Representatives a report that contains all findings
17	and determinations made in carrying out the study
18	required under subsection (a); and
19	(2) propose rulemakings, if appropriate, to im-
20	plement the findings and determinations described in
21	paragraph (1).
22	SEC. 5111. INCREASING TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR
23	INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION.
24	(a) Authorization of Appropriations.—

1 (1) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be 2 appropriated to the Secretary for each of fiscal years 3 2020 through 2024 for the purpose described in 4 paragraph (2) an amount equal to twice the amount 5 authorized to be appropriated for that purpose for 6 fiscal year 2019.

- (2) Purpose described in this paragraph is the provision of technical assistance to foreign countries, and financial institutions in foreign countries, that promotes compliance with international standards and best practices, including in particular international standards and best practices relating to the establishment of effective anti-money laundering programs and programs for countering the financing of terrorism.
- (3) Sense of congress.—It is the sense of Congress that this subsection could affect a number of Federal agencies and departments and the Secretary should, as appropriate, consult with the heads of those affected agencies and departments, including the Attorney General, in providing the technical assistance required under this subsection.
- 23 (b) Report on Technical Assistance Provided
 24 by Office of Technical Assistance.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
2	the date of enactment of this Act, and every 2 years
3	thereafter for 5 years, the Secretary shall submit to
4	Congress a report on the assistance described in
5	subsection (a)(2) provided by the Office of Technical
6	Assistance of the Department of the Treasury.
7	(2) Elements.—Each report required under
8	paragraph (1) shall include—
9	(A) a description of the strategic goals of
10	the Office of Technical Assistance in the year
11	preceding submission of the report, including an
12	explanation of how technical assistance provided
13	by the Office in that year advanced those goals;
14	(B) a description of technical assistance
15	provided by the Office in that year, including
16	the objectives and delivery methods of the as-
17	sistance;
18	(C) a list of beneficiaries and providers
19	(other than Office staff) of the technical assist-
20	ance during that year; and
21	(D) a description of how—
22	(i) technical assistance provided by
23	the Office complements, duplicates, or oth-
24	erwise affects or is affected by technical
25	assistance provided by the international fi-

1	nancial institutions (as defined in section
2	1701(c) of the International Financial In-
3	stitutions Act (22 U.S.C. 262r(c))); and
4	(ii) efforts to coordinate the technical
5	assistance described in clause (i).
6	SEC. 5112. INTERNATIONAL COORDINATION.
7	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall work with for-
8	eign counterparts of the Secretary, including through bi-
9	lateral contacts, the Financial Action Task Force, the
10	International Monetary Fund, the World Bank, the
11	Egmont Group of Financial Intelligence Units, the
12	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Develop-
13	ment, the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision, and
14	the United Nations, to promote stronger anti-money laun-
15	dering frameworks and enforcement of anti-money laun-
16	dering laws.
17	(b) National Advisory Council Report to Con-
18	GRESS.—The Chairman of the National Advisory Council
19	on International Monetary and Financial Policies shall in-
20	clude in each report required by section 1701 of the Inter-
21	national Financial Institutions Act (22 U.S.C. 262r) after
22	the date of enactment of this Act a description of—
23	(1) the activities of the International Monetary
24	Fund in the fiscal year covered by the report to pro-
25	vide technical assistance that strengthens the capac-

1	ity of members of the Fund to prevent money laun-
2	dering and the financing of terrorism, and the effec-
3	tiveness of the assistance; and
4	(2) the efficacy of efforts by the United States
5	to support such technical assistance through the use
6	of the Fund's administrative budget, and the level of
7	such support.
8	TITLE LII—MODERNIZING THE
9	ANTI-MONEY LAUNDERING
10	AND COUNTERING THE FI-
11	NANCING OF TERRORISM SYS-
12	TEM
13	SEC. 5201. ANNUAL REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.
14	(a) Annual Report.—Not later than 1 year after
15	the date of enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter,
16	the Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary,
17	Federal law enforcement agencies, the Director of Na-
18	tional Intelligence, Federal functional regulators, and the
19	heads of other appropriate Federal agencies, shall submit
20	to the Secretary a report that contains statistics, metrics,
21	and other information on the use of data derived from fi-
22	nancial institutions reporting under the Bank Secrecy Act
23	(referred to in this subsection as the "reported data"), in-
24	eludinø—

1	(1) the frequency with which the reported data
2	contains actionable information that leads to—
3	(A) further procedures by law enforcement
4	agencies, including the use of a subpoena, war-
5	rant, or other legal process; or
6	(B) actions taken by intelligence, national
7	security, or homeland security agencies;
8	(2) calculations of the time between the date on
9	which the reported data is reported and the date on
10	which the reported data is used by law enforcement,
11	intelligence, national security, or homeland security
12	agencies, whether through the use of—
13	(A) a subpoena or warrant; or
14	(B) other legal process or action;
15	(3) an analysis of the transactions associated
16	with the reported data, including whether—
17	(A) the suspicious accounts that are the
18	subject of the reported data were held by legal
19	entities or individuals; and
20	(B) there are trends and patterns in cross-
21	border transactions to certain countries;
22	(4) the number of legal entities and individuals
23	identified by the reported data;
24	(5) information on the extent to which arrests,
25	indictments, convictions, criminal pleas, civil enforce-

- 1 ment or forfeiture actions, or actions by national se-
- 2 curity, intelligence, or homeland security agencies
- 3 were related to the use of the reported data; and
- 4 (6) data on the investigations carried out by
- 5 State and Federal authorities resulting from the re-
- 6 ported data.
- 7 (b) Report.—Beginning with the fifth report sub-
- 8 mitted under subsection (a), and once every 5 years there-
- 9 after, that report shall include a section describing the use
- 10 of data derived from reporting by financial institutions
- 11 under the Bank Secrecy Act over the 5 years preceding
- 12 the date on which the report is submitted, which shall in-
- 13 clude a description of long-term trends and the use of
- 14 long-term statistics, metrics, and other information.
- 15 (c) Trends, Patterns, and Threats.—Each re-
- 16 port required under subsection (a) and each section in-
- 17 cluded under subsection (b) shall contain a description of
- 18 retrospective trends and emerging patterns and threats in
- 19 money laundering and the financing of terrorism, includ-
- 20 ing national and regional trends, patterns, and threats rel-
- 21 evant to the classes of financial institutions that the Attor-
- 22 ney General determines appropriate.
- 23 (d) Use of Report Information.—The Secretary
- 24 shall use the information reported under subsections (a),
- 25 (b), and (c)—

1	(1) to help assess the usefulness of reporting
2	under the Bank Secrecy Act to—
3	(A) criminal and civil law enforcement
4	agencies;
5	(B) intelligence, defense, and homeland se-
6	curity agencies; and
7	(C) Federal functional regulators;
8	(2) to enhance feedback and communications
9	with financial institutions and other entities subject
10	to requirements under the Bank Secrecy Act, includ-
11	ing by providing more detail in the reports published
12	and distributed under section 314(d) of the USA
13	PATRIOT Act (31 U.S.C. 5311 note);
14	(3) to assist FinCEN in considering revisions to
15	the reporting requirements promulgated under sec-
16	tion 314(d) of the USA PATRIOT Act (31 U.S.C.
17	5311 note); and
18	(4) for any other purpose the Secretary deter-
19	mines is appropriate.
20	(e) Confidentiality.—Any information received by
21	a financial institution under this section shall be subject
22	to confidentiality requirements established by the Sec-
23	retary.

1	SEC. 5202. ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS FOR SUSPICIOUS
2	ACTIVITY REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.
3	Section 5318(g) of title 31, United States Code, is
4	amended by adding at the end the following:
5	"(5) Considerations in imposing reporting
6	REQUIREMENTS.—
7	"(A) Definitions.—In this paragraph,
8	the terms 'Bank Secrecy Act', 'Federal func-
9	tional regulator', 'State bank supervisor', and
10	'State credit union supervisor' have the mean-
11	ings given the terms in section 5003 of the
12	Anti-Money Laundering Act of 2020.
13	"(B) Requirements.—In imposing any
14	requirement to report any suspicious trans-
15	action under this subsection, the Secretary of
16	the Treasury, in consultation with the Attorney
17	General, appropriate representatives of State
18	bank supervisors, State credit union super-
19	visors, and the Federal functional regulators,
20	shall consider items that include—
21	"(i) the national priorities established
22	by the Secretary;
23	"(ii) the purposes described in section
24	5311; and
25	"(iii) the means by or form in which
26	the Secretary shall receive such reporting,

1	including the burdens imposed by such
2	means or form of reporting on persons re-
3	quired to provide such reporting, the effi-
4	ciency of the means or form, and the bene-
5	fits derived by the means or form of re-
6	porting by Federal law enforcement agen-
7	cies and the intelligence community in
8	countering financial crime, including
9	money laundering and the financing of ter-
10	rorism.
11	"(C) COMPLIANCE PROGRAM.—Reports
12	filed under this subsection shall be guided by
13	the compliance program of a covered financial
14	institution with respect to the Bank Secrecy
15	Act, including the risk assessment processes of
16	the covered institution that should include a
17	consideration of priorities established by the
18	Secretary of the Treasury under section 5318.
19	"(D) Streamlined data and real-time
20	REPORTING.—
21	"(i) Requirement to establish
22	SYSTEM.—In considering the means by or
23	form in which the Secretary of the Treas-
24	ury shall receive reporting pursuant to
25	subparagraph (B)(iii), the Secretary of the

1	Treasury, acting through the Director of
2	the Financial Crimes Enforcement Net-
3	work, and in consultation with appropriate
4	representatives of the State bank super-
5	visors, State credit union supervisors, and
6	Federal functional regulators, shall—
7	"(I) establish streamlined, includ-
8	ing automated, processes to, as appro-
9	priate, permit the filing of noncomplex
10	categories of reports that—
11	"(aa) reduce burdens im-
12	posed on persons required to re-
13	port; and
14	"(bb) do not diminish the
15	usefulness of the reporting to
16	Federal law enforcement agen-
17	cies, national security officials,
18	and the intelligence community
19	in combating financial crime, in-
20	cluding the financing of ter-
21	rorism;
22	"(II) subject to clause (ii)—
23	"(aa) permit streamlined,
24	including automated, reporting

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1	for the categories described in
2	subclause (I); and
3	"(bb) establish the condi-
4	tions under which the reporting
5	described in item (aa) is per-
6	mitted; and
7	"(III) establish additional sys-
8	tems and processes as necessary to
9	allow for the reporting described in
10	item (aa).
11	"(ii) Standards.—The Secretary of
12	the Treasury—
13	"(I) in carrying out clause (i),
14	shall establish standards to ensure
15	that streamlined reports relate to sus-
16	picious transactions relevant to poten-
17	tial violations of law (including regula-
18	tions); and
19	"(II) in establishing the stand-
20	ards under subclause (I), shall con-
21	sider transactions, including struc-
22	tured transactions, designed to evade
23	any regulation promulgated under this
24	subchapter, certain fund and asset
25	transfers with lower apparent eco-

1	nomic or business purpose, trans-
2	actions without lawful purposes, and
3	any other transaction that the Sec-
4	retary determines to be appropriate.
5	"(iii) Rule of construction.—
6	Nothing in this subparagraph may be con-
7	strued to preclude the Secretary of the
8	Treasury from—
9	"(I) requiring reporting as pro-
10	vided for in subparagraphs (B) and
11	(C); or
12	"(II) notifying Federal law en-
13	forcement with respect to any trans-
14	action that the Secretary has deter-
15	mined implicates a national priority
16	established by the Secretary.".
17	SEC. 5203. LAW ENFORCEMENT FEEDBACK ON SUSPICIOUS
18	ACTIVITY REPORTS.
19	(a) Feedback.—
20	(1) In general.—FinCEN shall, to the extent
21	practicable, periodically solicit feedback from individ-
22	uals designated under section 5318(h)(1)(B) of title
23	31, United States Code, by a variety of financial in-
24	stitutions representing a cross-section of the report-
25	ing industry to review the suspicious activity reports

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filed by those financial institutions and discuss trends in suspicious activity observed by FinCEN.

(2) COORDINATION WITH FEDERAL FUNCTIONAL REGULATORS AND STATE BANK SUPER-VISORS AND STATE CREDIT UNION SUPERVISORS.—
FinCEN shall provide any feedback solicited under paragraph (1) to the appropriate Federal functional regulator, State bank supervisor, or State credit union supervisor during the regularly scheduled examination of the applicable financial institution by the Federal functional regulator, State bank supervisor, or State credit union supervisor, as applicable.

(b) Disclosure Required.—

(1) In General.—

(A) PERIODIC DISCLOSURE.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), FinCEN shall, to the extent practicable, periodically disclose to each financial institution, in summary form, information on suspicious activity reports filed that proved useful to Federal or State criminal or civil law enforcement agencies during the period since the most recent disclosure under this paragraph to the financial institution.

(B) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this paragraph may be construed to require the

1	public disclosure of any information filed with
2	the Department of the Treasury under the
3	Bank Secrecy Act.
4	(2) Exception for ongoing and closed in-
5	VESTIGATIONS AND TO PROTECT NATIONAL SECU-
6	RITY.—FinCEN shall not be required to disclose to
7	a financial institution any information under para-
8	graph (1) that relates to an ongoing investigation or
9	implicates the national security of the United States.
10	(3) Maintenance of statistics.—With re-
11	spect to the actions described in paragraph (1),
12	FinCEN shall keep records of all such actions taken
13	to assist with the production of the reports described
14	in paragraph (5) of section 5318(g) of title 31
15	United States Code, as added by section 5202 of
16	this division, and for other purposes.
17	(4) Coordination with department of Jus-
18	TICE.—The information disclosed by FinCEN under
19	this subsection shall include information from the
20	Department of Justice regarding—
21	(A) the review and use by the Department
22	of suspicious activity reports filed by the appli-
23	cable financial institution during the period
24	since the most recent disclosure under this sub-
25	section; and

1	(B) any trends in suspicious activity ob-
2	served by the Department.
3	SEC. 5204. STREAMLINING REQUIREMENTS FOR CURRENCY
4	TRANSACTION REPORTS AND SUSPICIOUS
5	ACTIVITY REPORTS.
6	(a) REVIEW.—The Secretary, in consultation with the
7	Attorney General, Federal law enforcement agencies, the
8	Secretary of Homeland Security, the Federal functional
9	regulators, State bank supervisors, State credit union su-
10	pervisors, and other relevant stakeholders, shall undertake
11	a formal review of the financial institution reporting re-
12	quirements relating to currency transaction reports and
13	suspicious activity reports, as in effect on the date of en-
14	actment of this Act, including the processes used to sub-
15	mit reports under the Bank Secrecy Act, regulations im-
16	plementing the Bank Secrecy Act, and related guidance,
17	and propose changes to those reports to reduce any unnec-
18	essarily burdensome regulatory requirements and ensure
19	that the information provided fulfills the purposes de-
20	scribed in section 5311 of title 31, United States Code,
21	as amended by section 5101(a).
22	(b) Contents.—The review required under sub-
23	section (a) shall—

1	(1) rely substantially on information obtained
2	through the BSA Data Value Analysis Project con-
3	ducted by FinCEN; and
4	(2) include a study of—
5	(A) whether the circumstances under
6	which a financial institution determines whether
7	to file a continuing suspicious activity report,
8	including insider abuse, or the processes fol-
9	lowed by a financial institution in determining
10	whether to file a continuing suspicious activity
11	report, or both, should be adjusted;
12	(B) whether different thresholds should
13	apply to different categories of activities;
14	(C) the fields designated as critical on the
15	suspicious activity report form, the fields on the
16	currency transaction report form, and whether
17	the number or nature of the fields on those
18	forms should be adjusted;
19	(D) the categories, types, and characteris-
20	tics of suspicious activity reports and currency
21	transaction reports that are of the greatest
22	value to, and that best support, investigative
23	priorities of law enforcement and national secu-
24	rity agencies;

1	(E) the increased use or expansion of ex-
2	emption provisions to reduce currency trans-
3	action reports that may be of little or no value
4	to the efforts of law enforcement agencies;
5	(F) the most appropriate ways to promote
6	financial inclusion and address the adverse con-
7	sequences of financial institutions de-risking en-
8	tire categories of relationships, including char-
9	ities, embassy accounts, and money service
10	businesses (as defined in section 1010.100(ff)
11	of title 31, Code of Federal Regulations), and
12	certain groups of correspondent banks without
13	conducting a proper assessment of the specific
14	risk of each individual member of these popu-
15	lations;
16	(G) the current financial institution report-
17	ing requirements under the Bank Secrecy Act
18	and regulations and guidance implementing the
19	Bank Secrecy Act;
20	(H) whether the process for the electronic
21	submission of reports could be improved for
22	both financial institutions and law enforcement
23	agencies, including by allowing greater integra-
24	tion between financial institution systems and
25	the electronic filing system to allow for auto-

1	matic population of report fields and the auto-
2	matic submission of transaction data for sus-
3	picious transactions, without bypassing the obli-
4	gation of each reporting financial institution to
5	assess the specific risk of the transactions re-
6	ported;
7	(I) the appropriate manner in which to en-
8	sure the security and confidentiality of personal
9	information;
10	(J) how to improve the cross-referencing of
11	individuals or entities operating at multiple fi-
12	nancial institutions and across international
13	borders;
14	(K) whether there are ways to improve
15	current transaction report aggregation for enti-
16	ties with common ownership; and
17	(L) any other matter the Secretary deter-
18	mines is appropriate.
19	(c) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date
20	of enactment of this Act, the Secretary, in consultation
21	with the Attorney General, Federal law enforcement agen-
22	cies, the Director of National Intelligence, the Secretary
23	of Homeland Security, and the Federal functional regu-
24	lators, shall—

1	(1) submit to Congress a report that contains
2	all findings and determinations made in carrying out
3	the review required under subsection (a); and
4	(2) propose rulemakings, as appropriate, to im-
5	plement the findings and determinations described in
6	paragraph (1).
7	SEC. 5205. CURRENCY TRANSACTION REPORTS AND SUS-
8	PICIOUS ACTIVITY REPORTS THRESHOLDS
9	REVIEW.
10	(a) Review of Thresholds for Certain Cur-
11	RENCY TRANSACTION REPORTS.—The Secretary, in con-
12	sultation with the Attorney General, the Director of Na-
13	tional Intelligence, the Secretary of Homeland Security,
14	the Federal functional regulators, State bank supervisors,
15	State credit union supervisors, and other relevant stake-
16	holders, shall study and determine whether the dollar
17	thresholds, including aggregate thresholds, under sections
18	5313, 5318(g), and 5331 of title 31, United States Code,
19	including regulations issued under those sections, should
20	be adjusted.
21	(b) Considerations.—In making the determina-
22	tions required under subsection (a), the Secretary, in con-
23	sultation with the Attorney General, the Director of Na-
24	tional Intelligence, the Secretary of Homeland Security,
25	the Federal functional regulators, State bank supervisors,

1	State credit union supervisors, and other relevant stake-
2	holders, shall consider—
3	(1) the effects that adjusting the thresholds
4	would have on law enforcement, intelligence, national
5	security, and homeland security agencies;
6	(2) the costs likely to be incurred or saved by
7	financial institutions from any adjustment to the
8	thresholds;
9	(3) whether adjusting the thresholds would bet-
10	ter conform the United States with international
11	norms and standards to counter money laundering
12	and the financing of terrorism; and
13	(4) any other matter that the Secretary deter-
14	mines is appropriate.
15	(e) Report and Rulemakings.—Not later than 1
16	year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary,
17	in consultation with the Attorney General, the Director
18	of National Intelligence, the Secretary of Homeland Secu-
19	rity, the Federal functional regulators, State bank super-
20	visors, State credit union supervisors, and other relevant
21	stakeholders, shall—
22	(1) publish a report of the findings from the
23	study required under subsection (a); and
24	(2) propose rulemakings, as appropriate, to im-
25	plement the findings described in paragraph (1).

1	SEC. 5206. SHARING OF THREAT PATTERN AND TREND IN-
2	FORMATION.
3	Section 5318(g) of title 31, United States Code, as
4	amended by section 5202 of this division, is amended by
5	adding at the end the following:
6	"(6) Sharing of threat pattern and
7	TREND INFORMATION.—
8	"(A) Definitions.—In this paragraph—
9	"(i) the terms 'Bank Secrecy Act' and
10	'Federal functional regulator' have the
11	meanings given the terms in section 5003
12	of the Anti-Money Laundering Act of
13	2020; and
14	"(ii) the term 'typology' means a tech-
15	nique to launder money or finance ter-
16	rorism.
17	"(B) Suspicious activity report activ-
18	ITY REVIEW.—Not less frequently than semi-
19	annually, the Director of the Financial Crimes
20	Enforcement Network shall publish threat pat-
21	tern and trend information to provide meaning-
22	ful information about the preparation, use, and
23	value of reports filed under this subsection by
24	financial institutions, as well as other reports
25	filed by financial institutions under the Bank
26	Secrecy Act.

1	"(C) Inclusion of typologies.—In each
2	publication published under subparagraph (B),
3	the Director shall provide financial institutions
4	and the Federal functional regulators with
5	typologies, including data that can be adapted
6	in algorithms if appropriate, relating to emerg-
7	ing money laundering and terrorist financing
8	threat patterns and trends.
9	"(7) Rules of Construction.—Nothing in
10	this subsection may be construed as precluding the
11	Secretary of the Treasury from—
12	"(A) requiring reporting as provided under
13	subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (6);
14	or
15	"(B) notifying a Federal law enforcement
16	agency with respect to any transaction that the
17	Secretary has determined directly implicates a
18	national priority established by the Secretary.".
19	SEC. 5207. SUBCOMMITTEE ON INNOVATION AND TECH-
20	NOLOGY.
21	Section 1564 of the Annunzio-Wylie Anti-Money
22	Laundering Act (31 U.S.C. 5311 note) is amended by
23	adding at the end the following:
24	"(d) Subcommittee on Innovation and Tech-
25	NOLOGY.—

1	"(1) Definitions.—In this subsection, the
2	terms 'Bank Secrecy Act', 'State bank supervisor',
3	and 'State credit union supervisor' have the mean-
4	ings given the terms in section 5003 of the Anti-
5	Money Laundering Act of 2020.
6	"(2) Establishment.—There shall be within
7	the Bank Secrecy Act Advisory Group a sub-
8	committee to be known as the 'Subcommittee on In-
9	novation and Technology' to—
10	"(A) advise the Secretary of the Treasury
11	regarding means by which the Department of
12	the Treasury, FinCEN, the Federal functional
13	regulators, State bank supervisors, and State
14	credit union supervisors, as appropriate, can
15	most effectively encourage and support techno-
16	logical innovation in the area of anti-money
17	laundering and countering the financing of ter-
18	rorism and proliferation; and
19	"(B) reduce, to the extent practicable, ob-
20	stacles to innovation that may arise from exist-
21	ing regulations, guidance, and examination
22	practices related to compliance of financial in-
23	stitutions with the Bank Secrecy Act.
24	"(3) Membership.—

1	"(A) In general.—The subcommittee es-
2	tablished under paragraph (1) shall consist of
3	the representatives of the heads of the Federal
4	functional regulators, a representative of State
5	bank supervisors, a representative of State
6	credit union supervisors, representatives of a
7	cross-section of financial institutions subject to
8	the Bank Secrecy Act, law enforcement,
9	FinCEN, and any other representative as deter-
10	mined by the Secretary of the Treasury.
11	"(B) REQUIREMENTS.—Each agency rep-
12	resentative described in subparagraph (A) shall
13	be an individual who has demonstrated knowl-
14	edge and competence concerning the application
15	of the Bank Secrecy Act.
16	"(4) Sunset.—
17	"(A) In general.—Except as provided in
18	subparagraph (B), the Subcommittee on Inno-
19	vation and Technology shall terminate on the
20	date that is 5 years after the date of enactment
21	of this subsection.
22	"(B) Exception.—The Secretary of the
23	Treasury may renew the Subcommittee on In-
24	novation for 1-year periods beginning on the

1	date that is 5 years after the date of enactment
2	of this subsection.".
3	SEC. 5208. FINANCIAL TECHNOLOGY ASSESSMENT.
4	(a) In General.—The Secretary, in consultation
5	with financial regulators, technology experts, national se-
6	curity experts, law enforcement, and any other group the
7	Secretary determines is appropriate, shall analyze the im-
8	pact of financial technology on financial crimes compli-
9	ance, including money laundering, the financing of ter-
10	rorism, proliferation finance, serious tax fraud, human
11	and drug trafficking, sanctions evasion, and other illicit
12	finance.
13	(b) COORDINATION.—In carrying out the duties re-
14	quired under this section, the Secretary shall coordinate
15	with and consider other interagency efforts and data relat-
16	ing to examining the impact of financial technology, in-
17	cluding activities conducted by—
18	(1) cyber security working groups at the De-
19	partment of the Treasury;
20	(2) cyber security experts identified by the At-
21	torney General and the Secretary of Homeland Se-
22	curity;
23	(3) the intelligence community; and
24	(4) the Financial Stability Oversight Council.

(c) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date 1 2 of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to 3 the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate 4 5 and the Committee on Financial Services and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives 6 7 a report containing any findings under subsection (a), in-8 cluding legislative and administrative recommendations. SEC. 5209. FINANCIAL CRIMES TECH SYMPOSIUM. 10 (a) Purpose.—The purposes of this section are to— (1) promote greater international collaboration 11 12 in the effort to prevent and detect financial crimes 13 and suspicious activities; and 14 (2) facilitate the investigation, development, 15 and timely adoption of new technologies aimed at 16 preventing and detecting financial crimes and other 17 illicit activities. 18 (b) Periodic Meetings.—The Secretary shall, in 19 coordination with the Subcommittee on Innovation and 20 Technology established under subsection (d) of section 21 1564 of the Annunzio-Wylie Anti-Money Laundering Act, 22 as added by section 5207 of this division, periodically convene a global anti-money laundering and financial crime

symposium focused on how new technology can be used

1 to more effectively combat financial crimes and other illicit

- 2 activities.
- 3 (c) Attendees at each symposium con-
- 4 vened under this section shall include domestic and inter-
- 5 national financial regulators, senior executives from regu-
- 6 lated firms, technology providers, representatives from law
- 7 enforcement agencies, academic and other experts, and
- 8 other individuals that the Secretary determines are appro-
- 9 priate.
- 10 (d) Panels.—At each symposium convened under
- 11 this section, the Secretary shall convene panels in order
- 12 to review new technologies and permit attendees to dem-
- 13 onstrate proof of concept.
- 14 (e) Implementation and Reports.—The Sec-
- 15 retary shall, to the extent practicable and necessary, work
- 16 to provide policy clarity, which may include providing re-
- 17 ports or guidance to stakeholders, regarding innovative
- 18 technologies and practices presented at each symposium
- 19 convened under this section, to the extent that those tech-
- 20 nologies and practices further the purposes of this section.
- 21 (f) FINCEN BRIEFING.—Not later than 90 days
- 22 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director of
- 23 FinCEN shall brief the Committee on Banking, Housing,
- 24 and Urban Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on

1	Financial Services of the House of Representatives on the
2	use of emerging technologies, including—
3	(1) the status of implementation and internal
4	use of emerging technologies, including artificial in-
5	telligence, digital identity technologies, distributed
6	ledger technologies, and other innovative tech-
7	nologies within FinCEN;
8	(2) whether artificial intelligence, digital iden-
9	tity technologies, distributed ledger technologies, and
10	other innovative technologies can be further lever-
11	aged to make data analysis by FinCEN more effi-
12	cient and effective;
13	(3) whether FinCEN could better use artificial
14	intelligence, digital identity technologies, distributed
15	ledger technologies, and other innovative tech-
16	nologies to—
17	(A) more actively analyze and disseminate
18	the information FinCEN collects and stores to
19	provide investigative leads to Federal, State,
20	Tribal, and local law enforcement agencies and
21	other Federal agencies; and
22	(B) better support ongoing investigations
23	by FinCEN when referring a case to the agen-
24	cies described in subparagraph (A);

1	(4) with respect to each of paragraphs (1), (2),
2	and (3), any best practices or significant concerns
3	identified by the Director, and their applicability to
4	artificial intelligence, digital identity technologies,
5	distributed ledger technologies, and other innovative
6	technologies with respect to United States efforts to
7	combat money laundering and other forms of illicit
8	finance;
9	(5) any policy recommendations that could fa-
10	cilitate and improve communication and coordination
11	between the private sector, FinCEN, and the agen-
12	cies described in paragraph (3) through the imple-
13	mentation of innovative approaches to meet the obli-
14	gations of the agencies under the Bank Secrecy Act
15	and anti-money laundering compliance; and
16	(6) any other matter the Director determines is
17	appropriate.
18	SEC. 5210. PILOT PROGRAM ON SHARING OF INFORMATION
19	RELATED TO SUSPICIOUS ACTIVITY REPORTS
20	WITHIN A FINANCIAL GROUP.
21	(a) Sharing With Foreign Branches and Af-
22	FILIATES.—Section 5318(g) of title 31, United States
23	Code, as amended by sections 5202 and 5203 of this divi-
24	sion, is amended by adding at the end the following:

1	"(8) Pilot program on sharing with for-
2	EIGN BRANCHES, SUBSIDIARIES, AND AFFILIATES.—
3	"(A) In general.—
4	"(i) Issuance of Rules.—Not later
5	than 1 year after the date of enactment of
6	this paragraph, the Secretary of the Treas-
7	ury shall issue rules, subject to such con-
8	trols and restrictions as the Director of the
9	Financial Crimes Enforcement Network
10	determines appropriate, establishing the
11	pilot program described in subparagraph
12	(B).
13	"(ii) Considerations.—In issuing
14	the rules required under clause (i), the
15	Secretary shall ensure that the sharing of
16	information described in subparagraph
17	(B)—
18	"(I) is limited by the require-
19	ments of Federal and State law en-
20	forcement operations;
21	" (Π) takes into account potential
22	concerns of the intelligence commu-
23	nity; and
24	"(III) is subject to appropriate
25	standards and requirements regarding

1	data security and the confidentiality
2	of personally identifiable information.
3	"(B) PILOT PROGRAM DESCRIBED.—The
4	pilot program described in this paragraph
5	shall—
6	"(i) permit a financial institution with
7	a reporting obligation under this sub-
8	section to share information related to re-
9	ports under this subsection, including that
10	such a report has been filed, with the insti-
11	tution's foreign branches, subsidiaries, and
12	affiliates for the purpose of combating il-
13	licit finance risks, notwithstanding any
14	other provision of law except subparagraph
15	(A) or (C);
16	"(ii) permit the Secretary to consider,
17	implement, and enforce provisions that
18	would hold a foreign affiliate of a United
19	States financial institution liable for the
20	disclosure of information related to reports
21	under this section;
22	"(iii) terminate on the date that is 3
23	years after the date of enactment of this
24	paragraph, except that the Secretary of the
25	Treasury may extend the pilot program for

1	not more than 2 years upon submitting to
2	the Committee on Banking, Housing, and
3	Urban Affairs of the Senate and the Com-
4	mittee on Financial Services of the House
5	of Representatives a report that includes—
6	"(I) a certification that the ex-
7	tension is in the national interest of
8	the United States, with a detailed ex-
9	planation of the reasons that the ex-
10	tension is in the national interest of
11	the United States;
12	"(II) after appropriate consulta-
13	tion by the Secretary with partici-
14	pants in the pilot program, an evalua-
15	tion of the usefulness of the pilot pro-
16	gram, including a detailed analysis of
17	any illicit activity identified or pre-
18	vented as a result of the program; and
19	"(III) a detailed legislative pro-
20	posal providing for a long-term exten-
21	sion of activities under the pilot pro-
22	gram, measures to ensure data secu-
23	rity, and confidentiality of personally
24	identifiable information, including ex-
25	pected budgetary resources for those

1	activities, if the Secretary of the
2	Treasury determines that a long-term
3	extension is appropriate.
4	"(C) Prohibition involving certain
5	JURISDICTIONS.—In issuing the rules required
6	under subparagraph (A), the Secretary of the
7	Treasury may not permit a financial institution
8	to share information on reports under this sub-
9	section with a foreign branch, subsidiary, or af-
10	filiate located in a jurisdiction that—
11	"(i) is a state sponsor of terrorism;
12	"(ii) is subject to sanctions imposed
13	by the Federal Government; or
14	"(iii) the Secretary has determined
15	cannot reasonably protect the security and
16	confidentiality of such information.
17	"(D) Implementation updates.—Not
18	later than 360 days after the date on which
19	rules are issued under subparagraph (A), and
20	annually thereafter for 3 years, the Secretary of
21	the Treasury, or the designee of the Secretary,
22	shall brief the Committee on Banking, Housing,
23	and Urban Affairs of the Senate and the Com-
24	mittee on Financial Services of the House of
25	Representatives on—

1	"(i) the degree of any information
2	sharing permitted under the pilot program
3	and a description of criteria used by the
4	Secretary to evaluate the appropriateness
5	of the information sharing;
6	"(ii) the effectiveness of the pilot pro-
7	gram in identifying or preventing the viola-
8	tion of a United States law or regulation
9	and mechanisms that may improve that ef-
10	fectiveness; and
11	"(iii) any recommendations to amend
12	the design of the pilot program.
13	"(9) Treatment of foreign jurisdiction-
14	ORIGINATED REPORTS.—Information related to a re-
15	port received by a financial institution from a for-
16	eign affiliate with respect to a suspicious transaction
17	relevant to a possible violation of law or regulation
18	shall be subject to the same confidentiality require-
19	ments provided under this subsection for a report of
20	a suspicious transaction described in paragraph (1).
21	"(10) No offshoring compliance.—No fi-
22	nancial institution may establish or maintain any op-
23	eration located outside of the United States the pri-
24	mary purpose of which is to ensure compliance with

1	the Bank Secrecy Act as a result of the sharing
2	granted under this subsection.
3	"(11) Definitions.—In this subsection:
4	"(A) Affiliate.—The term 'affiliate'
5	means an entity that controls, is controlled by,
6	or is under common control with another entity.
7	"(B) BANK SECRECY ACT; STATE BANK
8	SUPERVISOR; STATE CREDIT UNION SUPER-
9	VISOR.—The terms 'Bank Secrecy Act', 'State
10	bank supervisor', and 'State credit union super-
11	visor' have the meanings given the terms in sec-
12	tion 5003 of the Anti-Money Laundering Act of
13	2020.".
14	(b) Notification Prohibitions.—Section
15	5318(g)(2)(A) of title 31, United States Code, is amend-
16	ed—
17	(1) in clause (i), by inserting "or otherwise re-
18	veal any information that would reveal that the
19	transaction has been reported," after "transaction
20	has been reported"; and
21	(2) in clause (ii), by inserting "or otherwise re-
22	veal any information that would reveal that the
23	transaction has been reported," after "transaction
24	has been reported,".

1	SEC	5911	SHARING OF COMPLIANCE RESOURCES	
	SH.	2211	SHARING OR COMPLIANCE RESULECTE	

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2	(a) In General.—Section 5318 of title 31, United
3	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
4	lowing:
5	"(o) Sharing of Compliance Resources.—
6	"(1) Sharing permitted.—In order to more
7	efficiently comply with the requirements of this sub-
8	chapter, 2 or more financial institutions may enter
9	into collaborative arrangements, as described in the
10	statement entitled 'Interagency Statement on Shar-
11	ing Bank Secrecy Act Resources', published on Octo-
12	ber 3, 2018, by the Board of Governors of the Fed-
13	eral Reserve System, the Federal Deposit Insurance
14	Corporation, the Financial Crimes Enforcement Net-
15	work, the National Credit Union Administration,
16	and the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency.
17	"(2) Outreach.—The Secretary of the Treas-
18	ury and the appropriate supervising agencies shall
19	carry out an outreach program to provide financial
20	institutions with information, including best prac-
21	tices, with respect to the collaborative arrangements
22	described in paragraph (1).".

- 23 (b) Rule of Construction.—The amendment
- 24 made by subsection (a) may not be construed to require
- 25 financial institutions to share resources.

1	SEC. 5212. ENCOURAGING INFORMATION SHARING AND
2	PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS.
3	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall convene a su-
4	pervisory team of relevant Federal agencies, private sector
5	experts in banking, national security, and law enforce-
6	ment, and other stakeholders to examine strategies to in-
7	crease cooperation between the public and private sectors
8	for purposes of countering proliferation finance and sanc-
9	tions evasion.
10	(b) Meetings.—The supervisory team convened
11	under subsection (a) shall meet periodically to advise on
12	strategies to combat the risk relating to proliferation fi-
13	nancing.
14	(c) Federal Advisory Committee Act.—The
15	Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall not
16	apply to the supervisory team convened under subsection
17	(a) or to the activities of the supervisory team.
18	SEC. 5213. FINANCIAL SERVICES DE-RISKING.
19	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
20	(1) The practice known as de-risking, whereby
21	financial institutions avoid rather than manage the
22	compliance risk making effective anti-money laun-
23	dering, countering the financing of terrorism, and
24	sanctions compliance programs, has negatively im-
25	pacted the ability of nonprofit organizations to con-

duct lifesaving activities around the globe.

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1 (2) It has been estimated that $\frac{2}{3}$ of nonprofit 2 organizations based in the United States with inter-3 national activities face difficulties with financial ac-4 cess, most commonly the inability to send funds 5 internationally through transparent, regulated finan-6 cial channels. 7 (3) Without access to timely and predictable 8 banking services, nonprofit organizations cannot 9 carry out essential humanitarian activities that can 10 mean life or death to those in affected communities. 11 (4) De-risking can ultimately drive money into 12 less transparent channels through the carrying of 13 cash or use of unlicensed or unregistered money 14 service remitters, thus reducing transparency and 15 traceability, which are critical for financial integrity, 16 and can increase the risk of money falling into the 17 wrong hands. 18 (5) Federal agencies must continue to work to 19 address de-risking through the establishment of 20 guidance enabling financial institutions to bank with 21 nonprofit organizations and promoting focused and 22 proportionate measures consistent with a risk-based 23 approach. 24 (6) As the 2020 National Strategy for Com-25 bating Terrorist and Other Illicit Financing of the

1	Department of the Treasury observes, "Treasury
2	and interagency partners will continue to engage
3	with charitable organizations and financial institu-
4	tions to evaluate and communicate the actual risk
5	that these organizations may be misused to support
6	terrorism and that financial institutions apply the
7	risk-based approach to the opening and maintenance
8	of charity accounts, as the vast majority of U.S
9	based tax exempt charitable organizations are not
10	high risk for terrorist financing.".
11	(7) The Federal Government should work coop-
12	eratively with other donor states to promote a multi-
13	stakeholder approach to risk-sharing among govern-
14	ments, financial institutions, and nonprofit organiza-
15	tions.
16	(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
17	gress that—
18	(1) providing vital humanitarian and develop-
19	ment assistance and protecting the integrity of the
20	international financial system are complementary
21	goals; and
22	(2) Congress supports—
23	(A) effective measures to stop the flow of
24	illicit funds and promote the goals of anti-

1	money laundering and countering the financing
2	of terrorism and sanctions regimes;
3	(B) anti-money laundering and countering
4	the financing of terrorism and sanctions policies
5	that do not unduly hinder or delay the efforts
6	of legitimate humanitarian organizations in pro-
7	viding assistance to—
8	(i) meet the needs of civilians facing
9	a humanitarian crisis, including enabling
10	governments and humanitarian organiza-
11	tions to provide them with timely access to
12	food, health, and medical care, shelter, and
13	clean drinking water; and
14	(ii) prevent or alleviate human suf-
15	fering, in keeping with requirements of
16	international humanitarian law;
17	(C) policies that ensure that incidental, in-
18	advertent benefits that may indirectly benefit a
19	designated group in the course of delivering
20	life-saving aid to civilian populations are not
21	the primary focus of Federal Government en-
22	forcement efforts; and
23	(D) laws, regulations, policies, guidance,
24	and other measures that ensure the integrity of

1	the financial system through a risk-based ap-
2	proach.
3	(c) GAO DE-RISKING ANALYSIS.—Not later than 1
4	year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comp-
5	troller General of the United States shall conduct a study
6	and submit to Congress a report—
7	(1) evaluating the effect of anti-money laun-
8	dering and countering the financing of terrorism re-
9	quirements on individuals and entities, including
10	charities, embassy accounts, money-service busi-
11	nesses, and correspondent banks, that—
12	(A) have been subject to categorical de-
13	risking by financial institutions operating in the
14	United States; or
15	(B) otherwise have difficulty accessing or
16	maintaining—
17	(i) relationships in the United States
18	financial system; or
19	(ii) certain financial services in the
20	United States, including opening and keep-
21	ing open an account;
22	(2) evaluating the consequences of financial in-
23	stitutions de-risking entire categories of relation-
24	ships with the individuals and entities described in
25	paragraph (1); and

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(3) identifying options for financial institutions handling transactions or accounts for high-risk categories of clients and for minimizing the negative effects of anti-money laundering and countering the financing of terrorism requirements on the individuals and entities described in paragraph (1) without compromising the effectiveness of Federal anti-money laundering and countering the financing of terrorism requirements.

(d) REVIEW OF DE-RISKING.—

- (1) DEFINITION.—In this subsection, the term "de-risking" means an action taken by a financial institution to terminate or restrict a business relationship with a customer, or a category of customers, rather than manage the risk associated with that relationship consistent with risk-based supervisory or regulatory requirements.
- (2) Review.—Upon completion of the analysis required under subsection (c), the Secretary, in consultation with the Federal functional regulators, State bank supervisors, State credit union supervisors, appropriate public and private sector stakeholders, and other appropriate parties, shall—
 - (A) undertake a formal review of the financial institution reporting requirements, as in

1	effect on the date of enactment of this Act, in-
2	cluding the processes used to submit reports
3	under the Bank Secrecy Act, regulations imple-
4	menting the Bank Secrecy Act, and related
5	guidance; and
6	(B) propose changes to those requirements
7	described in paragraph (1) to reduce any un-
8	necessarily burdensome regulatory requirements
9	and ensure that the information provided ful-
10	fills the purpose described in section 5311 of
11	title 31, United States Code, as amended by
12	this division.
13	(3) Contents.—The review required under
14	paragraph (2) shall—
15	(A) rely substantially on information ob-
16	tained through the de-risking analyses con-
17	ducted by the Comptroller General of the
18	United States; and
19	(B) consider—
20	(i) any adverse consequence of finan-
21	cial institutions de-risking entire categories
22	of relationships, including charities, em-
23	bassy accounts, money services businesses,
24	as defined in section 1010.100 of title 31,
25	Code of Federal Regulations, agents of the

1	financial institutions, countries, inter-
2	national and domestic regions, and re-
3	spondent banks;
4	(ii) the reasons why financial institu-
5	tions are engaging in de-risking;
6	(iii) the association with and effects of
7	de-risking on money laundering and finan-
8	cial crime actors and activities;
9	(iv) the most appropriate ways to pro-
10	mote financial inclusion, particularly with
11	respect to developing countries, while
12	maintaining compliance with the Bank Se-
13	crecy Act, including an assessment of pol-
14	icy options to—
15	(I) more effectively tailor Federal
16	actions and penalties to the size of
17	foreign financial institutions and any
18	capacity limitations of foreign govern-
19	ments; and
20	(II) reduce compliance costs that
21	may lead to the adverse consequences
22	described in clause (i);
23	(v) formal and informal feedback pro-
24	vided by examiners that may have led to
25	de-risking;

1	(vi) the relationship between resources
2	dedicated to compliance and overall sophis-
3	tication of compliance efforts at entities
4	that may be experiencing de-risking versus
5	those that have not experienced de-risking
6	(vii) any best practices from the pri-
7	vate sector that facilitate correspondent
8	bank relationships; and
9	(viii) any other matter that the Sec-
10	retary determines is appropriate.
11	(4) Strategy on De-Risking.—Upon the com-
12	pletion of the review required under this subsection
13	the Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with
14	the Federal functional regulators, State bank super-
15	visors, State credit union supervisors, appropriate
16	public and private sector stakeholders, and other ap-
17	propriate parties, shall develop a strategy to reduce
18	de-risking and adverse consequences related to de-
19	risking.
20	(5) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the
21	completion of the review required under this sub-
22	section, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a re-
23	port containing—
24	(A) all findings and determinations made
25	in carrying out the review; and

1	(B) the strategy developed under para-
2	graph (4).
3	SEC. 5214. REVIEW OF REGULATIONS AND GUIDANCE.
4	(a) In General.—The Secretary, in consultation
5	with the Federal functional regulators, the Federal Finan-
6	cial Institutions Examination Council, the Attorney Gen-
7	eral, Federal law enforcement agencies, the Director of
8	National Intelligence, the Secretary of Homeland Security,
9	and the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, shall—
10	(1) undertake a formal review of the regulations
11	implementing the Bank Secrecy Act and guidance
12	related to that Act—
13	(A) to ensure the Department of the
14	Treasury provides, on a continuing basis, for
15	appropriate safeguards to protect the financial
16	system from threats, including money laun-
17	dering and the financing of terrorism and pro-
18	liferation, to national security posed by various
19	forms of financial crime;
20	(B) to ensure that those provisions will
21	continue to require certain reports or records
22	that are highly useful in countering financial
23	crime; and
24	(C) to identify those regulations and guid-
25	ance that—

1	(i) may be outdated, redundant, or
2	otherwise do not promote a risk-based
3	anti-money laundering compliance and
4	countering the financing of terrorism re-
5	gime for financial institutions; or
6	(ii) do not conform with the commit-
7	ments of the United States to meet inter-
8	national standards to combat money laun-
9	dering, financing of terrorism, serious tax
10	fraud, or other financial crimes; and
11	(2) make appropriate changes to the regulations
12	and guidance described in paragraph (1) to improve,
13	as appropriate, the efficiency of those provisions.
14	(b) Public Comment.—The Secretary shall solicit
15	public comment as part of the review required under sub-
16	section (a).
17	(c) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date
18	of enactment of this Act, the Secretary, in consultation
19	with the Federal Financial Institutions Examination
20	Council, the Federal functional regulators, the Attorney
21	General, Federal law enforcement agencies, the Director
22	of National Intelligence, the Secretary of Homeland Secu-
23	rity, and the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, shall sub-
24	mit to Congress a report that contains all findings and
25	determinations made in carrying out the review required

1	under subsection (a), including administrative or legisla-
2	tive recommendations.
3	TITLE LIII—IMPROVING ANTI-
4	MONEY LAUNDERING AND
5	COUNTERING THE FINANC-
6	ING OF TERRORISM COMMU-
7	NICATION, OVERSIGHT, AND
8	PROCESSES
9	SEC. 5301. IMPROVED INTERAGENCY COORDINATION AND
10	CONSULTATION.
11	Section 5318 of title 31, United States Code, as
12	amended by section 5211(a) of this division, is amended
13	by adding at the end the following:
14	"(p) Interagency Coordination and Consulta-
15	TION.—
16	"(1) In General.—The Secretary of the
17	Treasury shall, as appropriate, invite an appropriate
18	State bank supervisor and an appropriate State
19	credit union supervisor to participate in the inter-
20	agency consultation and coordination with the Fed-
21	eral depository institution regulators regarding the
22	development or modification of any rule or regula-
23	tion carrying out this subchapter.
24	"(2) Rules of Construction.—Nothing in
25	this subsection may be construed to—

1	"(A) affect, modify, or limit the discretion
2	of the Secretary of the Treasury with respect to
3	the methods or forms of interagency consulta-
4	tion and coordination; or
5	"(B) require the Secretary of the Treasury
6	or a Federal depository institution regulator to
7	coordinate or consult with an appropriate State
8	bank supervisor or to invite such supervisor to
9	participate in interagency consultation and co-
10	ordination with respect to a matter, including a
11	rule or regulation, specifically affecting only
12	Federal depository institutions or Federal credit
13	unions.
14	"(3) Definitions.—In this subsection:
15	"(A) Appropriate state bank super-
16	VISOR.—The term 'appropriate State bank su-
17	pervisor' means the Chairman or members of
18	the State Liaison Committee of the Federal Fi-
19	nancial Institutions Examination Council.
20	"(B) Appropriate state credit union
21	Supervisor.—The term 'appropriate State
22	credit union supervisor' means the Chairman or
23	members of the State Liaison Committee of the
24	Federal Financial Institutions Examination
25	Council.

1	"(C) FEDERAL CREDIT UNION.—The term
2	'Federal credit union' has the meaning given
3	the term in section 101 of the Federal Credit
4	Union Act (12 U.S.C. 1752).
5	"(D) Federal Depository Institu-
6	TION.—The term 'Federal depository institu-
7	tion' has the meaning given the term in section
8	3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12
9	U.S.C. 1813).
10	"(E) Federal Depository Institution
11	REGULATORS.—The term 'Federal depository
12	institution regulator' means the members of the
13	Federal Financial Institutions Examination
14	Council to which is delegated any authority of
15	the Secretary under subsection (a)(1).".
16	SEC. 5302. SUBCOMMITTEE ON INFORMATION SECURITY
17	AND CONFIDENTIALITY.
18	Section 1564 of the Annunzio-Wylie Anti-Money
19	Laundering Act (31 U.S.C. 5311 note), as amended by
20	section 5207 of this division, is amended by adding at the
21	end the following:
22	"(e) Subcommittee on Information Security
23	AND CONFIDENTIALITY.—
24	"(1) IN GENERAL.—There shall be within the
25	Bank Secrecy Act Advisory Group a subcommittee

to be known as the Subcommittee on Information Security and Confidentiality (in this subsection referred to as the 'Subcommittee') to advise the Secretary of the Treasury regarding the information security and confidentiality implications of regulations, guidance, information sharing programs, and the examination for compliance with and enforcement of the provisions of the Bank Secrecy Act.

"(2) Membership.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Subcommittee shall consist of the representatives of the heads of the Federal functional regulators and representatives from financial institutions subject to the Bank Secrecy Act, law enforcement, FinCEN, and any other representatives as determined by the Secretary of the Treasury.

"(B) REQUIREMENTS.—Each agency representative described in subparagraph (A) shall be an individual who has demonstrated knowledge and competence concerning the application of the Bank Secrecy Act and familiarity with and expertise in applicable laws.

"(3) Sunset.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the Subcommittee shall ter-

1	minate on the date that is 5 years after the
2	date of enactment of this subsection.
3	"(B) Exception.—The Secretary of the
4	Treasury may renew the Subcommittee for 1-
5	year periods beginning on the date that is 5
6	years after the date of enactment of this sub-
7	section.
8	"(f) Definitions.—In this section:
9	"(1) Bank secrecy act.—the term 'Bank Se-
10	crecy Act' has the meaning given the term in section
11	5003 of the Anti-Money Laundering Act of 2020.
12	"(2) Federal functional regulator.—The
13	term 'Federal functional regulator' has the meaning
14	given the term in section 509 of the Gramm-Leach-
15	Bliley Act (15 U.S.C. 6809).
16	"(3) FINCEN.—The term 'FinCEN' means the
17	Financial Crimes Enforcement Network of the De-
18	partment of the Treasury.
19	"(4) Financial institution.—The term 'fi-
20	nancial institution' has the meaning given the term
21	in section 5312 of title 31, United States Code.
22	"(5) STATE CREDIT UNION SUPERVISOR.—The
23	term 'State credit union supervisor' means a State
24	official described in section 107A(e) of the Federal
25	Credit Union Act (12 U.S.C. 1757a(e)).".

1	SEC	5909	PINCEN	ANALYTICAL	LITID
	5 H.C.	5303	HINCHIN	ANALYTICAL	. HIIK

- Section 310 of title 31, United States Code, as amended by sections 5103, 5105, 5107, 5108, and 5109
- 4 of this division, is amended by inserting after subsection
- 5 (i) the following:

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- 6 "(j) Analytical Experts.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—FinCEN shall maintain financial experts capable of identifying, tracking, and tracing money laundering and terrorist-financing networks in order to conduct and support civil and criminal anti-money laundering and countering the financing of terrorism investigations conducted by the United States Government.
 - "(2) FINCEN ANALYTICAL HUB.—FinCEN, upon a reasonable request from a Federal agency, shall, in collaboration with the requesting agency and the appropriate Federal functional regulator, analyze the potential anti-money laundering and countering the financing of terrorism activity that prompted the request.
- 21 "(k) Definitions.—In this section:
- "(1) Bank Secrecy act.—The term 'Bank Secrecy Act' has the meaning given the term in section
 5003 of the Anti-Money Laundering Act of 2020.
- 25 "(2) FEDERAL FUNCTIONAL REGULATOR.—The
 26 term 'Federal functional regulator' has the meaning

1	given the term in section 509 of the Gramm-Leach-
2	Bliley Act (15 U.S.C. 6809).
3	"(3) Financial institution.—The term 'fi-
4	nancial institution' has the meaning given the term
5	in section 5312.
6	"(4) State bank supervisor.—The term
7	'State bank supervisor' has the meaning given the
8	term in section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance
9	Act (12 U.S.C. 1813).
10	"(5) STATE CREDIT UNION SUPERVISOR.—The
11	term 'State credit union supervisor' means a State
12	official described in section 107A(e) of the Federal
13	Credit Union Act (12 U.S.C. 1757a(e)).".
1314	Credit Union Act (12 U.S.C. 1757a(e)).". SEC. 5304. ASSESSMENT OF BANK SECRECY ACT NO-ACTION
14	SEC. 5304. ASSESSMENT OF BANK SECRECY ACT NO-ACTION
14 15	SEC. 5304. ASSESSMENT OF BANK SECRECY ACT NO-ACTION LETTERS.
141516	SEC. 5304. ASSESSMENT OF BANK SECRECY ACT NO-ACTION LETTERS. (a) ASSESSMENT.—
14151617	SEC. 5304. ASSESSMENT OF BANK SECRECY ACT NO-ACTION LETTERS. (a) ASSESSMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director, in consulta-
14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 5304. ASSESSMENT OF BANK SECRECY ACT NO-ACTION LETTERS. (a) ASSESSMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director, in consultation with the Attorney General, the Federal func-
141516171819	SEC. 5304. ASSESSMENT OF BANK SECRECY ACT NO-ACTION LETTERS. (a) ASSESSMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director, in consultation with the Attorney General, the Federal functional regulators, State bank supervisors, State cred-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	LETTERS. (a) Assessment.— (1) In General.—The Director, in consultation with the Attorney General, the Federal functional regulators, State bank supervisors, State credit union supervisors, and other Federal agencies, as
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	LETTERS. (a) Assessment.— (1) In general.—The Director, in consultation with the Attorney General, the Federal functional regulators, State bank supervisors, State credit union supervisors, and other Federal agencies, as appropriate, shall conduct an assessment on whether
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	LETTERS. (a) Assessment.— (1) In General.—The Director, in consultation with the Attorney General, the Federal functional regulators, State bank supervisors, State credit union supervisors, and other Federal agencies, as appropriate, shall conduct an assessment on whether to establish a process for the issuance of no-action

1	115 Stat. 272), section 8(s) of the Federal Deposit
2	Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1818(s)), or any other
3	anti-money laundering or countering the financing of
4	terrorism law (including regulations) to specific con-
5	duct, including a request for a statement as to
6	whether FinCEN or any relevant Federal functional
7	regulator intends to take an enforcement action
8	against the person with respect to such conduct.
9	(2) Analysis.—The assessment required under
10	paragraph (1) shall include an analysis of—
11	(A) a timeline for the process used to
12	reach a final determination by FinCEN, in con-
13	sultation with the relevant Federal functional
14	regulators, in response to a request by a person
15	for a no-action letter;
16	(B) whether improvements in current proc-
17	esses are necessary;
18	(C) whether a formal no-action letter proc-
19	ess would help to mitigate or accentuate illicit
20	finance risks in the United States; and
21	(D) any other matter the Secretary deter-
22	mines is appropriate.
23	(b) Report and Rulemakings.—Not later than
24	180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
25	retary, in coordination with the Director of the Federal

Bureau of Investigation, the Attorney General, the Sec-2 retary of Homeland Security, and the Federal functional 3 regulators, shall— 4 (1) submit to the Committee on Banking, 5 Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate and the 6 Committee on Financial Services of the House of 7 Representatives a report that contains all findings 8 and determinations made in carrying out the study 9 required under subsection (a); and 10 (2) propose rulemakings, if appropriate, to im-11 plement the findings and determinations described in 12 paragraph (1). 13 SEC. 5305. COOPERATION WITH LAW ENFORCEMENT. 14 (a) In General.— 15 (1) AMENDMENT TO TITLE 31.—Subchapter II 16 of chapter 53 of title 31, United States Code, is 17 amended by adding at the end the following: 18 "§ 5333. Safe harbor with respect to keep open direc-19 tives 20 "(a) In General.—With respect to a customer ac-21 count or customer transaction of a financial institution, 22 if a Federal law enforcement agency with the acknowledg-23 ment of FinCEN, or a State, Tribal, or local law enforcement agency with the acknowledgment and concurrence of FinCEN, submits to the financial institution a written re-

1	quest that the financial institution keep that account or
2	transaction open (referred to in this section as a 'keep
3	open request')—
4	"(1) the financial institution shall not be liable
5	under this subchapter for maintaining that account
6	or transaction consistent with the parameters and
7	timing of the request; and
8	"(2) no Federal or State department or agency
9	may take any adverse supervisory action under this
10	subchapter with respect to the financial institution
11	solely for maintaining that account or transaction
12	consistent with the parameters of the request.
13	"(b) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
14	tion may be construed—
15	"(1) to prevent a Federal or State department
16	or agency from verifying the validity of a keep open
17	request submitted under subsection (a) with the law
18	enforcement agency submitting that request;
19	"(2) to relieve a financial institution from com-
20	plying with any reporting requirements or any other
21	provisions of this subchapter, including the reporting
22	of suspicious transactions under section 5318(g); or
23	"(3) to extend the safe harbor described in sub-
24	section (a) to any actions taken by the financial in-
25	stitution—

1	"(A) before the date of the keep open re-
2	quest to maintain a customer account; or
3	"(B) after the termination date stated in
4	the keep open request.
5	"(c) Letter Termination Date.—For the pur-
6	poses of this section, any keep open request submitted
7	under subsection (a) shall include a termination date after
8	which that request shall no longer apply.
9	"(d) Record Keeping.—Any Federal, State, Tribal,
10	or local law enforcement agency that submits to a financial
11	institution a keep open request shall, not later than 2 busi-
12	ness days after the date on which the request is submitted
13	to the financial institution—
14	"(1) submit to FinCEN a copy of the request;
15	and
16	"(2) alert FinCEN as to whether the financial
17	institution has implemented the request.
18	"(e) Guidance.—The Secretary of the Treasury, in
19	consultation with the Attorney General and Federal,
20	State, Tribal, and local law enforcement agencies, shall
21	issue guidance on the required elements of a keep open
22	request.".
23	(2) Amendment to public law 91–508.—
24	Chapter 2 of title I of Public Law 91–508 (12

1	U.S.C. 1951 et seq.) is amended by adding at the
2	end the following:
3	"§ 130. Safe harbor with respect to keep open direc-
4	tives
5	"(a) Definition.—In this section, the term 'finan-
6	cial institution' means an entity to which section 123(b)
7	applies.
8	"(b) Safe Harbor.—With respect to a customer ac-
9	count or customer transaction of a financial institution,
10	if a Federal law enforcement agency with the acknowledg-
11	ment of FinCEN, or a State, Tribal, or local law enforce-
12	ment agency with the acknowledgment and concurrence of
13	FinCEN, submits to the financial institution a written re-
14	quest that the financial institution keep that account or
15	transaction open (referred to in this section as a 'keep
16	open request')—
17	"(1) the financial institution shall not be liable
18	under this chapter for maintaining that account or
19	transaction consistent with the parameters and tim-
20	ing of the request; and
21	"(2) no Federal or State department or agency
22	may take any adverse supervisory action under this
23	chapter with respect to the financial institution sole-
24	ly for maintaining that account or transaction con-
25	sistent with the parameters of the request.

1	(c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this sec-
2	tion may be construed—
3	"(1) to prevent a Federal or State department
4	or agency from verifying the validity of a keep open
5	request submitted under subsection (b) with the law
6	enforcement agency submitting that request;
7	"(2) to relieve a financial institution from com-
8	plying with any reporting requirements, including
9	the reporting of suspicious transactions under sec-
10	tion 5318(g) of title 31, United States Code; or
11	"(3) to extend the safe harbor described in sub-
12	section (b) to any actions taken by the financial in-
13	stitution—
14	"(A) before the date of the keep open re-
15	quest to maintain a customer account; or
16	"(B) after the termination date stated in
17	the keep open request.
18	"(d) Letter Termination Date.—For the pur-
19	poses of this section, any keep open request submitted
20	under subsection (b) shall include a termination date after
21	which that request shall no longer apply.
22	"(e) Record Keeping.—Any Federal, State, Tribal,
23	or local law enforcement agency that submits to a financial
24	institution a keep open request shall, not later than 2 busi-

- 1 ness days after the date on which the request is submitted
- 2 to the financial institution—
- 3 "(1) submit to FinCEN a copy of the request;
- 4 and
- 5 "(2) alert FinCEN as to whether the financial
- 6 institution has implemented the request.".
- 7 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—
- 8 (1) TITLE 31.—The table of sections for chap-
- 9 ter 53 of title 31, United States Code, is amended
- by inserting after the item relating to section 5332
- the following:

"5333. Safe harbor with respect to keep open directives.".

- 12 (2) Public Law 91–508.—The table of sections
- for chapter 2 of title I of Public Law 91–508 (12
- 14 U.S.C. 1951 et seq.) is amended by adding at the
- end the following:

"130. Safe harbor with respect to keep open directives.".

- 16 SEC. 5306. TRAINING FOR EXAMINERS ON ANTI-MONEY
- 17 LAUNDERING AND COUNTERING THE FI-
- 18 NANCING OF TERRORISM.
- 19 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter II of chapter 53 of
- 20 title 31, United States Code, as amended by section
- 21 5305(a)(1)(A) of this division, is amended by adding at
- 22 the end the following:

1	"§ 5334. Training regarding anti-money laundering
2	and countering the financing of terrorism
3	"(a) Training Requirement.—Each Federal ex-
4	aminer reviewing compliance with the Bank Secrecy Act,
5	as defined in section 5003 of the Anti-Money Laundering
6	Act of 2020, shall attend appropriate annual training, as
7	determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, relating to
8	anti-money laundering activities and countering the fi-
9	nancing of terrorism, including with respect to—
10	"(1) potential risk profiles and warning signs
11	that an examiner may encounter during examina-
12	tions;
13	"(2) financial crime patterns and trends;
14	"(3) the high-level context for why anti-money
15	laundering and countering the financing of terrorism
16	programs are necessary for law enforcement agen-
17	cies and other national security agencies and what
18	risks those programs seek to mitigate; and
19	"(4) de-risking and the effect of de-risking on
20	the provision of financial services.
21	"(b) Training Materials and Standards.—The
22	Secretary of the Treasury shall, in consultation with the
23	Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council, the
24	Financial Crimes Enforcement Network, and Federal,
25	State, Tribal, and local law enforcement agencies, estab-

1	lish appropriate training materials and standards for use
2	in the training required under subsection (a).".
3	(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections
4	for chapter 53 of title 31, United States Code, as amended
5	by section 5305(b)(1) of this division, is amended by add-
6	ing at the end the following:
	"5334. Training regarding anti-money laundering and countering the financing of terrorism.".
7	SEC. 5307. OBTAINING FOREIGN BANK RECORDS FROM
8	BANKS WITH UNITED STATES COR-
9	RESPONDENT ACCOUNTS.
10	(a) Grand Jury and Trial Subpoenas.—Section
11	5318(k) of title 31, United States Code, is amended—
12	(1) in paragraph (1)—
13	(A) by redesignating subparagraph (B) as
14	subparagraph (C); and
15	(B) by inserting after subparagraph (A)
16	the following:
17	"(B) COVERED FINANCIAL INSTITUTION.—
18	The term 'covered financial institution' means
19	an institution referred to in subsection $(j)(1)$.";
20	and
21	(2) by striking paragraph (3) and inserting the
22	following:
23	"(3) Foreign bank records.—
24	"(A) Subpoena of records.—

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1	"(i) In General.—Notwithstanding
2	subsection (b), the Secretary of the Treas-
3	ury or the Attorney General may issue a
4	subpoena to any foreign bank that main-
5	tains a correspondent account in the
6	United States and request any records re-
7	lating to the correspondent account or any
8	account at the foreign bank, including
9	records maintained outside of the United
10	States, that are the subject of—
11	"(I) any investigation of a viola-
12	tion of a criminal law of the United
13	States;
14	"(II) any investigation of a viola-
15	tion of this subchapter;
16	"(III) a civil forfeiture action; or
17	"(IV) an administrative pro-
18	ceeding under section 5318A.
19	"(ii) Production of Records.—The
20	foreign bank on which a subpoena de-
21	scribed in clause (i) is served shall produce
22	all requested records and authenticate all
23	requested records with testimony in the
24	manner described in—

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1	"(I) rule $902(12)$ of the Federal
2	Rules of Evidence; or
3	"(II) section 3505 of title 18 .
4	"(iii) Issuance and service of sub-
5	POENA.—A subpoena described in clause
6	(i)—
7	"(I) shall designate—
8	"(aa) a return date; and
9	"(bb) the judicial district in
10	which the related investigation is
11	proceeding; and
12	"(II) may be served—
13	"(aa) in person;
14	"(bb) by mail or fax in the
15	United States if the foreign bank
16	has a representative in the
17	United States; or
18	"(cc) if applicable, in a for-
19	eign country under any mutual
20	legal assistance treaty, multilat-
21	eral agreement, or other request
22	for international legal or law en-
23	forcement assistance.
24	"(iv) Relief from Subpoena.—

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1	"(I) In general.—At any time
2	before the return date of a subpoena
3	described in clause (i), the foreign
4	bank on which the subpoena is served
5	may petition the district court of the
6	United States for the judicial district
7	in which the related investigation is
8	proceeding, as designated in the sub-
9	poena, to modify or quash—
10	"(aa) the subpoena; or
11	"(bb) the prohibition against
12	disclosure described in subpara-
13	graph (C).
14	"(II) CONFLICT WITH FOREIGN
15	SECRECY OR CONFIDENTIALITY.—An
16	assertion that compliance with a sub-
17	poena described in clause (i) would
18	conflict with a provision of foreign se-
19	crecy or confidentiality law shall not
20	be a basis for quashing or modifying
21	the subpoena.
22	"(B) Acceptance of Service.—
23	"(i) Maintaining records in the
24	UNITED STATES.—Any covered financial
25	institution that maintains a correspondent

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1	account in the United States for a foreign
2	bank shall maintain records in the United
3	States identifying—
4	"(I) the owners of record and the
5	beneficial owners of the foreign bank;
6	and
7	"(II) the name and address of a
8	person who—
9	"(aa) resides in the United
10	States; and
11	"(bb) is authorized to accept
12	service of legal process for
13	records covered under this sub-
14	section.
15	"(ii) Law enforcement request.—
16	Upon receipt of a written request from a
17	Federal law enforcement officer for infor-
18	mation required to be maintained under
19	this paragraph, a covered financial institu-
20	tion shall provide the information to the
21	requesting officer not later than 7 days
22	after receipt of the request.
23	"(C) Nondisclosure of Subpoena.—
24	"(i) In general.—No officer, direc-
25	tor, partner, employee, or shareholder of,

1	or agent or attorney for, a foreign bank on
2	which a subpoena is served under this
3	paragraph shall, directly or indirectly, no-
4	tify any account holder involved or any
5	person named in the subpoena issued
6	under subparagraph (A)(i) and served on
7	the foreign bank about the existence or
8	contents of the subpoena.
9	"(ii) Damages.—Upon application by
10	the Attorney General for a violation of this
11	subparagraph, a foreign bank on which a
12	subpoena is served under this paragraph
13	shall be liable to the United States Govern-
14	ment for a civil penalty in an amount
15	equal to—
16	``(I) double the amount of the
17	suspected criminal proceeds sent
18	through the correspondent account of
19	the foreign bank in the related inves-
20	tigation; or
21	"(II) if no such proceeds can be
22	identified, not more than \$250,000.
23	"(D) Enforcement.—
24	"(i) IN GENERAL.—If a foreign bank
25	fails to obey a subpoena issued under sub-

1	paragraph (A)(i), the Attorney General
2	may invoke the aid of the district court of
3	the United States for the judicial district
4	in which the investigation or related pro-
5	ceeding is occurring to compel compliance
6	with the subpoena.
7	"(ii) Court orders and contempt
8	OF COURT.—A court described in clause (i)
9	may—
10	"(I) issue an order requiring the
11	foreign bank to appear before the Sec-
12	retary of the Treasury or the Attorney
13	General to produce—
14	"(aa) certified records, in
15	accordance with—
16	"(AA) rule 902(12) of
17	the Federal Rules of Evi-
18	dence; or
19	"(BB) section 3505 of
20	title 18; or
21	"(bb) testimony regarding
22	the production of the certified
23	records; and

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1	"(II) punish any failure to obey
2	an order issued under subclause (I) as
3	contempt of court.
4	"(iii) Service of process.—All
5	process in a case under this subparagraph
6	shall be served on the foreign bank in the
7	same manner as described in subparagraph
8	(A)(iii).
9	"(E) TERMINATION OF CORRESPONDENT
10	RELATIONSHIP.—
11	"(i) TERMINATION UPON RECEIPT OF
12	NOTICE.—A covered financial institution
13	shall terminate any correspondent relation-
14	ship with a foreign bank not later than 10
15	business days after the date on which the
16	covered financial institution receives writ-
17	ten notice from the Secretary of the Treas-
18	ury or the Attorney General if, after con-
19	sultation with the other, the Secretary of
20	the Treasury or the Attorney General, as
21	applicable, determines that the foreign
22	bank has failed—
23	"(I) to comply with a subpoena
24	issued under subparagraph (A)(i): or

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1	"(II) to prevail in proceedings be-
2	fore—
3	"(aa) the appropriate dis-
4	trict court of the United States
5	after challenging a subpoena de-
6	scribed in subclause (I) under
7	subparagraph (A)(iv)(I); or
8	"(bb) a court of appeals of
9	the United States after appealing
10	a decision of a district court of
11	the United States under item
12	(aa).
13	"(ii) Limitation on liability.—A
14	covered financial institution shall not be
15	liable to any person in any court or arbi-
16	tration proceeding for—
17	"(I) terminating a correspondent
18	relationship under this subparagraph;
19	or
20	"(II) complying with a nondisclo-
21	sure order under subparagraph (C).
22	"(iii) Failure to terminate rela-
23	TIONSHIP.—A covered financial institution
24	that fails to terminate a correspondent re-
25	lationship under clause (i) shall be liable

1	for a civil penalty in an amount that is not
2	more than \$25,000 for each day that the
3	covered financial institution fails to termi-
4	nate the relationship.
5	"(F) Enforcement of civil pen-
6	ALTIES.—Upon application by the United
7	States, any funds held in the correspondent ac-
8	count of a foreign bank that is maintained in
9	the United States with a covered financial insti-
10	tution may be seized by the United States to
11	satisfy any civil penalties that are imposed—
12	"(i) under subparagraph (C)(ii); or
13	"(ii) by a court for contempt under
14	subparagraph (D).".
15	(b) Fair Credit Reporting Act Amendment.—
16	Section 604(a)(1) of the Fair Credit Reporting Act (15
17	U.S.C. 1681b(a)(1)) is amended—
18	(1) by striking ", or a" and inserting ", a"; and
19	(2) by inserting ", or a subpoena issued in ac-
20	cordance with section 5318 of title 31, United States
21	Code, or section 3486 of title 18, United States
22	Code" after "grand jury".
23	(c) Obstruction of Justice.—Section
24	1510(b)(3)(B) of title 18, United States Code, is amend-
25	ed—

1	(1) in the matter preceding clause (i), by strik-
2	ing "or a Department of Justice subpoena (issued
3	under section 3486 of title 18)" and inserting ", a
4	subpoena issued under section 3486 of this title, or
5	an order or subpoena issued in accordance with sec-
6	tion 3512 of this title, section 5318 of title 31, or
7	section 1782 of title 28"; and
8	(2) in clause (i), by inserting ", 1960, an of-
9	fense against a foreign nation constituting specified
10	unlawful activity under section 1956, a foreign of-
11	fense for which enforcement of a foreign forfeiture
12	judgment could be brought under section 2467 of
13	title 28" after "1957".
14	(d) RIGHT TO FINANCIAL PRIVACY ACT.—Section
15	1120(b)(1)(A) of the Right to Financial Privacy Act of
16	1978 (12 U.S.C. 3420(b)(1)(A)) is amended—
17	(1) by striking "or 1957 of title 18" and insert-
18	ing ", 1957, or 1960 of title 18, United States
19	Code"; and
20	(2) by striking "and 5324 of title 31" and in-
21	serting ", 5322, 5324, 5331, and 5332 of title 31,
22	United States Code".

1	SEC. 5308. ADDITIONAL DAMAGES FOR REPEAT BANK SE-
2	CRECY ACT VIOLATORS.
3	Section 5321 of title 31, United States Code, is
4	amended by adding at the end the following:
5	"(f) Additional Damages for Repeat Viola-
6	TORS.—In addition to any other fines permitted under this
7	section and section 5322, with respect to a person who
8	has previously violated a provision of (or rule issued
9	under) this subchapter, section 21 of the Federal Deposit
10	Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1829b), or section 123 of Public
11	Law 91–508 (12 U.S.C. 1953), the Secretary of the
12	Treasury, if practicable, may impose an additional civil
13	penalty against such person for each additional such viola-
14	tion in an amount that is not more than the greater of—
15	"(1) if practicable to calculate, 3 times the
16	profit gained or loss avoided by such person as a re-
17	sult of the violation; or
18	"(2) 2 times the maximum penalty with respect
19	to the violation.".
20	SEC. 5309. CERTAIN VIOLATORS BARRED FROM SERVING
21	ON BOARDS OF UNITED STATES FINANCIAL
22	INSTITUTIONS.
23	(a) In General.—Section 5321 of title 31, United
24	States Code, as amended by section 5308 of this division,
25	is amended by adding at the end the following:

1	"(g) CERTAIN VIOLATORS BARRED FROM SERVING
2	ON BOARDS OF UNITED STATES FINANCIAL INSTITU-
3	TIONS.—
4	"(1) Definition.—In this subsection, the term
5	'egregious violation' means, with respect to an indi-
6	vidual—
7	"(A) a criminal violation—
8	"(i) for which the individual is con-
9	victed; and
10	"(ii) for which the maximum term of
11	imprisonment is more than 1 year; and
12	"(B) a civil violation in which—
13	"(i) the individual willfully committed
14	the violation; and
15	"(ii) the violation facilitated money
16	laundering or the financing of terrorism.
17	"(2) Bar.—An individual found to have com-
18	mitted an egregious violation of the Bank Secrecy
19	Act, as defined in section 5003 of the Anti-Money
20	Laundering Act of 2020, or any rules issued under
21	the Bank Secrecy Act, shall be barred from serving
22	on the board of directors of a United States finan-
23	cial institution during the 10-year period that begins
24	on the date on which the conviction or judgment, as

1	applicable, with respect to the egregious violation is
2	entered.".
3	(b) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in the
4	amendment made by subsection (a) shall be construed to
5	limit the application of section 19 of the Federal Deposit
6	Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1829).
7	SEC. 5310. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE REPORT ON DE-
8	FERRED AND NON-PROSECUTION AGREE
9	MENTS.
10	(a) Annual Report.—Not later than 1 year after
11	the date of enactment of this Act, and for each of the
12	4 years thereafter, the Attorney General shall submit to
13	the appropriate committees of Congress a report that con-
14	tains—
15	(1) a list of deferred prosecution agreements
16	and non-prosecution agreements that the Attorney
17	General has entered into during the year covered by
18	the report with any person with respect to a viola-
19	tion or suspected violation of the Bank Secrecy Act
20	(referred to in this subsection as "covered agree-
21	ments");
22	(2) the justification for entering into each cov-
23	ered agreement;

1	(3) the list of factors that were taken into ac-
2	count in determining that the Attorney General
3	should enter into each covered agreement; and
4	(4) the extent of coordination the Attorney
5	General conducted with the Secretary of the Treas-
6	ury, Federal functional regulators, or State regu-
7	lators before entering into each covered agreement.
8	(b) Classified Annex.—Each report submitted
9	under subsection (a) may include a classified annex.
10	(c) Definition.—In this section, the term "appro-
11	priate committees of Congress" means—
12	(1) the Committee on Banking, Housing, and
13	Urban Affairs of the Senate;
14	(2) the Committee on the Judiciary of the Sen-
15	ate;
16	(3) the Committee on Financial Services of the
17	House of Representatives; and
18	(4) the Committee on the Judiciary of the
19	House of Representatives.
20	SEC. 5311. RETURN OF PROFITS AND BONUSES.
21	(a) In General.—Section 5322 of title 31, United
22	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
23	lowing:
24	"(e) A person convicted of violating a provision of (or
25	rule issued under) the Bank Secrecy Act, as defined in

1	section 5003 of the Anti-Money Laundering Act of 2020,
2	shall—
3	"(1) in addition to any other fine under this
4	section, be fined in an amount that is equal to the
5	profit gained by such person by reason of such viola-
6	tion, as determined by the court; and
7	"(2) if the person is an individual who was a
8	partner, director, officer, or employee of a financial
9	institution at the time the violation occurred, repay
10	to such financial institution any bonus paid to the
11	individual during the calendar year in which the vio-
12	lation occurred or the calendar year after which the
13	violation occurred.".
14	(b) Rule of Construction.—The amendment
15	made by subsection (a) may not be construed to prohibit
16	a financial institution from requiring the repayment of a
17	bonus paid to a partner, director, officer, or employee if
18	the financial institution determines that the partner, di-
19	rector, officer, or employee engaged in unethical, but non-
20	criminal, activities.
21	SEC. 5312. PROHIBITION ON CONCEALMENT OF THE
22	SOURCE OF ASSETS IN MONETARY TRANS-
23	ACTIONS.
24	(a) In General.—Subchapter II of chapter 53 of
25	title 31, United States Code, as amended by sections

1	5305(a)(1) and 5306(a) of this division, is amended by
2	adding at the end the following:
3	"§ 5335. Prohibition on concealment of the source of
4	assets in monetary transactions
5	"(a) Definition of Monetary Transaction.—In
6	this section, the term the term 'monetary transaction'—
7	"(1) means the deposit, withdrawal, transfer, or
8	exchange, in or affecting interstate or foreign com-
9	merce, of funds or a monetary instrument (as de-
10	fined in section 1956(c)(5) of title 18) by, through,
11	or to a financial institution (as defined in section
12	1956(c)(6) of title 18);
13	"(2) includes any transaction that would be a
14	financial transaction under section 1956(c)(4)(B) of
15	title 18; and
16	"(3) does not include any transaction necessary
17	to preserve the right to representation of a person
18	as guaranteed by the Sixth Amendment to the Con-
19	stitution of the United States.
20	"(b) Prohibition.—No person shall knowingly con-
21	ceal, falsify, or misrepresent, or attempt to conceal, falsify,
22	or misrepresent, from or to a financial institution, a mate-
23	rial fact concerning the ownership or control of assets in-
24	volved in a monetary transaction if—

1	"(1) the person or entity who owns or controls
2	the assets is a senior foreign political figure, or any
3	immediate family member or close associate of a
4	senior foreign political figure, as set forth in this
5	title or the regulations promulgated under this title;
6	and
7	"(2) the aggregate value of the assets involved
8	in 1 or more monetary transactions is not less than
9	\$1,000,000.
10	"(c) Source of Funds.—No person shall knowingly
11	conceal, falsify, or misrepresent, or attempt to conceal, fal-
12	sify, or misrepresent, from or to a financial institution,
13	a material fact concerning the source of funds in a mone-
14	tary transaction that—
15	"(1) involves an entity found to be a primary
16	money laundering concern under section 5318A or
17	the regulations promulgated under this title; and
18	"(2) violates the prohibitions or conditions pre-
19	scribed under section 5318A(b)(5) or the regulations
20	promulgated under this title.
21	"(d) Penalties.—A person convicted of an offense
22	under subsection (b) or (c), or a conspiracy to commit an
23	offense under subsection (b) or (c), shall be imprisoned
24	for not more than 10 years, fined not more than
25	\$1,000,000, or both.

1	"(e) Forfeiture.—
2	"(1) Criminal forfeiture.—
3	"(A) In general.—The court, in impos-
4	ing a sentence under subsection (d), shall order
5	that the defendant forfeit to the United States
6	any property involved in the offense and any
7	property traceable thereto.
8	"(B) Procedure.—The seizure, restraint,
9	and forfeiture of property under this paragraph
10	shall be governed by section 413 of the Con-
11	trolled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 853).
12	"(2) Civil forfeiture.—
13	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Any property involved
14	in a violation of subsection (b) or (c), or a con-
15	spiracy to commit a violation of subsection (b)
16	or (c), and any property traceable thereto may
17	be seized and forfeited to the United States.
18	"(B) Procedure.—Seizures and forfeit-
19	ures under this paragraph shall be governed by
20	the provisions of chapter 46 of title 18 relating
21	to civil forfeitures, except that such duties,
22	under the customs laws described in section
23	981(d) of title 18, given to the Secretary of the
24	Treasury shall be performed by such officers,
25	agents, and other persons as may be designated

1	for that purpose by the Secretary of Homeland
2	Security or the Attorney General.".
3	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
4	The table of sections for chapter 53 of title 31, United
5	States Code, as amended by sections 5305(b)(1) and
6	5306(b) of this division, is amended by adding at the end
7	the following:
	"5335. Prohibition on concealment of the source of assets in monetary transactions.".
8	SEC. 5313. UPDATING WHISTLEBLOWER INCENTIVES AND
9	PROTECTION.
10	(a) Whistleblower Incentives and Protec-
11	TION.—
12	(1) In General.—Section 5323 of title 31,
12 13	(1) In General.—Section 5323 of title 31, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:
13	United States Code, is amended to read as follows:
13 14	United States Code, is amended to read as follows: "\$ 5323. Whistleblower incentives and protections
131415	United States Code, is amended to read as follows: "§ 5323. Whistleblower incentives and protections "(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
13 14 15 16	United States Code, is amended to read as follows: "§ 5323. Whistleblower incentives and protections "(a) Definitions.—In this section: "(1) Covered Judicial or administrative
13 14 15 16 17	United States Code, is amended to read as follows: "§ 5323. Whistleblower incentives and protections "(a) Definitions.—In this section: "(1) Covered Judicial or administrative action.—The term 'covered judicial or administra-
13 14 15 16 17 18	United States Code, is amended to read as follows: "§ 5323. Whistleblower incentives and protections "(a) Definitions.—In this section: "(1) Covered judicial or administrative action.—The term 'covered judicial or administrative action' means any judicial or administrative ac-
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	United States Code, is amended to read as follows: "§ 5323. Whistleblower incentives and protections "(a) Definitions.—In this section: "(1) Covered judicial or administrative action.—The term 'covered judicial or administrative action brought by the Secretary of the Treasury (re-
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	United States Code, is amended to read as follows: "§5323. Whistleblower incentives and protections "(a) Definitions.—In this section: "(1) Covered judicial or administrative action.—The term 'covered judicial or administrative action brought by the Secretary of the Treasury (referred to in this section as the 'Secretary') or the

1	"(2) Fund.—The term 'Fund' means the Anti-
2	Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorism Financ-
3	ing Fund established under subsection (g).
4	"(3) Monetary sanctions.—The term 'mone-
5	tary sanctions', when used with respect to any judi-
6	cial or administrative action—
7	"(A) means any monies, including pen-
8	alties, disgorgement, and interest, ordered to be
9	paid; and
10	"(B) does not include—
11	"(i) forfeiture;
12	"(ii) restitution; or
13	"(iii) any victim compensation pay-
14	ment.
15	"(4) Original information.—The term
16	'original information' means information that—
17	"(A) is derived from the independent
18	knowledge or analysis of a whistleblower;
19	"(B) is not known to the Secretary or the
20	Attorney General from any other source, unless
21	the whistleblower is the original source of the
22	information; and
23	"(C) is not exclusively derived from an al-
24	legation made in a judicial or administrative
25	hearing, in a governmental report, hearing,

1 audit, or investigation, or from the news media, 2 unless the whistleblower is a source of the infor-3 mation. 4 "(5) Related action.—The term 'related ac-5 tion', when used with respect to any judicial or ad-6 ministrative action brought by the Secretary or the 7 Attorney General under this subchapter or sub-8 chapter III, means any judicial or administrative ac-9 tion brought by an entity described in any of sub-10 clauses (I) through (IV) of subsection (h)(4)(D)(i) 11 that is based upon the original information provided 12 by a whistleblower pursuant to subsection (b) that 13 led to the successful enforcement of the action by 14 the Secretary or the Attorney General. 15 "(6) Whistleblower.— 16 "(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'whistle-17 blower' means any individual who provides, or 18 2 or more individuals acting jointly who pro-19 vide, information relating to a violation of this 20 subchapter or subchapter III to the Secretary 21 or the Attorney General, in a manner estab-22 lished, by rule or regulation, by the Secretary, 23 in consultation with the Attorney General. 24 "(B) Special rule.—Solely for the pur-25 poses of subsection (h)(1), the term 'whistle-

1	blower' includes any individual who takes, or 2
2	or more individuals acting jointly who take, an
3	action described in subsection (h)(1)(A).
4	"(b) Awards.—
5	"(1) In general.—In any covered judicial or
6	administrative action, or related action, the Sec-
7	retary, under regulations prescribed by the Sec-
8	retary, in consultation with the Attorney General
9	and subject to subsection (c), shall pay an award or
10	awards to 1 or more whistleblowers who voluntarily
11	provided original information to the Secretary or the
12	Attorney General, as applicable, that led to the suc-
13	cessful enforcement of the covered judicial or admin-
14	istrative action, or related action, in an aggregate
15	amount equal to—
16	"(A) not less than 10 percent, in total, of
17	what has been collected of the monetary sanc-
18	tions imposed in the action or related actions;
19	and
20	"(B) not more than 30 percent, in total, of
21	what has been collected of the monetary sanc-
22	tions imposed in the action or related actions.
23	"(2) Payment of awards.—Any amount paid
24	under paragraph (1) shall be paid from the Fund.

1	"(c) Determination of Amount of Award; De-
2	NIAL OF AWARD.—
3	"(1) Determination of amount of
4	AWARD.—
5	"(A) DISCRETION.—The determination of
6	the amount of an award made under subsection
7	(b) shall be in the discretion of the Secretary.
8	"(B) Criteria.—In determining the
9	amount of an award made under subsection (b),
10	the Secretary—
11	"(i) shall take into consideration—
12	"(I) the significance of the infor-
13	mation provided by the whistleblower
14	to the success of the covered judicial
15	or administrative action;
16	"(II) the degree of assistance
17	provided by the whistleblower and any
18	legal representative of the whistle-
19	blower in a covered judicial or admin-
20	istrative action;
21	"(III) the programmatic interest
22	of the Department of the Treasury in
23	deterring violations of this subchapter
24	and subchapter III by making awards
25	to whistleblowers who provide infor-

1	mation that lead to the successful en-
2	forcement of either such subchapter;
3	and
4	"(IV) such additional relevant
5	factors as the Secretary, in consulta-
6	tion with the Attorney General, may
7	establish by rule or regulation; and
8	"(ii) shall not take into consideration
9	the balance of the Fund.
10	"(2) Denial of Award.—No award under
11	subsection (b) may be made—
12	"(A) to any whistleblower who is, or was at
13	the time the whistleblower acquired the original
14	information submitted to the Secretary or the
15	Attorney General, as applicable, a member, offi-
16	cer, or employee of—
17	"(i) an appropriate regulatory agency;
18	"(ii) the Department of the Treasury
19	or the Department of Justice; or
20	"(iii) a law enforcement agency;
21	"(B) to any whistleblower who is convicted
22	of a criminal violation related to the judicial or
23	administrative action for which the whistle-
24	blower otherwise could receive an award under
25	this section; or

1	"(C) to any whistleblower who fails to sub-
2	mit information to the Secretary or the Attor-
3	ney General, as applicable, in such form as the
4	Secretary, in consultation with the Attorney
5	General, may, by rule, require.
6	"(d) Representation.—
7	"(1) Permitted representation.—Any
8	whistleblower who makes a claim for an award under
9	subsection (b) may be represented by counsel.
10	"(2) Required representation.—
11	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Any whistleblower
12	who anonymously makes a claim for an award
13	under subsection (b) shall be represented by
14	counsel if the whistleblower anonymously sub-
15	mits the information upon which the claim is
16	based.
17	"(B) DISCLOSURE OF IDENTITY.—Before
18	the payment of an award, a whistleblower shall
19	disclose the identity of the whistleblower and
20	provide such other information as the Secretary
21	may require, directly or through counsel for the
22	whistleblower.
23	"(e) No Contract Necessary.—No contract with
24	the Department of the Treasury is necessary for any whis-

1	tleblower to receive an award under subsection (b), unless
2	otherwise required by the Secretary by rule or regulation
3	"(f) Appeals.—
4	"(1) In general.—Any determination made
5	under this section, including whether, to whom, or in
6	what amount to make awards, shall be in the discre-
7	tion of the Secretary.
8	"(2) Requirements.—
9	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Any determination de-
10	scribed in paragraph (1), except the determina-
11	tion of the amount of an award if the award
12	was made in accordance with subsection (b)
13	may be appealed to the appropriate court of ap-
14	peals of the United States not more than 30
15	days after the determination is issued by the
16	Secretary.
17	"(B) Scope of Review.—The court to
18	which a determination by the Secretary is ap-
19	pealed under subparagraph (A) shall review the
20	determination in accordance with section 706 of
21	title 5.
22	"(g) Anti-money Laundering and Counter-ter-
23	RORISM FINANCING FUND.—
24	"(1) Fund established.—There is estab-
25	lished in the Treasury of the United States a fund

1	to be known as the 'Anti-Money Laundering and
2	Counter-Terrorism Financing Fund'.
3	"(2) Use of fund.—The Fund shall be avail-
4	able to the Secretary, without further appropriation
5	or fiscal year limitation, for paying awards to whis-
6	tleblowers as provided in subsection (b).
7	"(3) Deposits and credits.—
8	"(A) IN GENERAL.—There shall be depos-
9	ited into or credited to the Fund an amount
10	equal to—
11	"(i) any monetary sanction collected
12	by the Secretary or the Attorney General
13	in any judicial or administrative action
14	brought by the applicable such official
15	under this subchapter or subchapter III;
16	and
17	"(ii) all income from investments
18	made under paragraph (4).
19	"(B) Additional amounts.—If the
20	amounts deposited into or credited to the Fund
21	under subparagraph (A) are not sufficient to
22	satisfy an award made under subsection (b),
23	there shall be deposited into or credited to the
24	Fund an amount equal to the unsatisfied por-
25	tion of the award from any monetary sanction

1	collected by the Secretary or the Attorney Gen-
2	eral, as applicable, in the covered judicial or ad-
3	ministrative action on which the award is based.
4	"(4) Investments.—
5	"(A) Amounts in fund may be in-
6	VESTED.—The Secretary may invest the portion
7	of the Fund that is not, in the discretion of the
8	Secretary, required to meet the current needs of
9	the Fund.
10	"(B) Eligible investments.—Invest-
11	ments shall be made by the Secretary in obliga-
12	tions of the United States or obligations that
13	are guaranteed as to principal and interest by
14	the United States, with maturities suitable to
15	the needs of the Fund, as determined by the
16	Secretary.
17	"(C) Interest and proceeds cred-
18	ITED.—The interest on, and the proceeds from
19	the sale or redemption of, any obligations held
20	in the Fund shall be credited to the Fund.
21	"(5) Reports to congress.—
22	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than Octo-
23	ber 30 of each fiscal year beginning after the
24	date of enactment of the Anti-Money Laun-
25	dering Act of 2020, the Secretary shall submit

1	to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and
2	Urban Affairs of the Senate and the Committee
3	on Financial Services of the House of Rep-
4	resentatives a report on—
5	"(i) the whistleblower award program
6	established under this section, including—
7	"(I) a description of the number
8	of awards granted; and
9	"(II) the types of cases in which
10	awards were granted during the pre-
11	ceding fiscal year;
12	"(ii) the balance of the Fund at the
13	beginning of the preceding fiscal year;
14	"(iii) the amounts deposited into or
15	credited to the Fund during the preceding
16	fiscal year;
17	"(iv) the amount of earnings on in-
18	vestments made under paragraph (4) dur-
19	ing the preceding fiscal year;
20	"(v) the amount paid from the Fund
21	during the preceding fiscal year to whistle-
22	blowers pursuant to subsection (b);
23	"(vi) the balance of the Fund at the
24	end of the preceding fiscal year; and

1	"(vii) a complete set of audited finan-
2	cial statements, including—
3	"(I) a balance sheet;
4	"(II) income statement; and
5	"(III) cash flow analysis.
6	"(B) Exception.—The Secretary may
7	withhold any information required to be re-
8	ported under subparagraph (A) as appropriate
9	for any case involving national security or pri-
10	vacy concerns.
11	"(h) Protection of Whistleblowers.—
12	"(1) Prohibition against retaliation.—No
13	employer may, directly or indirectly, discharge, de-
14	mote, suspend, threaten, harass, or in any other
15	manner discriminate against a whistleblower in the
16	terms and conditions of employment because of any
17	lawful act done by the whistleblower—
18	"(A) in providing information to the Sec-
19	retary or the Attorney General in accordance
20	with this section;
21	"(B) in initiating, testifying in, or assisting
22	in any investigation or judicial or administrative
23	action of the Department of the Treasury or
24	the Department of Justice based upon or re-

1	lated to the information described in subpara-
2	graph (A); or
3	"(C) in providing information regarding
4	any conduct that the whistleblower reasonably
5	believes constitutes a violation of any law, rule,
6	or regulation subject to the jurisdiction of the
7	Department of the Treasury, or a violation of
8	section 1956, 1957, or 1960 of title 18 (or any
9	rule or regulation under any such provision)
10	to—
11	"(i) a person with supervisory author-
12	ity over the whistleblower at the employer
13	of the whistleblower; or
14	"(ii) another individual working for
15	the employer described in clause (i) who
16	the whistleblower reasonably believes has
17	the authority to—
18	"(I) investigate, discover, or ter-
19	minate the misconduct; or
20	"(II) take any other action to ad-
21	dress the misconduct.
22	"(2) Enforcement.—Any individual who al-
23	leges discharge or other discrimination, or is other-
24	wise aggrieved by an employer, in violation of para-
25	graph (1), may seek relief by—

1	"(A) filing a complaint with the Secretary
2	of Labor in accordance with the requirements
3	of this subsection; or
4	"(B) if the Secretary of Labor has not
5	issued a final decision within 180 days of the
6	filing of a complaint under subparagraph (A),
7	and there is no showing that such a delay is
8	due to the bad faith of the claimant, bringing
9	an action against the employer at law or in eq-
10	uity in the appropriate district court of the
11	United States, which shall have jurisdiction
12	over such an action without regard to the
13	amount in controversy.
14	"(3) Procedure.—
15	"(A) DEPARTMENT OF LABOR COM-
16	PLAINT.—
17	"(i) In general.—Except as pro-
18	vided in clause (ii) and subparagraph (C),
19	the requirements under section 42121(b)
20	of title 49, including the legal burdens of
21	proof described in such section 42121(b),
22	shall apply with respect to a complaint
23	filed under paragraph (2)(A) by an indi-
24	vidual against an employer.

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1	"(ii) Exception.—With respect to a
2	complaint filed under paragraph (2)(A),
3	notification required to be made under sec-
4	tion 42121(b)(1) of title 49 shall be made
5	to each person named in the complaint, in-
6	cluding the employer.
7	"(B) DISTRICT COURT COMPLAINT.—
8	"(i) Jury Trial.—A party to an ac-
9	tion brought under paragraph (2)(B) shall
10	be entitled to trial by jury.
11	"(ii) Statute of Limitations.—
12	"(I) IN GENERAL.—An action
13	may not be brought under paragraph
14	(2)(B)—
15	"(aa) more than 6 years
16	after the date on which the viola-
17	tion of paragraph (1) occurs; or
18	"(bb) more than 3 years
19	after the date on which when
20	facts material to the right of ac-
21	tion are known, or reasonably
22	should have been known, by the
23	employee alleging a violation of
24	paragraph (1).

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1	"(II) REQUIRED ACTION WITHIN
2	10 YEARS.—Notwithstanding sub-
3	clause (I), an action under paragraph
4	(2)(B) may not in any circumstance
5	be brought more than 10 years after
6	the date on which the violation occurs.
7	"(C) Relief for an individual
8	prevailing with respect to a complaint filed
9	under subparagraph (A) of paragraph (2) or an
10	action brought under subparagraph (B) of that
11	paragraph shall include—
12	"(i) reinstatement with the same se-
13	niority status that the individual would
14	have had, but for the conduct that is the
15	subject of the complaint or action, as ap-
16	plicable;
17	"(ii) 2 times the amount of back pay
18	otherwise owed to the individual, with in-
19	terest;
20	"(iii) the payment of compensatory
21	damages, which shall include compensation
22	for litigation costs, expert witness fees, and
23	reasonable attorneys' fees; and
24	"(iv) any other appropriate remedy
25	with respect to the conduct that is the sub-

1	ject of the complaint or action, as applica-
2	ble.
3	"(4) Confidentiality.—
4	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
5	subparagraphs (C) and (D), the Secretary or
6	the Attorney General, as applicable, and any of-
7	ficer or employee of the Department of the
8	Treasury or the Department of Justice, shall
9	not disclose any information, including informa-
10	tion provided by a whistleblower to either such
11	official, which could reasonably be expected to
12	reveal the identity of a whistleblower, except in
13	accordance with the provisions of section 552a
14	of title 5, unless and until required to be dis-
15	closed to a defendant or respondent in connec-
16	tion with a public proceeding instituted by the
17	appropriate such official or any entity described
18	in subparagraph (D).
19	"(B) Exempted statute.—For purposes
20	of section 552 of title 5, this paragraph shall be
21	considered a statute described in subsection
22	(b)(3)(B) of such section 552.
23	"(C) Rule of Construction.—Nothing
24	in this section is intended to limit, or shall be
25	construed to limit the ability of the Attorney

1	General to present such evidence to a grand
2	jury or to share such evidence with potential
3	witnesses or defendants in the course of an on-
4	going criminal investigation.
5	"(D) AVAILABILITY TO GOVERNMENT
6	AGENCIES.—
7	"(i) In general.—Without the loss
8	of its status as confidential in the hands of
9	the Secretary or the Attorney General, as
10	applicable, all information referred to in
11	subparagraph (A) may, in the discretion of
12	the appropriate such official, when deter-
13	mined by that official to be necessary to
14	accomplish the purposes of this sub-
15	chapter, be made available to—
16	"(I) any appropriate Federal au-
17	thority;
18	"(II) a State attorney general in
19	connection with any criminal inves-
20	tigation;
21	"(III) any appropriate State reg-
22	ulatory authority; and
23	"(IV) a foreign law enforcement
24	authority.
25	"(ii) Confidentiality.—

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1	"(I) IN GENERAL.—Each of the
2	entities described in subclauses (I)
3	through (III) of clause (i) shall main-
4	tain such information as confidential
5	in accordance with the requirements
6	established under subparagraph (A).
7	"(II) Foreign authorities.—
8	Each entity described in clause (i)(IV)
9	shall maintain such information in ac-
10	cordance with such assurances of con-
11	fidentiality as determined by the Sec-
12	retary or Attorney General, as appli-
13	cable.
14	"(5) Rights retained.—Nothing in this sec-
15	tion shall be deemed to diminish the rights, privi-
16	leges, or remedies of any whistleblower under any
17	Federal or State law or under any collective bar-
18	gaining agreement.
19	"(6) Coordination with other provisions
20	OF LAW.—This subsection shall not apply with re-
21	spect to any employer that is subject to section 33
22	of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C.
23	1831j) or section 213 or 214 of the Federal Credit

Union Act (12 U.S.C. 1790b, 1790c).

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1	"(i) Provision of False Information.—A whis-
2	tleblower shall not be entitled to an award under this sec-
3	tion if the whistleblower—
4	"(1) knowingly and willfully makes any false,
5	fictitious, or fraudulent statement or representation;
6	or
7	"(2) uses any false writing or document know-
8	ing the writing or document contains any false, ficti-
9	tious, or fraudulent statement or entry.
10	"(j) Rulemaking Authority.—The Secretary, in
11	consultation with the Attorney General, shall have the au-
12	thority to issue such rules and regulations as may be nec-
13	essary or appropriate to implement the provisions of this
14	section consistent with the purposes of this section.
15	"(k) Nonenforceability of Certain Provisions
16	Waiving Rights and Remedies or Requiring Arbi-
17	TRATION OF DISPUTES.—
18	"(1) Waiver of rights and remedies.—The
19	rights and remedies provided for in this section may
20	not be waived by any agreement, policy form, or con-
21	dition of employment, including by a predispute ar-
22	bitration agreement.
23	"(2) Predispute arbitration agree-
24	MENTS.—No predispute arbitration agreement shall

1	be valid or enforceable, if the agreement requires ar-
2	bitration of a dispute arising under this section.".
3	(b) Repeal of Section 5328 of Title 31.—Sec-
4	tion 5328 of title 31, United States Code, is repealed.
5	(c) Technical and Conforming Amendments.—
6	The table of sections for subchapter II of chapter 53 of
7	title 31, United States Code, is amended—
8	(1) by striking the item relating to section 5323
9	and inserting the following:
	"5323. Whistleblower incentives and protections."; and
10	(2) by striking the item relating to section
	T. O. O.
11	5328.
11 12	TITLE LIV—ESTABLISHING BEN-
12	TITLE LIV—ESTABLISHING BEN-
12 13	TITLE LIV—ESTABLISHING BEN- EFICIAL OWNERSHIP INFOR-
12 13 14	TITLE LIV—ESTABLISHING BEN- EFICIAL OWNERSHIP INFOR- MATION REPORTING RE-
12 13 14 15	TITLE LIV—ESTABLISHING BEN- EFICIAL OWNERSHIP INFOR- MATION REPORTING RE- QUIREMENTS
12 13 14 15 16	TITLE LIV—ESTABLISHING BEN- EFICIAL OWNERSHIP INFOR- MATION REPORTING RE- QUIREMENTS SEC. 5401. FINDINGS.
12 13 14 15 16 17	TITLE LIV—ESTABLISHING BEN- EFICIAL OWNERSHIP INFOR- MATION REPORTING RE- QUIREMENTS SEC. 5401. FINDINGS. Congress finds the following:
12 13 14 15 16 17	TITLE LIV—ESTABLISHING BEN- EFICIAL OWNERSHIP INFOR- MATION REPORTING RE- QUIREMENTS SEC. 5401. FINDINGS. (1) More than 2,000,000 corporations and lim-
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	TITLE LIV—ESTABLISHING BEN- EFICIAL OWNERSHIP INFOR- MATION REPORTING RE- QUIREMENTS SEC. 5401. FINDINGS. (1) More than 2,000,000 corporations and lim- ited liability companies are being formed under the
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	TITLE LIV—ESTABLISHING BEN- EFICIAL OWNERSHIP INFOR- MATION REPORTING RE- QUIREMENTS SEC. 5401. FINDINGS. (1) More than 2,000,000 corporations and lim- ited liability companies are being formed under the laws of the States each year.
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	TITLE LIV—ESTABLISHING BEN- EFICIAL OWNERSHIP INFOR- MATION REPORTING RE- QUIREMENTS SEC. 5401. FINDINGS. Congress finds the following: (1) More than 2,000,000 corporations and limited liability companies are being formed under the laws of the States each year. (2) Most or all States do not require informa-

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(3) Malign actors seek to conceal their ownership of corporations, limited liability companies, or other similar entities in the United States to facilitate illicit activity, including money laundering, the financing of terrorism, proliferation financing, serious tax fraud, human and drug trafficking, counterfeiting, piracy, securities fraud, financial fraud, and acts of foreign corruption, harming the national security interests of the United States and allies of the United States.

- (4) Money launderers and others involved in commercial activity intentionally conduct transactions through corporate structures in order to evade detection, and may layer such structures, much like Russian nesting "Matryoshka" dolls, across various secretive jurisdictions such that each time an investigator obtains ownership records for a domestic or foreign entity, the newly identified entity is yet another corporate entity, necessitating a repeat of the same process.
- (5) National security, intelligence, and law enforcement investigations have been consistently impeded by an inability to reliably and promptly obtain information identifying the individuals who ultimately own corporations, limited liability companies,

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or other similar entities suspected of engaging in illicit activity, as documented in reports and testimony by officials from the Department of Justice, the Department of Homeland Security, the Department of the Treasury, the Government Accountability Office, and other agencies.

(6) In July 2006, the leading international antimoney laundering standard-setting body, the Financial Action Task Force on Money Laundering (in this section referred to as "FATF"), of which the United States is a member, issued a report that criticized the United States for failing to comply with a FATF standard on the need to collect beneficial ownership information and urged the United States to correct this deficiency by July 2008.

(7) In December 2016, FATF issued another evaluation of the United States, which found that little progress had been made over the last 10 years to address this problem. FATF identified the "[1]ack of timely access to adequate, accurate and current beneficial ownership (BO) information" as a "fundamental gap[]" in efforts of the United States to counter money laundering and the financing of terrorism.

1	(8) In contrast to practices in the United
2	States, all 27 countries in the European Union are
3	required to have corporate registries that include
4	beneficial ownership information. The United King-
5	dom, its 3 crown dependencies, and 14 overseas ter-
6	ritories also require such registries.
7	(9) According to the 2020 National Strategy
8	for Combating Terrorist and other Illicit Finance
9	issued by the Department of the Treasury, "Misuse
10	of legal entities to hide a criminal beneficial owner
11	or illegal source of funds continues to be a common,
12	if not the dominant, feature of illicit finance
13	schemes, especially those involving money laun-
14	dering, predicate offences, tax evasion, and prolifera-
15	tion financing.".
16	(10) Federal legislation providing for the collec-
17	tion of beneficial ownership information for corpora-
18	tions, limited liability companies, or other similar en-
19	tities formed under the laws of the States is needed
20	to—
21	(A) set a clear, Federal standard for incor-
22	poration practices;
23	(B) protect vital Unites States national se-
24	curity interests;

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1	(C) protect interstate and foreign com-
2	merce;
3	(D) better enable critical national security,
4	intelligence, and law enforcement efforts to
5	counter money laundering, the financing of ter-
6	rorism, and other illicit activity; and
7	(E) bring the United States into compli-
8	ance with international anti-money laundering
9	and countering the financing of terrorism
10	standards.
11	SEC. 5402. SENSE OF CONGRESS.
12	It is the sense of Congress that—
13	(1) beneficial ownership information collected
14	under the amendments made by this title is sensitive
15	information and will be directly available only to au-
16	thorized government authorities, subject to effective
17	safeguards and controls, to—
18	(A) facilitate important national security,
19	intelligence, and law enforcement activities; and
20	(B) confirm beneficial ownership informa-
21	tion provided to financial institutions to facili-
22	tate the compliance of the institutions with cus-
23	tomer due-diligence requirements under applica-
24	ble law;

1	(2) consistent with applicable law, the Secretary
2	of the Treasury shall—
3	(A) maintain the information described in
4	paragraph (1) in a secure, nonpublic database,
5	using information security methods and tech-
6	niques that are appropriate to protect non-
7	classified information systems at the highest se-
8	curity level; and
9	(B) take all steps, including regular audit-
10	ing, to ensure that government authorities ac-
11	cessing beneficial ownership information do so
12	only for authorized purposes consistent with
13	this section; and
14	(3) in prescribing regulations to provide for the
15	reporting of beneficial ownership information, the
16	Secretary shall, to the greatest extent practicable
17	consistent with the purposes of this title—
18	(A) seek to minimize burdens on reporting
19	companies associated with the collection of ben-
20	eficial ownership information;
21	(B) provide clarity to reporting companies
22	concerning the identification of their beneficial
23	ownership; and
24	(C) collect information in a form and man-
25	ner that is reasonably designed to generate a

1	database that is highly useful to national secu-
2	rity, intelligence, and law enforcement agencies,
3	and Federal functional regulators.
4	SEC. 5403. BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP INFORMATION RE-
5	PORTING REQUIREMENTS.
6	(a) In General.—Subchapter II of chapter 53 of
7	title 31, United States Code, as amended by sections
8	5305(a)(1), 5306(a), and 5313(a) of this division, is
9	amended by adding at the end the following:
10	"§ 5336. Beneficial ownership information reporting
11	requirements
12	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
13	"(1) ACCEPTABLE IDENTIFICATION DOCU-
14	MENT.—The term 'acceptable identification docu-
15	ment' means, with respect to an individual—
16	"(A) a nonexpired passport issued by the
17	United States;
18	"(B) a nonexpired identification document
19	issued by a State, local government, or Indian
20	Tribe to the individual acting for the purpose of
21	identification of that individual;
22	"(C) a nonexpired driver's license issued
23	by a State; or
24	"(D) if the individual does not have a doc-
25	ument described in subparagraph (A), (B), or

1	(C), a nonexpired passport issued by a foreign
2	government.
3	"(2) Applicant.—The term 'applicant' means
4	any individual who—
5	"(A) files an application to form a corpora-
6	tion, limited liability company, or other similar
7	entity under the laws of a State or Indian
8	Tribe; or
9	"(B) registers a corporation, limited liabil-
10	ity company, or other similar entity formed
11	under the laws of a foreign country to do busi-
12	ness in a State by filing a document with the
13	secretary of state or similar office under the law
14	of the State.
15	"(3) Beneficial owner.—The term bene-
16	ficial owner'—
17	"(A) means, with respect to an entity, an
18	individual who directly or indirectly, through
19	any contract, arrangement, understanding, rela-
20	tionship, or otherwise—
21	"(i) exercises substantial control over
22	the entity; or
23	"(ii) owns not less than 25 percent of
24	the equity interests of the entity; and
25	"(B) does not include—

1	"(1) a minor child, as defined in the
2	State in which the entity is formed, if the
3	information of the parent or guardian or
4	the minor child is reported in accordance
5	with this section;
6	"(ii) an individual acting as a nomi-
7	nee, intermediary, custodian, or agent or
8	behalf of another individual;
9	"(iii) an individual acting solely as ar
10	employee of a corporation, limited liability
11	company, or other similar entity and whose
12	control over or economic benefits from
13	such entity is derived solely from the em-
14	ployment status of the person;
15	"(iv) an individual whose only interest
16	in a corporation, limited liability company
17	or other similar entity is through a right of
18	inheritance; or
19	"(v) a creditor of a corporation, lim-
20	ited liability company, or other similar en-
21	tity, unless the creditor meets the require-
22	ments of subparagraph (A).
23	"(4) DIRECTOR.—The term 'Director' means
24	the Director of FinCEN.

1	"(5) FINCEN.—The term 'FinCEN' means the
2	Financial Crimes Enforcement Network of the De-
3	partment of the Treasury.
4	"(6) FINCEN IDENTIFIER.—The term
5	'FinCEN identifier' means the unique identifying
6	number assigned by FinCEN to a person under this
7	section.
8	"(7) Foreign person.—The term 'foreign per-
9	son' means a person who is not a United States per-
10	son, as defined in section 7701(a) of the Internal
11	Revenue Code of 1986.
12	"(8) Indian Tribe.—The term 'Indian Tribe'
13	has the meaning given the term in section 102 of the
14	Federally Recognized Indian Tribe List Act of 1994
15	(25 U.S.C. 5130).
16	"(9) Lawfully admitted for permanent
17	RESIDENCE.—The term 'lawfully admitted for per-
18	manent residence' has the meaning given the term
19	in section 101(a) of the Immigration and Nationality
20	Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)).
21	"(10) Pooled investment vehicle.—The
22	term 'pooled investment vehicle' means—
23	"(A) any investment company, as defined
24	in section 3(a) of the Investment Company Act
25	of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a–3(a)); or

1	"(B) any company that—
2	"(i) would be an investment company
3	under that section but for the exclusion
4	provided from that definition by paragraph
5	(1) or (7) of section 3(e) of that Act (15
6	U.S.C. 80a-3(e)); and
7	"(ii) is identified by its legal name by
8	the applicable investment adviser in its
9	Form ADV (or successor form) filed with
10	the Securities and Exchange Commission.
11	"(11) Reporting company.—The term 're-
12	porting company'—
13	"(A) means a corporation, limited liability
14	company, or other similar entity that is—
15	"(i) created by the filing of a docu-
16	ment with a secretary of state or a similar
17	office under the law of a State or Indian
18	Tribe; or
19	"(ii) formed under the law of a for-
20	eign country and registered to do business
21	in a State by the filing of a document with
22	a secretary of state or a similar office
23	under the law of the State; and
24	"(B) does not include—
25	"(i) an issuer—

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1	"(I) of a class of securities reg-
2	istered under section 12 of the Securi-
3	ties Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C.
4	781); or
5	"(II) that is required to file sup-
6	plementary and periodic information
7	under section 15(d) of the Securities
8	Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C.
9	78o(d));
10	"(ii) an entity—
11	"(I) established under the laws of
12	the United States, an Indian Tribe, a
13	State, or a political subdivision of a
14	State, or under an interstate compact
15	between 2 or more States; and
16	"(II) that exercises governmental
17	authority on behalf of the United
18	States or any such Indian Tribe,
19	State, or political subdivision;
20	"(iii) a depository institution (as de-
21	fined in section 3 of the Federal Deposit
22	Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813));
23	"(iv) a Federal credit union or a State
24	credit union (as those terms are defined in

1	section 101 of the Federal Credit Union
2	Act (12 U.S.C. 1752));
3	"(v) a bank holding company (as de-
4	fined in section 2 of the Bank Holding
5	Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1841)),
6	or a savings and loan holding company (as
7	defined in section 10(a) of the Home Own-
8	ers' Loan Act (12 U.S.C. 1467a(a)));
9	"(vi) a money transmitting business
10	registered with the Secretary of the Treas-
11	ury under section 5330;
12	"(vii) a broker or dealer (as those
13	terms are defined in section 3 of the Secu-
14	rities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C.
15	78c)), that is registered under section 15
16	of that Act (15 U.S.C. 780);
17	"(viii) an exchange or clearing agency
18	(as those terms are defined in section 3 of
19	the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
20	U.S.C. 78c)) that is registered under sec-
21	tion 6 or 17A of that Act (15 U.S.C. 78f,
22	78q-1);
23	"(ix) any other entity not described in
24	clause (i), (vii), or (viii) that is registered
25	with the Securities and Exchange Commis-

1	sion under the Securities Exchange Act of
2	1934 (15 U.S.C. 78a et seq.);
3	"(x) a person that—
4	"(I) is an investment company
5	(as defined in section 3 of the Invest-
6	ment Company Act of 1940 (15
7	U.S.C. 80a-3)) or an investment ad-
8	viser (as defined in section 202 of the
9	Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15
10	U.S.C. 80b-2)); and
11	"(II) is registered with the Secu-
12	rities and Exchange Commission
13	under the Investment Company Act of
14	1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a–1 et seq.) or the
15	Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15
16	U.S.C. 80b-1 et seq.);
17	"(xi) an investment adviser—
18	"(I) described in section 203(l) of
19	the Investment Advisers Act of 1940
20	(15 U.S.C. 80b–3(l)); and
21	"(II) that has filed the records
22	required by the Securities and Ex-
23	change Commission;

1	"(xii) an insurance company (as de-
2	fined in section 2 of the Investment Com-
3	pany Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-2));
4	"(xiii)(I) a registered entity (as de-
5	fined in section 1a of the Commodity Ex-
6	change Act (7 U.S.C. 1a)); or
7	"(II) a person that is—
8	"(aa)(AA) a futures commission
9	merchant, introducing broker, swap
10	dealer, major swap participant, com-
11	modity pool operator, or commodity
12	trading advisor (as those terms are
13	defined in section 1a of the Com-
14	modity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1a));
15	or
16	"(BB) a retail foreign exchange
17	dealer (as described in that Act (7
18	U.S.C. 1)); and
19	"(bb) registered with the Com-
20	modity Futures Trading Commission
21	under the Commodity Exchange Act
22	(7 U.S.C. 1 et seq.);
23	"(xiv) a public accounting firm reg-
24	istered in accordance with section 102 of

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1	the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (15
2	U.S.C. 7212);
3	"(xv) a public utility that provides
4	telecommunications services, electrical
5	power, natural gas, or water and sewer
6	services within the United States;
7	"(xvi) a financial market utility des-
8	ignated by the Financial Stability Over-
9	sight Council under section 804 of the
10	Payment, Clearing, and Settlement Super-
11	vision Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5463);
12	"(xvii) any pooled investment vehicle
13	that is operated or advised by a person de-
14	scribed in clause (iii), (iv), (v), (vii), (ix),
15	(x), or (xii);
16	"(xviii) any—
17	"(I) organization which is de-
18	scribed in section 501(c) of the Inter-
19	nal Revenue Code of 1986 (deter-
20	mined without regard to section
21	508(a)) and exempt from tax under
22	section 501(a) of such Code, except
23	that in the case of any such organiza-
24	tion which loses an exemption from
25	tax, such organization shall be consid-

1	ered to be continued to be described
2	in this subclause for the 180-day pe-
3	riod beginning on the date of the loss
4	of such tax-exempt status;
5	"(II) political organization (as
6	defined in section 527(e)(1) of such
7	Code) that is exempt from tax under
8	section 527(a) of such Code; or
9	"(III) trust described in para-
10	graph (1) or (2) of section 4947(a) of
11	such Code;
12	"(xix) any corporation, limited liabil-
13	ity company, or other similar entity that—
14	"(I) operates exclusively to pro-
15	vide financial assistance to, or hold
16	governance rights over, any entity de-
17	scribed in clause (xviii);
18	"(II) is a United States person;
19	"(III) is beneficially owned or
20	controlled exclusively by 1 or more
21	United States persons that are United
22	States citizens or lawfully admitted
23	for permanent residence; and
24	"(IV) derives at least a majority
25	of its funding or revenue, from 1 or

1	more United States persons that are
2	United States citizens or lawfully ad-
3	mitted for permanent residence;
4	"(xx) any entity that—
5	"(I) employs more than 20 em-
6	ployees on a full-time basis in the
7	United States;
8	"(II) files income tax returns in
9	the United States demonstrating more
10	than \$5,000,000 in gross receipts or
11	sales in the aggregate, including the
12	receipts or sales of—
13	"(aa) other entities owned
14	by the entity; and
15	"(bb) other entities through
16	which the entity operates; and
17	"(III) has an operating presence
18	at a physical office within the United
19	States;
20	"(xxi) any corporation, limited liabil-
21	ity company, or other similar entity owned,
22	directly or indirectly, by 1 or more entities
23	described in clause (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v),
24	(vii), (viii), (ix), (x), (xi), (xii), (xiii), (xiv),
25	(xv), (xvi), (xviii), or (xix);

1	"(xxii) any corporation, limited liabil-
2	ity company, or other similar entity—
3	"(I) in existence for over 1 year;
4	"(II) that is not engaged in ac-
5	tive business;
6	"(III) that is not owned, directly
7	or indirectly, by a foreign person;
8	"(IV) that has not, in the pre-
9	ceding 12-month period, experienced a
10	change in ownership or sent or re-
11	ceived funds in an amount greater
12	than \$1,000 (including all funds sent
13	to or received from any source
14	through a financial account or ac-
15	counts in which the entity, or an affil-
16	iate of the entity, maintains an inter-
17	est); and
18	"(V) that does not otherwise hold
19	any kind or type of assets, including
20	an ownership interest in any corpora-
21	tion, limited liability company, or
22	other similar entity;
23	"(xxiii) any entity or class of entities
24	that the Secretary of the Treasury, with
25	the written concurrence of the Attorney

1	General and the Secretary of Homeland
2	Security, has determined should be exempt
3	from the requirements of subsection (b)
4	because requiring beneficial ownership in-
5	formation from the entity or class of enti-
6	ties—
7	"(I) would not serve the public
8	interest; and
9	"(II) would not be highly useful
10	in national security, intelligence, and
11	law enforcement agency efforts to de-
12	tect, prevent, or prosecute money
13	laundering, the financing of terrorism,
14	proliferation finance, serious tax
15	fraud, or other crimes.
16	"(12) State.—The term 'State' means any
17	State of the United States, the District of Columbia,
18	the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Common-
19	wealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, American
20	Samoa, Guam, the United States Virgin Islands, and
21	any other commonwealth, territory, or possession of
22	the United States.
23	"(13) Unique identifying number.—The
24	term 'unique identifying number' means, with re-
25	spect to an individual or an entity with a sole mem-

1	ber, the unique identifying number from an accept-
2	able identification document.
3	"(14) United States Person.—The term
4	'United States person' has the meaning given the
5	term in section 7701(a) of the Internal Revenue
6	Code of 1986.
7	"(b) Beneficial Ownership Information Re-
8	PORTING.—
9	"(1) Reporting.—
10	"(A) IN GENERAL.—In accordance with
11	regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the
12	Treasury, each reporting company shall submit
13	to FinCEN a report that contains the informa-
14	tion described in paragraph (2).
15	"(B) Reporting of existing enti-
16	TIES.—In accordance with regulations pre-
17	scribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, any
18	reporting company that has been formed before
19	the effective date of the regulations prescribed
20	under this subsection shall, in a timely manner,
21	and not later than 2 years after the effective
22	date of the regulations prescribed under this
23	subsection, submit to FinCEN a report that
24	contains the information described in paragraph
25	(2).

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1	"(C) Reporting at time of forma-
2	TION.—In accordance with regulations pre-
3	scribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, any
4	reporting company that has been formed after
5	the effective date of the regulations promul-
6	gated under this subsection shall, at the time of
7	formation, submit to FinCEN a report that
8	contains the information described in paragraph
9	(2).
10	"(D) UPDATED REPORTING FOR CHANGES
11	IN BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP.—In accordance
12	with regulations prescribed by the Secretary of
13	the Treasury, a reporting company shall, in a
14	timely manner, and not later than 1 year after
15	the date on which there is a change with re-
16	spect to any information described in paragraph
17	(2), submit to FinCEN a report that updates
18	the information relating to the change.
19	"(E) Treasury review of updated re-
20	PORTING FOR CHANGES IN BENEFICIAL OWNER-
21	SHIP.—The Secretary of the Treasury, in con-
22	sultation with the Attorney General and the
23	Secretary of Homeland Security, shall conduct

a review to evaluate—

1	"(i) the necessity of a requirement for
2	corporations, limited liability companies, or
3	other similar entities to update the report
4	on beneficial ownership information in
5	paragraph (2), related to a change in own-
6	ership, within a shorter period of time than
7	required under that subsection, taking into
8	account the updating requirements under
9	subparagraph (D) and the information
10	contained in the reports;
11	"(ii) the benefit to law enforcement
12	and national security officials that might
13	be derived from, and the burden that a re-
14	quirement to update the list of beneficial
15	owners within a shorter period of time
16	after a change in the list of beneficial own-
17	ers would impose on corporations, limited
18	liability companies, or other similar enti-
19	ties; and
20	"(iii) not later than 2 years after the
21	date of enactment of this section, incor-
22	porate into the regulations, as appropriate,
23	any changes necessary to implement the
24	findings and determinations based on the
25	review required under this subparagraph.

1	"(F) REGULATION REQUIREMENTS.—In
2	promulgating the regulations prescribed in sub-
3	paragraphs (A) through (D), the Secretary of
4	the Treasury shall endeavor, to the greatest ex-
5	tent practicable—
6	"(i) to establish partnerships with
7	State, local, and Tribal governmental agen-
8	cies.
9	"(ii) to collect information described
10	in paragraph (2) through existing Federal,
11	State, and local processes and procedures;
12	"(iii) to minimize burdens on report-
13	ing companies associated with the collec-
14	tion of the information described in para-
15	graph (2) in light of the private compliance
16	costs placed on legitimate businesses;
17	"(iv) to collect information described
18	in paragraph (2) in a form and manner
19	that ensures the information is highly use-
20	ful in—
21	"(I) facilitating important na-
22	tional security, intelligence, and law
23	enforcement activities; and
24	"(II) confirming beneficial owner-
25	ship information provided to financial

1	institutions to facilitate the compli-
2	ance of the institutions with anti-
3	money laundering, countering the fi-
4	nancing of terrorism, and customer
5	due diligence requirements under ap-
6	plicable law.
7	"(2) Required information.—
8	"(A) IN GENERAL.—In accordance with
9	regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the
10	Treasury, a report delivered under paragraph
11	(1) shall, except as provided in subparagraph
12	(B), identify each beneficial owner of the appli-
13	cable reporting company and each applicant
14	with respect to that reporting company by—
15	"(i) full legal name;
16	"(ii) date of birth;
17	"(iii) current, as of the date on which
18	the report is delivered, residential or busi-
19	ness street address; and
20	"(iv)(I) unique identifying number
21	from an acceptable identification docu-
22	ment; or
23	``(II) FinCEN identifier in accordance
24	with requirements in paragraph (3).

1	"(B) Reporting requirement for ex-
2	EMPT ENTITIES HAVING AN OWNERSHIP INTER-
3	EST.—If an exempt entity described in sub-
4	section (a)(11)(B) has or will have a direct or
5	indirect ownership interest in a reporting com-
6	pany, the reporting company and the appli-
7	cant—
8	"(i) shall, with respect to the exempt
9	entity, only list the name of the exempt en-
10	tity; and
11	"(ii) shall not be required to report
12	the information with respect to the exempt
13	entity otherwise required under subpara-
14	graph (A).
15	"(C) Reporting requirement for
16	POOLED INVESTMENT VEHICLES.—Any cor-
17	poration, limited liability company, or other
18	similar entity that is an exempt entity described
19	in subsection (a)(11)(B)(xvii) and is formed
20	under the laws of a foreign country shall file
21	with FinCEN a written certification that pro-
22	vides identification information of an individual
23	that exercises substantial control over the
24	pooled investment vehicle in the same manner
25	as required under this subsection.

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"(D) Reporting requirement for ex-EMPT SUBSIDIARIES.—Any corporation, limited liability company, or other similar entity that is an exempt entity described in subsection (a)(11)(B)(xix), shall, in accordance with regulations issued by the Secretary, submit to FinCEN a report containing the information required under subparagraph (A) promptly after the date on which the entity no longer meets described the criteria in subsection (a)(11)(B)(xix), but in no case later than 90 days after that date. "(E) REPORTING REQUIREMENT FOR GRANDFATHERED EXEMPT ENTITIES.—Any corporation, limited liability company, or other similar entity that is an exempt entity described

GRANDFATHERED EXEMPT ENTITIES.—Any corporation, limited liability company, or other similar entity that is an exempt entity described in subsection (a)(11)(B)(xxii), shall, in accordance with regulations issued by the Secretary, submit to FinCEN a report containing the information required under subparagraph (A) promptly after the date on which the entity no longer meets the criteria described in subsection (a)(11)(B)(xxii), but in no case later than 90 days after such date.

"(3) FINCEN IDENTIFIER.—

1	"(A) Issuance of fincen identifier.—
2	"(i) In general.—Upon request by
3	an individual who has provided FinCEN
4	with the information described in para-
5	graph (2)(A) pertaining to the individual
6	or by an entity that has reported its bene-
7	ficial ownership information to FinCEN in
8	accordance with this section, FinCEN shall
9	issue a FinCEN identifier to such indi-
10	vidual or entity.
11	"(ii) Updating of information.—
12	An individual with a FinCEN identifier
13	shall submit filings with FinCEN pursuant
14	to paragraph (1) updating any information
15	described in paragraph (2) in a timely
16	manner consistent with subparagraph (D)
17	"(B) Use of fincen identifier for in-
18	DIVIDUALS.—Any person required to report the
19	information described in paragraph (2) with re-
20	spect to an individual may instead report the
21	FinCEN identifier of the individual.
22	"(C) Use of fincen identifier for en-
23	TITIES.— If an individual is or may be a bene-
24	ficial owner of a reporting company by an inter-
25	est held by the individual in an entity that, di-

1	rectly or indirectly, holds an interest in the re-
2	porting company, the reporting company may
3	report the FinCEN identifier of the entity in
4	lieu of providing the information required by
5	paragraph (2)(A) with respect to the individual.
6	"(4) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary of the
7	Treasury shall—
8	"(A) by regulation prescribe procedures
9	and standards governing any report under
10	paragraph (2) and any FinCEN identifier
11	under paragraph (3); and
12	"(B) in promulgating the regulations
13	under subparagraph (A), endeavor, to the ex-
14	tent practicable, consistent with the purposes of
15	this section—
16	"(i) to minimize burdens on reporting
17	companies associated with the collection of
18	beneficial ownership information; and
19	"(ii) to ensure the beneficial owner-
20	ship information reported to FinCEN is
21	accurate, complete, and highly useful.
22	"(5) Effective date.—The requirements of
23	this subsection shall take effect on the effective date
24	of the regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the
25	Treasury under this subsection, which shall not be

1	later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this
2	section.
3	"(c) Retention and Disclosure of Beneficial
4	OWNERSHIP INFORMATION BY FINCEN.—
5	"(1) Retention of Information.—Beneficial
6	ownership information required under subsection (b)
7	relating to each reporting company shall be main-
8	tained by FinCEN.
9	"(2) Disclosure.—
10	"(A) Prohibition.—Except as authorized
11	by this subsection and the protocols promul-
12	gated under this subsection, beneficial owner-
13	ship information reported under this section
14	shall be confidential and may not be disclosed
15	by—
16	"(i) an officer or employee of the
17	United States;
18	"(ii) an officer or employee of any
19	State, local, or Tribal agency; or
20	"(iii) an officer or employee of any fi-
21	nancial institution or regulatory agency re-
22	ceiving information under this subsection.
23	"(B) Scope of disclosure by fincen.—
24	FinCEN may disclose beneficial ownership in-

1	formation reported pursuant to this section only
2	upon receipt of—
3	"(i) a request, through appropriate
4	protocols—
5	"(I) from a Federal agency en-
6	gaged in national security, intel-
7	ligence, or law enforcement activity;
8	or
9	"(II) from a State, local, or Trib-
10	al law enforcement agency, if a court
11	of competent jurisdiction has author-
12	ized the law enforcement agency to
13	seek the information in a criminal or
14	civil investigation;
15	"(ii) a request from a Federal agency
16	on behalf of a law enforcement agency of
17	another country, including a foreign cen-
18	tral authority or competent authority (or
19	like designation), under an international
20	treaty, agreement, or convention—
21	"(I) issued in response to a re-
22	quest for assistance in an investiga-
23	tion by such foreign country;

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1	"(II) that, except in a criminal
2	case, prohibits the other country
3	from—
4	"(aa) publicly disclosing any
5	beneficial ownership information
6	received; or
7	"(bb) using the information
8	for any purpose other than the
9	authorized investigation or na-
10	tional security or intelligence ac-
11	tivity;
12	"(iii) a confirmation request made by
13	a financial institution subject to customer
14	due diligence requirements, with the con-
15	sent of the reporting company, to facilitate
16	the compliance of the financial institution
17	with customer due diligence requirements
18	under applicable law; or
19	"(iv) a request made by a Federal
20	functional regulator or other appropriate
21	regulatory agency consistent with the re-
22	quirements of subparagraph (C).
23	"(C) FORM AND MANNER OF DISCLOSURE
24	TO FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND REGULATORY
25	AGENCIES.—The Secretary of the Treasury

1	shall by regulation prescribe the form and man-
2	ner in which information shall be provided to a
3	financial institution under subparagraph
4	(B)(iii), which shall include that the informa-
5	tion shall also be available to a Federal func-
6	tional regulator or other appropriate regulatory
7	agency, as determined by the Secretary, if the
8	agency—
9	"(i) is authorized by law to assess, su-
10	pervise, enforce, or otherwise determine the
11	compliance of the financial institution with
12	the requirements described in that sub-
13	paragraph;
14	"(ii) uses the information solely for
15	the purpose of conducting the assessment,
16	supervision, or authorized investigation or
17	activity described in clause (i); and
18	"(iii) enters into an agreement with
19	the Secretary providing for appropriate
20	protocols governing the safekeeping of the
21	information.
22	"(3) Appropriate protocols.—The Sec-
23	retary of the Treasury shall establish protocols de-
24	scribed in paragraph (2)(A) that—

1	"(A) protect the security and confiden-
2	tiality of any beneficial ownership information
3	provided directly by the Secretary of the Treas-
4	ury;
5	"(B) require that beneficial ownership in-
6	formation be provided to the requesting agency
7	only upon written certification that applicable
8	requirements have been met, in such form and
9	manner as the Secretary of the Treasury may
10	prescribe that, at a minimum, states that the
11	information is relevant to an authorized inves-
12	tigation or activity described in paragraph (2);
13	"(C) require the requesting agency to
14	limit, to the greatest extent practicable, the
15	scope of information sought, consistent with the
16	purposes for seeking beneficial ownership infor-
17	mation;
18	"(D) restrict, to the satisfaction of the
19	Secretary of the Treasury, access to beneficial
20	ownership information only to users at the re-
21	questing agency—
22	"(i) who are authorized by agreement
23	with the Secretary to access the informa-

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1	"(ii) whose duties or responsibilities
2	require such access;
3	"(iii) who have undergone appropriate
4	training; and
5	"(iv) who use appropriate identity
6	verification mechanisms to obtain access to
7	the information;
8	"(E) require the requesting agency to
9	maintain an auditable trail of each request for
10	beneficial ownership information submitted to
11	the Secretary of the Treasury by the agency, in-
12	cluding the reason for the request, the name of
13	the individual who made the request, the date
14	of the request, and any other information the
15	Secretary of the Treasury determines is appro-
16	priate;
17	"(F) require that the requesting agency re-
18	ceiving beneficial ownership information from
19	the Secretary of the Treasury conduct an an-
20	nual audit to verify that the beneficial owner-
21	ship information received from the Secretary
22	has been accessed and used appropriately, and
23	in a manner consistent with this paragraph;
24	and

1	"(G) require the Secretary of the Treasury
2	to conduct an annual audit of the adherence of
3	the agencies to the protocols established under
4	this paragraph to ensure that agencies are re-
5	questing and using beneficial ownership infor-
6	mation appropriately.
7	"(4) Department of the treasury ac-
8	CESS.—
9	"(A) In General.—Beneficial ownership
10	information shall be accessible for inspection or
11	disclosure to officers and employees of Depart-
12	ment of the Treasury whose official duties re-
13	quire such inspection or disclosure subject to
14	procedures and safeguards prescribed by the
15	Secretary of the Treasury.
16	"(B) Tax administration purposes.—
17	Officers and employees of the Department of
18	the Treasury shall obtain access to beneficial
19	ownership information for tax administration
20	purposes in accordance with this subsection.
21	"(5) Rejection of request.—The Secretary
22	of the Treasury—
23	"(A) shall reject a request not submitted
24	in the form and manner prescribed by the Sec-
25	retary under paragraph (2)(C); and

1	"(B) may decline to provide information
2	requested under this subsection upon finding
3	that—
4	"(i) the requesting agency has failed
5	to meet any other requirement of this sub-
6	section;
7	"(ii) the information is being re-
8	quested for an unlawful purpose; or
9	"(iii) other good cause exists to deny
10	the request.
11	"(6) Suspension.—The Secretary of the
12	Treasury may suspend or debar a requesting agency
13	from access for any of the grounds set forth in para-
14	graph (5), including for repeated or serious viola-
15	tions of any requirement under paragraph (2).
16	"(7) Security Protections.—The Secretary
17	of the Treasury shall maintain information security
18	protections, including encryption, for information re-
19	ported to FinCEN under subsection (b) and ensure
20	that the protections—
21	"(A) are consistent with standards and
22	guidelines developed under subchapter II of
23	chapter 35 of title 44; and
24	"(B) incorporate Federal information sys-
25	tem security controls for high-impact systems,

1 excluding national security systems, consistent 2 with applicable law to prevent the loss of con-3 fidentiality, integrity, or availability of informa-4 tion that may have a severe or catastrophic ad-5 verse effect. "(8) VIOLATION OF PROTOCOLS.—Any em-6 7 ployee or officer of a requesting agency under para-8 graph (2)(B) that violates the protocols described in 9 paragraph (3) shall be subject to criminal and civil 10 penalties under subsection (h)(3)(B). 11 "(d) AGENCY COORDINATION.— 12 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the 13 Treasury shall, to the greatest extent practicable, 14 update the information described in subsection (b) 15 by working collaboratively with other relevant Fed-16 eral, State, and Tribal agencies. 17 "(2) Information from relevant federal, 18 STATE, AND TRIBAL AGENCIES.—Relevant Federal, 19 State, and Tribal agencies, as determined by the 20 Secretary of the Treasury, shall, to the extent prac-21 ticable, and consistent with applicable legal protec-22 tions, cooperate with and provide information re-23 quested by FinCEN for purposes of maintaining an 24 accurate, complete, and highly useful database for 25 beneficial ownership information.

1	"(3) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary of the
2	Treasury, in consultation with the heads of other
3	relevant Federal agencies, may promulgate regula-
4	tions as necessary to carry out this subsection.
5	"(e) Notification of Federal Obligations.—
6	"(1) Federal.—The Secretary of the Treasury
7	shall take reasonable steps to provide notice to per-
8	sons of their obligations to report beneficial owner-
9	ship information under this section, including by
10	causing appropriate informational materials describ-
11	ing such obligations to be included in 1 or more
12	forms or other informational materials regularly dis-
13	tributed by the Internal Revenue Service and
14	FinCEN.
15	"(2) States and Indian Tribes.—
16	"(A) IN GENERAL.—As a condition of the
17	funds made available under this section, each
18	State and Indian Tribe shall, not later than 2
19	years after the effective date of regulations pro-
20	mulgated under subsection (b)(5), take the fol-
21	lowing actions:
22	"(i) The secretary of a State or a
23	similar office in each State or Indian Tribe
24	responsible for the establishment of enti-
25	ties created by the filing of a public docu-

I	ment with the office under the law of the
2	State or Indian Tribe shall periodically, in-
3	cluding at the time of any initial formation
4	or registration of an entity, assessment of
5	an annual fee, or renewal of any license to
6	do business in the State or Indian country
7	and in connection with State or Indian
8	Tribe corporate tax assessments or renew-
9	als—
10	"(I) notify filers of their require-
11	ments as reporting companies under
12	this section, including the require-
13	ments to file and update reports
14	under subparagraphs (B) and (D) of
15	subsection (b)(1); and
16	"(II) provide the filers with a
17	copy of the reporting company form
18	created by the Secretary of the Treas-
19	ury under this subsection or an inter-
20	net link to that form.
21	"(ii) The secretary of a State or a
22	similar office in each State or Indian Tribe
23	responsible for the establishment of enti-
24	ties created by the filing of a public docu-
25	ment with the office under the law of the

1 State or Indian Tribes shall update the 2 websites, forms relating to incorporation, 3 and physical premises of the office to no-4 tify filers of their requirements as report-5 ing companies under this section, including 6 providing an internet link to the reporting 7 company form created by the Secretary of 8 the Treasury under this section. 9 "(B) Notification from the depart-10 MENT $_{
m OF}$ THE TREASURY.—A notification 11 under clause (i) or (ii) of subparagraph (A) 12 shall explicitly state that the notification is on 13 behalf of the Department of the Treasury for 14 the purpose of preventing money laundering, 15 the financing of terrorism, proliferation financ-16 ing, serious tax fraud, and other financial crime 17 by requiring nonpublic registration of business 18 entities formed or registered to do business in 19 the United States. 20 "(f) No Bearer Share Corporations or Limited 21 LIABILITY COMPANIES.—A corporation, limited liability 22 company, or other similar entity formed under the laws of a State or Indian Tribe may not issue a certificate in bearer form evidencing either a whole or fractional interest 25 in the entity.

1	"(g) Regulations.—In promulgating regulations
2	carrying out this section, the Director shall reach out to
3	members of the small business community and other ap-
4	propriate parties to ensure efficiency and effectiveness of
5	the process for the entities subject to the requirements of
6	this section.
7	"(h) Penalties.—
8	"(1) Reporting violations.—It shall be un-
9	lawful for any person to—
10	"(A) willfully provide, or attempt to pro-
11	vide, false or fraudulent beneficial ownership in-
12	formation, including a false or fraudulent iden-
13	tifying photograph or document, to FinCEN in
14	accordance with subsection (b); or
15	"(B) willfully fail to report complete or up-
16	dated beneficial ownership information to
17	FinCEN in accordance with subsection (b).
18	"(2) Unauthorized disclosure or use.—
19	Except as authorized by this section, it shall be un-
20	lawful for any person to knowingly disclose or know-
21	ingly use the beneficial ownership information ob-
22	tained by the person through—
23	"(A) a report submitted to FinCEN under
24	subsection (b); or

1	"(B) a disclosure made by FinCEN under
2	subsection (c).
3	"(3) Criminal and civil penalties.—
4	"(A) Reporting violations.—Any per-
5	son who violates subparagraph (A) or (B) of
6	paragraph (1)—
7	"(i) shall be liable to the United
8	States for a civil penalty of not more than
9	\$500 for each day that the violation con-
10	tinues or has not been remedied; and
11	"(ii) may be fined not more than
12	\$10,000, imprisoned for not more than 2
13	years, or both.
14	"(B) Unauthorized disclosure or use
15	VIOLATIONS.—Any person who violates para-
16	graph (2)—
17	"(i) shall be liable to the United
18	States for a civil penalty of not more than
19	\$500 for each day that the violation con-
20	tinues or has not been remedied; and
21	"(ii)(I) shall be fined not more than
22	\$250,000, or imprisoned for not more than
23	5 years, or both; or
24	"(II) while violating another law of
25	the United States or as part of a pattern

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1	of any illegal activity involving more than
2	\$100,000 in a 12-month period, shall be
3	fined not more than \$500,000, imprisoned
4	for not more than 10 years, or both.
5	"(C) Safe Harbor.—
6	"(i) Safe Harbor.—
7	"(I) In general.—Except as
8	provided in subclause (II), a person
9	shall not be subject to civil or criminal
10	penalty under subparagraph (A) if the
11	person—
12	"(aa) has reason to believe
13	that any report submitted by the
14	person in accordance with sub-
15	section (b) contains inaccurate
16	information; and
17	"(bb) in accordance with
18	regulations issued by the Sec-
19	retary, voluntarily and promptly,
20	and in no case later than 90
21	days, submits a report containing
22	corrected information.
23	"(II) Exceptions.—A person
24	shall not be exempt from penalty
25	under clause (i) if, at the time the

1	person submits the report required by
2	subsection (b), the person—
3	"(aa) acts for the purpose of
4	evading the reporting require-
5	ments under subsection (b); and
6	"(bb) has actual knowledge
7	that any information contained in
8	the report is inaccurate.
9	"(ii) Assistance.—FinCEN shall
10	provide assistance to any person seeking to
11	submit a corrected report in accordance
12	with clause (i)(I).
13	"(4) User complaint process.—
14	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Inspector General
15	of the Department of the Treasury, in coordina-
16	tion with the Secretary of the Treasury, shall
17	provide public contact information to receive ex-
18	ternal comments or complaints regarding the
19	beneficial ownership information notification
20	and collection process or regarding the accu-
21	racy, completeness, or timeliness of such infor-
22	mation.
23	"(B) Report.—The Inspector General of
24	the Department of the Treasury shall submit to
25	Congress a periodic report that—

1	"(i) summarizes external comments or
2	complaints and related investigations con-
3	ducted by the Inspector General related to
4	the collection of beneficial ownership infor-
5	mation; and
6	"(ii) includes recommendations, in co-
7	ordination with FinCEN, to improve the
8	form and manner of the notification, col-
9	lection and updating processes of the bene-
10	ficial ownership information reporting re-
11	quirements to ensure the beneficial owner-
12	ship information reported to FinCEN is
13	accurate, complete, and highly useful.
14	"(5) Treasury office of inspector gen-
15	ERAL INVESTIGATION IN THE EVENT OF A CYBERSE-
16	CURITY BREACH.—
17	"(A) IN GENERAL.—In the event of a cy-
18	bersecurity breach that results in substantial
19	unauthorized access and disclosure of sensitive
20	beneficial ownership information, the Inspector
21	General of the Department of the Treasury
22	shall conduct an investigation into FinCEN cy-
23	bersecurity practices that, to the extent pos-
24	sible, determines any vulnerabilities within
25	FinCEN information security and confiden-

1	tiality protocols and provides recommendations
2	for fixing those deficiencies.
3	"(B) Report.—The Inspector General of
4	the Department of the Treasury shall submit to
5	the Secretary of the Treasury a report on each
6	investigation conducted under subparagraph
7	(A).
8	"(C) ACTIONS OF THE SECRETARY.—Upon
9	receiving a report submitted under subpara-
10	graph (B), the Secretary of the Treasury
11	shall—
12	"(i) determine whether the Director
13	had any responsibility for the cybersecurity
14	breach or whether policies, practices, or
15	procedures implemented at the direction of
16	the Director led to the cybersecurity
17	breach; and
18	"(ii) submit to Congress a written re-
19	port outlining the findings of the Sec-
20	retary, including a determination by the
21	Secretary on whether to retain or dismiss
22	the individual serving as the Director.
23	"(6) Definition.—In this subsection, the term
24	'willfully' means the voluntary, intentional violation
25	of a known legal duty.

1	(1) CONTINUOUS REVIEW OF EXEMPT ENTITIES.—
2	"(1) IN GENERAL.—On and after the effective
3	date of the regulations promulgated under this sec-
4	tion, if the Secretary of the Treasury makes a deter-
5	mination, which may be based on information con-
6	tained in the report required under section 5501(d)
7	of the Anti-Money Laundering Act of 2020 or on
8	any other information available to the Secretary,
9	that an entity or class of entities in the list in sub-
10	section $(a)(11)(B)$ has been subject to significant
11	abuse relating to money laundering, the financing of
12	terrorism, proliferation finance, serious tax fraud, or
13	other illicit activity, not later than 90 days after the
14	date on which the Secretary makes the determina-
15	tion, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on
16	Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate
17	and the Committee on Financial Services of the
18	House of Representatives a report that explains the
19	reasons for the determination and any administra-
20	tive or legislative recommendations to prevent such
21	abuse.
22	"(2) Classified annex.—The report required
23	by paragraph (1)—
24	"(A) shall be submitted in unclassified
25	form; and

1	"(B) may include a classified annex.".
2	(b) Conforming Amendments.—Title 31, United
3	States Code, is amended—
4	(1) in section 5321(a)—
5	(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "sections
6	5314 and 5315" each place that term appears
7	and inserting "sections 5314, 5315, and 5336";
8	and
9	(B) in paragraph (6), by inserting "(except
10	section 5336)" after "subchapter" each place
11	that term appears; and
12	(2) in section 5322, by striking "section 5315
13	or 5324" each place that term appears and inserting
14	"section 5315, 5324, or 5336".
15	(3) in the table of sections for chapter 53, as
16	amended by sections $5305(b)(1)$, $5306(b)$, and
17	5312(b) of this division, is amended by adding at
18	the end the following:
	"5336. Beneficial ownership information reporting requirements.".
19	(c) Reporting Requirements for Federal Con-
20	TRACTORS.—
21	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after
22	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Adminis-
23	trator for Federal Procurement Policy shall revise
24	the Federal Acquisition Regulation maintained
25	under section 1303(a)(1) of title 41. United States

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Code, to require any contractor or subcontractor who is subject to the requirement to disclose beneficial ownership information under section 5336 of title 31, United States Code, as added by subsection (a) of this section, to provide the information required to be disclosed under such section to the Federal Government as part of any bid or proposal for a contract with a value threshold in excess of the simplified acquisition threshold under section 134 of title 41, United States Code.

(2) APPLICABILITY.—The revision required under paragraph (1) shall not apply to a covered contractor or subcontractor, as defined in section 847 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116–92), that is subject to the beneficial ownership disclosure and review requirements under that section.

(d) REVISED DUE DILIGENCE RULEMAKING.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the effective date of the regulations promulgated under section 5336(b)(5) of title 31, United States Code, as added by subsection (a) of this section, the Secretary shall revise the final rule entitled "Customer Due Diligence Requirements for Financial In-

1	stitutions"(81 Fed. Reg. 29397 (May 11, 2016))
2	to—
3	(A) bring the rule into conformance with
4	this division and the amendments made by this
5	division;
6	(B) account for the access of financial in-
7	stitutions to beneficial ownership information
8	filed by reporting companies, and provided in
9	the form and manner prescribed by the Sec-
10	retary, to confirm the beneficial ownership in-
11	formation provided directly to financial institu-
12	tions to facilitate the compliance of those insti-
13	tutions with anti-money laundering, countering
14	the financing of terrorism, and customer due
15	diligence requirements under applicable law;
16	and
17	(C) reduce any burdens on financial insti-
18	tutions that are, in light of the enactment of
19	this division and the amendments made by this
20	division, unnecessary or duplicative.
21	(2) Considerations.—In fulfilling the require-
22	ments under this subsection, the Secretary shall con-
23	sider—

1	(A) the use of risk-based principles for re-
2	quiring reports of beneficial ownership informa-
3	tion;
4	(B) the degree of reliance by financial in-
5	stitutions on information provided by FinCEN
6	for purposes of obtaining and updating bene-
7	ficial ownership information;
8	(C) strategies to improve the accuracy,
9	completeness, and timeliness of the beneficial
10	ownership information reported to the Sec-
11	retary; and
12	(D) any other matter that the Secretary
13	determines is appropriate.
14	TITLE LV—MISCELLANEOUS
15	SEC. 5501. INVESTIGATIONS AND PROSECUTION OF OF-
16	FENSES FOR VIOLATIONS OF THE SECURI-
17	TIES LAWS.
18	(a) In General.—Section 21(d) of the Securities
19	Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78u(d)) is amended—
20	(1) in paragraph (3)—
21	(A) in the paragraph heading—
22	(i) by inserting "CIVIL" before
23	"MONEY PENALTIES"; and

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1	(11) by striking "IN CIVIL AC-
2	TIONS" and inserting "AND AUTHOR-
3	ITY TO SEEK DISGORGEMENT";
4	(B) in subparagraph (A), by striking "ju-
5	risdiction to impose" and all that follows
6	through the period at the end and inserting the
7	following: "jurisdiction to—
8	"(i) impose, upon a proper showing, a
9	civil penalty to be paid by the person who
10	committed such violation; and
11	"(ii) require disgorgement under para-
12	graph (7) of any unjust enrichment by the
13	person who received such unjust enrich-
14	ment as a result of such violation."; and
15	(C) in subparagraph (B)—
16	(i) in clause (i), in the first sentence,
17	by striking "the penalty" and inserting "a
18	civil penalty imposed under subparagraph
19	(A)(i)";
20	(ii) in clause (ii), by striking "amount
21	of penalty" and inserting "amount of a
22	civil penalty imposed under subparagraph
23	(A)(i)"; and
24	(iii) in clause (iii), in the matter pre-
25	ceding item (aa), by striking "amount of

1	penalty for each such violation" and insert-
2	ing "amount of a civil penalty imposed
3	under subparagraph (A)(i) for each viola-
4	tion described in that subparagraph";
5	(2) in paragraph (4), by inserting "under para-
6	graph (7)" after "funds disgorged"; and
7	(3) by adding at the end the following:
8	"(7) DISGORGEMENT.—In any action or pro-
9	ceeding brought by the Commission under any provi-
10	sion of the securities laws, the Commission may
11	seek, and any Federal court may order,
12	disgorgement.
13	"(8) Limitations periods.—
14	"(A) DISGORGEMENT.—The Commission
15	may bring a claim for disgorgement under para-
16	graph (7)—
17	"(i) not later than 5 years after the
18	latest date of the violation that gives rise
19	to the action or proceeding in which the
20	Commission seeks the claim occurs; or
21	"(ii) not later than 10 years after the
22	latest date of the violation that gives rise
23	to the action or proceeding in which the
24	Commission seeks the claim if the violation
25	involves conduct that violates section

1	10(b), section 17(a)(1) of the Securities
2	Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77q(a)(1)), section
3	206(1) of the Investment Advisers Act of
4	1940 (15 U.S.C. 80b-6(1)), or any other
5	provision of the securities laws that re-
6	quires scienter.
7	"(B) Equitable remedies.—The Com-
8	mission may seek a claim for any equitable
9	remedy, including for an injunction or a bar,
10	suspension, or cease and desist order, not later
11	than 10 years after the latest date on which a
12	violation that gives rise to the claim occurs.
13	"(C) CALCULATION.—For the purposes of
14	calculating any limitations period under this
15	paragraph with respect to an action or claim,
16	any time in which the person against which the
17	action or claim, as applicable, is brought is out-
18	side of the United States shall not count to-
19	wards the accrual of that period.
20	"(9) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in
21	paragraph (7) may be construed as altering any
22	right that any private party may have to maintain
23	a suit for a violation of this Act.".
24	(b) APPLICABILITY.—The amendments made by sub-
25	section (a) shall apply with respect to any action or pro-

1	ceeding that is pending on, or commenced on or after, the
2	date of enactment of this Act.
3	SEC. 5502. GAO AND TREASURY STUDIES ON BENEFICIAL
4	OWNERSHIP INFORMATION REPORTING RE-
5	QUIREMENTS.
6	(a) Effectiveness of Incorporation Practices
7	STUDY.—Not later than 2 years after the effective date
8	of the regulations promulgated under section 5336(b)(5)
9	of title 31, United States Code, as added by section
10	5403(a) of this division, the Comptroller General of the
11	United States shall conduct a study and submit to the
12	Congress a report assessing the effectiveness of incorpora-
13	tion practices implemented under this division, and the
14	amendments made by this division, in—
15	(1) providing national security, intelligence, and
16	law enforcement agencies with prompt access to reli-
17	able, useful, and complete beneficial ownership infor-
18	mation; and
19	(2) strengthening the capability of national se-
20	curity, intelligence, and law enforcement agencies
21	to—
22	(A) combat incorporation abuses and civil
23	and criminal misconduct; and
24	(B) detect, prevent, or prosecute money
25	laundering, the financing of terrorism, pro-

1	liferation finance, serious tax fraud, or other
2	crimes.
3	(b) Using Technology to Avoid Duplicative
4	Layers of Reporting Obligations and Increase Ac-
5	CURACY OF BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP INFORMATION.—
6	(1) In General.—The Secretary, in consulta-
7	tion with the Attorney General, shall conduct a
8	study to evaluate—
9	(A) the effectiveness of using FinCEN
10	identifiers, as defined in section 5336 of title
11	31, United States Code, as added by section
12	5403(a) of this division, or other simplified re-
13	porting methods in order to facilitate a sim-
14	plified beneficial ownership regime for reporting
15	companies;
16	(B) whether a reporting regime whereby
17	only company shareholders are reported within
18	the ownership chain of a reporting company
19	could effectively track beneficial ownership in-
20	formation and increase information to law en-
21	forcement;
22	(C) the costs associated with imposing any
23	new verification requirements on FinCEN; and
24	(D) the resources necessary to implement
25	any such changes.

1	(2) FINDINGS.—The Secretary shall submit to
2	the relevant committees of jurisdiction—
3	(A) the findings of the study conducted
4	under paragraph (1); and
5	(B) recommendations for carrying out the
6	findings described in subparagraph (A).
7	(c) Exempt Entities.—Not later than 2 years after
8	the effective date of regulations promulgated under section
9	5336(b)(5) of title 31, United States Code, as added by
10	section 5403(a) of this division, the Comptroller General
11	of the United States, in consultation with the Secretary,
12	Federal functional regulators, the Attorney General, the
13	Secretary of Homeland Security, and the intelligence com-
14	munity, shall conduct a study and submit to Congress a
15	report that—
16	(1) reviews the regulated status, related report-
17	ing requirements, quantity, and structure of each
18	class of corporations, limited liability companies, and
19	similar entities that have been explicitly excluded
20	from the definition of reporting company and the re-
21	quirement to report beneficial ownership information
22	under section 5336 of title 31, United States Code,
23	as added by section 5403(a) of this division;
24	(2) assesses the extent to which any excluded
25	entity or class of entities described in paragraph (1)

1	pose significant risks of money laundering, the fi-
2	nancing of terrorism, proliferation finance, serious
3	tax fraud, and other illicit activity; and
4	(3) identifies other policy areas related to the
5	risks of exempt entities described in paragraph (1)
6	for Congress to consider as Congress is conducting
7	oversight of the new beneficial ownership informa-
8	tion reporting requirements established by this divi-
9	sion and amendments made by this division.
10	(d) Other Legal Entities Study.—Not later
11	than 2 years after the effective date of the regulations pro-
12	mulgated under section 5336(b)(5) of title 31, United
13	States Code, as added by section 5403(a) of this division
14	the Comptroller General of the United States shall con-
15	duct a study and submit to Congress a report—
16	(1) identifying each State that has procedures
17	that enable persons to form or register under the
18	laws of the State partnerships, trusts, or other legal
19	entities, and the nature of those procedures;
20	(2) identifying each State that requires persons
21	seeking to form or register partnerships, trusts, or
22	other legal entities under the laws of the State to
23	provide beneficial owners (as defined in section
24	5336(a) of title 31, United States Code, as added by
25	section 5403 of this division) or beneficiaries of

1	those entities, and the nature of the required infor-
2	mation;
3	(3) evaluating whether the lack of available
4	beneficial ownership information for partnerships,
5	trusts, or other legal entities—
6	(A) raises concerns about the involvement
7	of those entities in terrorism, money laun-
8	dering, tax evasion, securities fraud, or other
9	misconduct; and
10	(B) has impeded investigations into enti-
11	ties suspected of the misconduct described in
12	subparagraph (A);
13	(4) evaluating whether the failure of the United
14	States to require beneficial ownership information
15	for partnerships and trusts formed or registered in
16	the United States has elicited international criticism;
17	and
18	(5) what steps, if any, the United States has
19	taken, is planning to take, or should take in re-
20	sponse to the criticism described in paragraph (4).
21	SEC. 5503. GAO STUDY ON FEEDBACK LOOPS.
22	(a) Definition.—In this section, the term "feedback
23	loop" means feedback provided by the United States Gov-
24	ernment to relevant parties.

1	(b) STUDY.—The Comptroller General of the United
2	States shall conduct a study on—
3	(1) best practices within the United States Gov-
4	ernment for feedback loops, including regulated pri-
5	vate entities, on the usage and usefulness of person-
6	ally identifiable information, sensitive-but-unclassi-
7	fied data, or similar information provided by the
8	parties to United States Government users of the in-
9	formation and data, including law enforcement agen-
10	cies and regulators; and
11	(2) any practice or standard inside or outside
12	the United States for providing feedback through
13	sensitive information and public-private partnership
14	information sharing efforts, specifically related to ef-
15	forts to combat money laundering and other forms
16	of illicit finance.
17	(c) Report.—Not later than 18-months after the
18	date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General
19	of the United States shall submit to the Committee on
20	Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate and
21	the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Rep-
22	resentatives a report containing—
23	(1) all findings and determinations made in car-
24	rying out the study required under subsection (b);

1	(2) with respect to each of paragraphs (1) and
2	(2) of subsection (b), any best practice or significant
3	concern identified by the Comptroller General, and
4	the applicability to public-private partnerships and
5	feedback loops with respect to efforts by the United
6	States Government to combat money laundering and
7	other forms of illicit finance; and
8	(3) recommendations of the Comptroller Gen-
9	eral to reduce or eliminate any unnecessary collec-
10	tion by the United States Government of the infor-
11	mation described in subsection $(b)(1)$.
12	SEC. 5504. GAO STUDY ON FIGHTING ILLICIT NETWORKS
13	AND DETECTING HUMAN TRAFFICKING AND
13 14	DRUG TRAFFICKING.
14	DRUG TRAFFICKING.
14 15	DRUG TRAFFICKING. (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
14 15 16	DRUG TRAFFICKING. (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following: (1) According to the Drug Enforcement Admin-
14 15 16 17	DRUG TRAFFICKING. (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following: (1) According to the Drug Enforcement Administration 2018 National Drug Threat Assessment,
14 15 16 17	DRUG TRAFFICKING. (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following: (1) According to the Drug Enforcement Administration 2018 National Drug Threat Assessment, transnational criminal organizations are increasingly
14 15 16 17 18	DRUG TRAFFICKING. (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following: (1) According to the Drug Enforcement Administration 2018 National Drug Threat Assessment, transnational criminal organizations are increasingly using virtual currencies.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	DRUG TRAFFICKING. (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following: (1) According to the Drug Enforcement Administration 2018 National Drug Threat Assessment, transnational criminal organizations are increasingly using virtual currencies. (2) In the 2015 National Money Laundering
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	DRUG TRAFFICKING. (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following: (1) According to the Drug Enforcement Administration 2018 National Drug Threat Assessment, transnational criminal organizations are increasingly using virtual currencies. (2) In the 2015 National Money Laundering Risk Assessment, the Department of the Treasury
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	DRUG TRAFFICKING. (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following: (1) According to the Drug Enforcement Administration 2018 National Drug Threat Assessment, transnational criminal organizations are increasingly using virtual currencies. (2) In the 2015 National Money Laundering Risk Assessment, the Department of the Treasury has recognized, "The development of virtual cur-

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options that are versatile and that provide immediate finality. No U.S. payment method meets that description, although cash may come closest. Virtual currencies can mimic cash's immediate finality and anonymity and are more versatile than cash for online and cross-border transactions, making virtual currencies vulnerable for illicit transactions.".

(3) In the 2018 National Money Laundering Risk Assessment, the Department of the Treasury concluded, "To the extent that virtual currencies are able to provide the same level of anonymity as physical cash, they create an even greater risk because virtual currencies can be transmitted and used globally. In addition to providing another means to pay for contraband or illicit services, virtual currencies also are now being used in the layering stage of money laundering to disguise the origin of illicit proceeds."

- (4) Virtual currencies may be increasingly used, facilitated by online marketplaces, to pay for goods and services associated with human trafficking and drug trafficking.
- (5) Online marketplaces, including the dark web, are becoming a prominent platform to buy, sell,

and advertise for illicit goods and services associated with human trafficking and drug trafficking. (6) According to the International Labour Or-

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- (6) According to the International Labour Organization, in 2016, 4,800,000 people in the world were victims of forced sexual exploitation, and in 2014, the global profit from commercial sexual exploitation was \$99,000,000,000.
- (7) In 2016, within the United States, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention estimated that there were 64,000 deaths related to drug overdose, and the most severe increase in drug overdoses were those associated with synthetic opioids, including fentanyl and fentanyl analogs, which amounted to over 20,000 overdose deaths.
 - (8) According to 2018 National Money Laundering Risk Assessment, an estimated \$100,000,000,000 is generated annually from United States drug trafficking sales.
- 19 (9) Illegal fentanyl in the United States origi-20 nates primarily from China, and it is readily avail-21 able to purchase through online marketplaces.
- 22 (b) Definition of Human Trafficking.—In this 23 section, the term "human trafficking" has the meaning 24 given the term "severe forms of trafficking in persons"

1 in section 103 of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act

- 2 of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7102).
- 3 (c) GAO STUDY.—The Comptroller General of the
- 4 United States shall conduct a study on how a range of
- 5 payment systems and methods, including virtual cur-
- 6 rencies in online marketplaces, are used to facilitate
- 7 human trafficking and drug trafficking, which shall con-
- 8 sider—
- 9 (1) how online marketplaces, including the dark
- web, may be used as platforms to buy, sell, or facili-
- tate the financing of goods or services associated
- with human trafficking or drug trafficking, specifi-
- cally, opioids and synthetic opioids, including
- fentanyl, fentanyl analogs, and any precursor chem-
- ical associated with manufacturing fentanyl or
- fentanyl analogs, destined for, originating from, or
- within the United States;
- 18 (2) how financial payment methods, including
- virtual currencies and peer-to-peer mobile payment
- services, may be utilized by online marketplaces to
- facilitate the buying, selling, or financing of goods
- and services associated with human trafficking or
- drug trafficking destined for, originating from, or
- 24 within the United States;

1 (3) how virtual currencies may be used to facili-2 tate the buying, selling, or financing of goods and 3 services associated with human trafficking or drug 4 trafficking, destined for, originating from, or within 5 the United States, when an online platform is not 6 otherwise involved; 7 (4) how illicit funds that have been transmitted 8 online and through virtual currencies are repatriated 9 into the formal banking system of the United States 10 through money laundering or other means; 11 (5) the participants, including state and non-12 state actors, throughout the entire supply chain that 13 may participate in or benefit from the buying, sell-14 ing, or financing of goods and services associated 15 with human trafficking or drug trafficking, including 16 through online marketplaces or using virtual cur-17 rencies, destined for, originating from, or within the 18 United States; 19 (6) Federal and State agency efforts to impede 20 the buying, selling, or financing of goods and serv-21 ices associated with human trafficking or drug traf-22 ficking destined for, originating from, or within the 23 United States, including efforts to prevent the pro-24 ceeds from human trafficking or drug trafficking

from entering the United States banking system;

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1	(7) how virtual currencies and their underlying
2	technologies can be used to detect and deter these
3	illicit activities; and
4	(8) to what extent immutability and traceability
5	of virtual currencies can contribute to the tracking
6	and prosecution of illicit funding.
7	(d) Report to Congress.—Not later than 1 year
8	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller
9	General of the United States shall submit to the Com-
10	mittee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the
11	Senate and the Committee on Financial Services of the
12	House of Representatives a report—
13	(1) summarizing the results of the study re-
14	quired under subsection (c); and
15	(2) that contains any recommendations for leg-
16	islative or regulatory action that would improve the
17	efforts of Federal agencies to impede the use of vir-
18	tual currencies and online marketplaces in facili-
19	tating human trafficking and drug trafficking.
20	SEC. 5505. TREASURY STUDY AND REPORT ON TRADE-
21	BASED MONEY LAUNDERING.
22	(a) Study Required.—
23	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall carry
24	out a study, in consultation with appropriate private
25	sector stakeholders, academic and other inter-

1	national trade experts, and Federal agencies, on
2	trade-based money laundering.
3	(2) Contracting authority.—The Secretary
4	may enter into a contract with a private third-party
5	entity to carry out the study required by paragraph
6	(1).
7	(b) Report Required.—
8	(1) In general.—Not later than 1 year after
9	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary
10	shall submit to Congress a report that includes—
11	(A) all findings and determinations made
12	in carrying out the study required by subsection
13	(a); and
14	(B) proposed strategies to combat trade-
15	based money laundering.
16	(2) Classified Annex.—The report required
17	by paragraph (1)—
18	(A) shall be submitted in unclassified form;
19	and
20	(B) may include a classified annex.
21	SEC. 5506. TREASURY STUDY AND STRATEGY ON MONEY
22	LAUNDERING BY THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC
23	OF CHINA.
24	(a) Study.—The Secretary shall carry out a study,
25	which shall rely substantially on information obtained

through the trade-based money laundering analyses con-2 ducted by the Comptroller General of the United States, 3 on-4 (1) the extent and effect of illicit finance risk 5 relating to the Government of the People's Republic 6 of China and Chinese firms, including financial insti-7 tutions; 8 (2) an assessment of the illicit finance risks 9 emanating from the People's Republic of China; 10 (3) those risks allowed, directly or indirectly, by 11 the Government of the People's Republic of China, 12 including those enabled by weak regulatory or ad-13 ministrative controls of that government; and 14 (4) the ways in which the increasing amount of 15 global trade and investment by the Government of 16 the People's Republic of China and Chinese firms 17 exposes the international financial system to in-18 creased risk relating to illicit finance. 19 (b) STRATEGY TO COUNTER CHINESE MONEY LAUN-DERING.—Upon the completion of the study required 20 21 under subsection (a), the Secretary, in consultation with 22 such other Federal agencies as the Secretary determines 23 appropriate, shall develop a strategy to combat Chinese money laundering activities.

1	(c) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date
2	of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to
3	Congress a report containing—
4	(1) all findings and determinations made in car-
5	rying out the study required under subsection (a);
6	and
7	(2) the strategy developed under subsection (b).
8	SEC. 5507. TREASURY AND JUSTICE STUDY ON THE EF-
9	FORTS OF AUTHORITARIAN REGIMES TO EX-
10	PLOIT THE FINANCIAL SYSTEM OF THE
11	UNITED STATES.
12	(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the
13	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary and the Attor-
14	ney General, in consultation with the heads of other rel-
15	evant national security, intelligence, and law enforcement
16	agencies, shall conduct a study and submit to Congress
17	a report that considers how authoritarian regimes in for-
18	eign countries and their proxies use the financial system
19	of the United States to—
20	(1) conduct political influence operations;
21	(2) sustain kleptocratic methods of maintaining
22	power;
23	(3) export corruption;

1	(4) fund nongovernmental organizations, media
2	organizations, or academic initiatives in the United
3	States to advance the interests of those regimes; and
4	(5) otherwise undermine democratic governance
5	in the United States and the partners and allies of
6	the United States.
7	(b) Report.—Not later than 2 years after the date
8	of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to
9	the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs
10	of the Senate and the Committee on Financial Services
11	of the House of Representatives a report that contains—
12	(1) the results of the study required under sub-
13	section (a); and
14	(2) any recommendations for legislative or regu-
15	latory action, or steps to be taken by United States
16	financial institutions, that would address exploitation
17	of the financial system of the United States by for-
18	eign authoritarian regimes.
19	SEC. 5508. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
20	(a) In General.—Subsection (l) of section 310, of
21	title 31, United States Code, as redesignated by section
22	5103(1) of this division, is amended by striking paragraph
23	(1) and inserting the following:

1	"(1) In general.—There are authorized to be
2	appropriated to FinCEN to carry out this section, to
3	remain available until expended—
4	"(A) \$126,000,000 for fiscal year 2020;
5	"(B) $50,000,000$ for fiscal year 2021; and
6	"(C) \$25,000,000 for each of fiscal years
7	2022 through 2025.".
8	(b) Beneficial Ownership Information Report-
9	ING REQUIREMENTS.—Section 5336 of title 31, United
10	States Code, as added by section 5403(a) of this division,
11	is amended by adding at the end the following:
12	"(i) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
13	are authorized to be appropriated to FinCEN for each of
14	the 3 fiscal years beginning on the effective date of the
15	regulations promulgated under subsection (b)(5), such
16	sums as may be necessary to carry out this section, includ-
17	ing allocating funds to the States to pay reasonable costs
18	relating to compliance with the requirements of such sec-
19	tion.".